RS. 166-8
WE buy a
ROYAL WEST-END CYCLE.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.,
52, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

EDITED BY
B. G. HORNIMAN, 1919—19

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY
MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

MOTOR CYCLES.
English made from Rs. 1,100 to Rs. 1,750 Quotations free from
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO.,
52, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

VOL. IX. NO. 8 BOMBAY: MONDAY, JANUARY 10, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE
SAILING TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are requested to be in possession of Pass Ports.

| Date | Steamers. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 | | |
| 4th Jan. | CHINA | 7,989 |
| 8th „ | CALEDONIA† | 7,573 |
| 15th „ | DEVANHA | 8,992 |
| 22nd „ | SICILIA‡ | 8,968 |
| 29th „ | MOREA* | 10,890 |
| 5th Feb. | KAISAR-I-HIND | 11,432 |
| 12th „ | PLASSY‡ | 7,346 |
| 19th „ | MALWA | 10,885 |
| 26th „ | MALDERA* | 15,835 |

(a) "CALEDONIA".—Terminates voyage at Marseilles, but Special Railway Facilities will be arranged in connection with this ship only.
(b) "SICILIA" & "PLASSY".—Through steamers from Far East. Call Bombay to ship only.
(c) "MOREA" & "NALDERA".—Through steamers from Australia. Only have limited accommodation available for passengers from Bombay.
P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN Service is notified that there will be NO Special Trains across France for some considerable time to come.
Dogs.—Under no circumstances can Dogs be conveyed by the Company's passenger carrying steamers.

BRITISH INDIA COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

| Date About | Steamers | Tons. |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 | | |
| 9th Jan. | MASHOBRA | 8,209 |
| 15th „ | ANDALA | 8,246 |
| 2nd Feb. | CHANDA* | 6,169 |
| 12th „ | NEURALIA | 9,082 |

*"CHANDA".—Has accommodation for a limited number of second saloon passengers only.

SAILING TO STRAITS AND CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

| Date About | Steamers. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|
| 1921 | | |
| 31st Jan. | NALDERA | Calls Colombo, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne & Sydney. |
| 28th „ | DUERRA | Calls Colombo Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai. |
| 25th „ | | Calls Colombo Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne & Sydney. |

SAILING TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

| Date About | Steamer. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|
| 29th Dec. | BANDRA | P. Gulf ports via Karachi. |
| 1st Jan. | LHASA | Karachi Direct. |
| 5th „ | CHAKDARA | Gulf direct. |
| 7th „ | KARAPARA | E. & S. Africa. |
| 8th „ | LINGA | Karachi via Kathiawar Coast Ports. |

Terms and Rates of Freight and passage of P. and O. and B. I. sailing may be arranged with

MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

| Steamer. | Commander. | Tons. | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Yamato Maru | K Ando] | 4879 | 4th Jan. | 12th Jan |
| Yokohama Maru No. 3 | M Kojaka | 4646 | 15th Jan | 22nd Jan |
| Rangoon Maru | Y Nakajima | 5050 | 27th Jan. | 5th Feb. |

For freight and passage apply to
H. YAGAMI,
Manager.
Marmaby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Steamer | Captain | arrival | Departure |
|---|---|---|---|
| Indus Maru | R Yano | 15th Jan | 25th Jan |
| Burma Maru | S Kobayashi | 30 „ | 12th Feb |
| Saigon Maru | I Ijichi | 10th Feb | 22nd Feb |
| Yamato Maru | T Watanabe | 15th Feb | 28th Feb |

For Freight and Passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA,
Manager.
Ballard Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S. S. "LOYALTY."
BOMBAY TO SOUTHAMPTON (DIRECT)
NEXT APPROXIMATE SAILING.
25TH JANUARY, 1921.

FARES:—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| First Class "A" | 1,100 |
| First Class "B" | 1,000 |
| First Class "C" | 900 |
| Second Class | 600 |

A reduction of 10 per cent. is made on three or more full fares for families.
No berth will be reserved without payment of a deposit of Rs. 200.
The steamer is provided with wireless telegraphy.
All cabins are fitted with electric light and fans.
The Steamer carries a fully qualified surgeon and stewardesses.
There is no deck accommodation for servants of passengers.
For passages and full particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJI & CO.,
Agents,
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.,
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay
Telephone No. 5354.
Telegrams, "JALANATH," Bombay.

BANKING.

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 70,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... Yen 49,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... Yen 14,280,000
HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay | Kure | San Francisco |
| Bingomachi | Kuruma | Seattle |
| Dotonbori | Kyoto | Semba |
| Hakata | London | Shanghai |
| Hankow | Moji | Shimonoseki |
| Hiroshima | Nagoya | Tokyo |
| Honolulu | Nakanoshima | Toriabursaka |
| Hyogo | New York | Wakamatsu |
| Kawaguchi | Nihama | Yanai |
| Kobe | Onomichi | Yokohama |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and far shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
J. SATO,
Manager.
Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 869.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Capital authorised | 50,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Issued | 21,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Subscribed | 21,00,000 | 0 | 0 |
| Capital Paid-up | 16,65,937 | 8 | 3 |
| Reserve Funds | 15,60,559 | 11 | 8 |

Dividend of the rate of 12 per cent. per annum has been declared, by the Bank in paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Amritsar | Hyderabad | Multan City |
| Bombay | (Sindh) | Montgomery |
| Calcutta | Jullundur | Peshawar City |
| Cawnpore | Jammu | Patiala |
| Delhi | Jhelum City | Quetta |
| D. I. Khan | Karachi | Rawalpindi |
| Ferozepore | Kasur | Sargodha |
| Gujranwalla | Lahore City | Sialkot |
| Gojra | Lyallpur | Srinagar |
| Hapur | Ludhiana | Umballa City |
| Hoshiarpur | | |

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc. of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to:
RUPCHAND KAPUR,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.
The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—
Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent per annum on the minimum balance up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.
Deposits may be made in the name of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.
Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE 6-7, Clive St., Calcutta.
THE NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.
MARTIN & Co., Managing Agent.
INCORPORATED IN INDIA 1907.
Insure under An Endowment Policy
The Company pays all incidental expenses—you pay the premiums—
The Company pays you on maturity or your heirs if death occurs earlier.
NO VEXACIOUS CONDITIONS—A SIMPLE CONTRACT—PROMPT PAYMENT.
For all particulars and forms apply to—
W. ST. JOHN CHURCH, Resident Manager, Calcutta.
G. N. B. Vaz, Branch Secretary, LUTCHA BUILDINGS, 33, APOLLO STREET, Fort, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE
BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 30,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... Yen 45,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... Yen 9,250,000
HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES IN:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| LONDON | YOKOHAMA | KARENKO |
| NEW YORK | MOJI | KEELUNG |
| SHANGHAI | AMOY | MAKUNG * |
| HONGKONG | CANTON | SHITOH |
| SINGAPORE | FOOCHOW * | SHINCHIKU * |
| BATAVIA | HANKOW | TAICHU |
| SEMARANG | KIUKIANG | TAINAN |
| SOURABAYA | SWATOW | TAKOW |
| TOKYO | AKO | TAMSUI * |
| KOBE | GIRAN | TOWEN |
| OSAKA | KAGI | BANGKOK |

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE Business transacted.
E. IHARA,
Manager.
22, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital | £1,500,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | £1,000,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Shareholders | £1,750,000 |
| Reserve Fund | £1,000,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bangkok | Hongkong | Kuala Lumpur |
| Batavia | Howrah | Madras |
| Bombay | (Calcutta) | Mauritius |
| Calcutta | Kandy | New York |
| Colombo | Karachi | Penang |
| Delhi | Kote Bhru | Rangoon |
| Galle | (Kalamtan) | Shanghai |
| | | Singapore |

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest thereon as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

| | |
|---|---|
| Subscribed Capital | Yen 100,000,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | Yen 76,000,000 |
| Reserved Fund | Yen 60,000,000 |

Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta Changchun, Dairen, Fengtien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, San Francisco Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore Surabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon Branches:—
Tainan, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
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Manager.
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Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Kt.
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar-at-Law.
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Lalji Naranji, Esq., J. P. (Mooljee Jetha & Co.) (Ex-officio).
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Sound Security. Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
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Secretary.
WADIA & Co.,
Managing Agents.
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DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency.
306, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
BHARAT INSURANCE CO., LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1896.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Calcutta, Poona, Bangalore Mangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Funds exceed | 33,50,000 |
| Annual Income exceeds | 6,00,000 |
| Claims paid about | 27,00,000 |

Specialities:—Moderate premia, ready advertability, promot payment, female lives insured, etc.
Pushing agents wanted all over India.
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Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
(Bharat Buildings),
Lahore

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DR. KALIDAS MOTIRAM.—RAJKOT.—Kathiawar. (India.)

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HUMMUM STREET FORT. BOMBAY.

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Nervous, weak and excitable people suffer from headache, neuralgia, hysteria, wakefulness and experience over-excitement and worry and anxiety over almost any little cause. A safe and efficient remedy for such conditions to give you rest and strength and to prove a true nerve tonic is Prof. James' Electro Tonic Pearls. Rs. 2-4 per bot. of 40 Pearls, by V. P. P. free.

Anglo-Indian Drug & Chemical Co.

Juma Musjid. BOMBAY

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AWARDED GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS IN INDIA INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS

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**Prof. T. K. Gajjar's other Specialities.**

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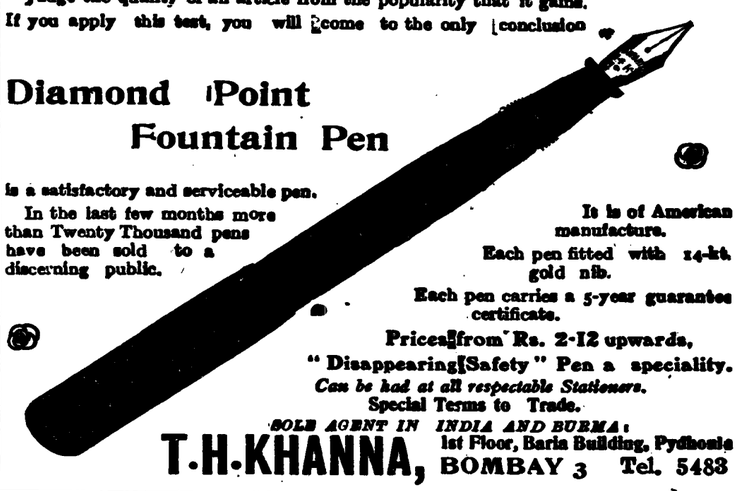
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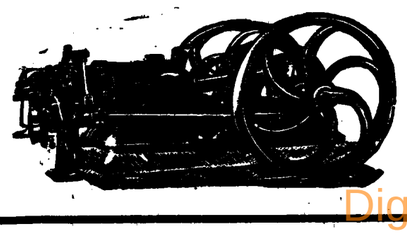
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**IMPERIAL CRUDE OIL ENGINES.**

Low consumption really reliable high efficiency LATEST IMPROVED TYPE.



Also other kinds of machinery such as Grinding mills, Oil mills, pumps of all kinds, Electric Motors and Dynamos upto 230 volts and 100 Amps. Saw benches, Cylinder Oils. Beltings, and all kinds of mill gin stores always in stock.

P. G. MUSKER & CO. 63, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

## Ensign Carburetor

MEANS

## PETROL ECONOMY

NOW'S THE MOTORIST'S OPPORTUNITY

Saving of 50% Petrol Guaranteed by the

ENSIGN CARBURETOR

All sizes available.

Prices and Particulars on Application.

SOLE AGENTS:—

## M. M. H. J. M. CHOTANI,

(HARDWARE DEPOT.)

Dantad Street, Khadak, BOMBAY.

## GANDIV BALM

ANTI RHEUMATISM

PRICE, As. 8 ONLY.

Established 1858.

FOR Headache. Cold and. Rheumatism.

Tele. No. 1954.

*SOLE MAKERS:*

Bhicka Cullianji & Co.

CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,

Shaik Memon Street, BOMBA

## large Sto

Electric Dynamos Motor Pumps, Fans, Insulated and Flexible Wires, Switches, Electroliers, Bracket Pendants, Standards Water Tight Fittings, Metal Filament and Half Watt Lamps of all Voltages and Candle Powers and ALL OTHER ELECTRIC ACCESSORIES

THE INDIAN ENGINEERING Co., 1, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

HAND AND POWER PUMPS LUBRICATING OILS AND OTHER ENGINEERING STORES

POONA BRANCH 289, Main Street, Poona.

Telephone: 1390. 'ORACL.

## YOUR FAMILY FRIEND

We cure all aches and pains and sprains, inflammation cough, cold, cuts bruises, etc by

## AMRUTANJAN

The first-aid family remedy. Costs 10 As. Only.. Get one and keep it handy everywhere.

AMRUTANJAN DEPOT

## Do YOU Pelmanise?

Have you ever properly realised the fact that in your brain you possess the finest money-making machine in the world?

There is practically no limit to the income-earning powers of the mind when it is keyed up to the highest pitch of efficiency of which it is capable.

By training your mind to greater efficiency you can put yourself in the way of earning twice, three times, four times the amount you make at present.

In every profession, business, and occupation there is a demand for men and women with scientifically trained minds.

Over 500,000 men and women have already been trained to greater efficiency by the famous Pelman System, which develops just those qualities of Concentration, Memory, Initiative, Ideation, Self-Confidence, and Administrative Power which are in the greatest demand to-day.

*Write to-day to*—

THE PELMANOMETER




Over 100,000 British and Dominion Officers and Men have studied the Course, including 150 Admirals and Generals.

By training your mind on the Pelman System you can do better work (and better paid work) with infinitely less effort.

A Course of Pelman Training is the finest of all mental exercises. It develops your mind as physical training develops your muscles. It is most fascinating to follow and takes up very little time. It is taught by post and can be followed anywhere.

## The Pelman Institute

B, Rr CHAWPASENY SEA FACE, BOMBAY.



Every satisfaction seeking guaranteed

Booklet free on request

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO, Near Cinema GIRGAUM.

## S. A. S.

With apologies to the post of "EXCELSIOR."

The shades of night were falling fast
As through an Indian village passed
A youth who bore 'mid doleful cries
A bottle with the strange device,
"S. A. S"

A forehead high, bright eyes beneath
Both confidence in mankind breathe
And like a silver clarion rung
The accents of a foreign tongue,
"S. A. S"

In homes forlorn he saw no light
Of household fires that once were bright
At every door he heard a moan
But one reply he gave each groan,
"S. A. S"

"Oh for a charm!" an old man said,
"Death hovers o'er my daughter's head,
For Fever's jaws are gaping wide."
To which the youthful voice replied,
"S. A. S"

"My child," the mother said, "do rest
Thy feverish head upon my breast."
The maiden while the youth did spy
And took the bottle with a sigh,
"S. A. S"

"Beware, O child, thy withered frame!
Beware," said Doubt, "a wizard's game!
Or bid thy parents last good-night."
"Try," cried Faith from heaven's height,
"S. A. S"

At break of day all in a band
The [illegible] of this fever-land
Out [illegible] prayer
Heard on [illegible] the playful air,
"S. A. S"

A damsel by a rippling fount
Her garden fence did early mount
While in her hand she held, the dame,
The bottle with that loved name,
"S. A. S"

There with the golden beams of day
She mingled the music of her lay
And still in climes both nigh and far
These words drop like a falling star.
"S. A. S"

SQUIRB'S AGUE SPECIFIC CURES ALL FEVERS.

SOLD ALL OVER INDIA.

Proprietors:—

MADON, SONS & Co.

CRAWFORD MARKET BOMBAY.

## H. N. MISTRY & Co.

Always large stock on hand of

White Carrara Marble Tiles and Slabs Real Belgium Black Marble Tiles and colour

English White Glazed Tiles and flooring tiles, etc.

Old Custom House Road, Circle, BOMBAY.

Tel. Add.:—SATSANG.

Telep. No. 3741.

## BOMBAY WASHING Co.

MILITARY SQUARE

Opposite Watson's Hotel, Fort.

*Pioneer Cleaners*

35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Beware of real dry cleaning without aid of water. Fabs cleaned within two hours. Suits and Dresses within six hours, charge extra enough white flannels.

## KATOL

The best insecticide Ans. 11 per Tin.

JAPAN INSECT POWDER CO.

Princess Street, Bombay.

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## TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

THE "EMPIRE" is a BRITISH-MADE TYPEWRITER. Hence efficiency combined with durability. Sole Agents, CITY SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING STUDIO, 281, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

## EDUCATIONAL.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.—A new batch of students wishing to be prepared for Specialised Banking or General Commerce Courses for examination in 1922, is being enrolled. Apply immediately. 80, Esplanade Road. 7489

## MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SCIENTIFIC ASTROLOGICAL ADVICE—Write to K. P. MUTHUSWAMY TIRUKOILUR, South India, with particulars regarding place, date and time of writing letter. Fee one rupee per query in advance. One query at a time. 7595

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Two COMPOUNDERS. Apply to TREACHER & Co., Fort, Bombay. 7551

WANTED—A good TYPIST, having knowledge of Mill Stores. Pay Rs. 70. Apply to Box No. 1636, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7535

WANTED—A SHORTHAND TYPIST, Smart in English, Apply personally to Messrs. FRENCH MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., New Queen's Road. 7582

WANTED.—An UNDERGRADUATE TEACHER for the Premier High School. Apply personally to the PRINCIPAL, Princess Street, Bombay. 7580

WANTED—Experienced ACCOUNTANT, capable to draw Balance Sheets and P. L. accounts for Mill's office, Bombay. Apply Box No. 1649, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7593

WANTED—Two experienced SURVEYORS for works, outside Bombay. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to the CIVIL ENGINEER-IN-CHARGE, Receiving Station, The Andhra Valley P. S. Co., Ltd., Dharavi, Bombay. 7473

WANTED.—An experienced CLERK knowing office routine with good handwriting. One who can also type preferred. A good salary to a really competent man. Only experienced need apply Box No. 1635, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7531

WANTED—Two EXPERT TYPISTS for immediate service, those with experience of Solicitors Office and working on Oliver Machines preferred. Good Salary to an educated and really useful man. Apply Messrs. LITTLE & Co., Solicitors, Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Bombay. 7502

WANTED.—Two SURVEYORS, experienced in underground tunnel surveying works. Good pay to really experienced men. Apply with testimonials to the CIVIL ENGINEER-IN-CHARGE, Receiving Station. The Andhra Valley P. S. Co., Ltd., Dharavi, Bombay. 7472

WANTED.—An educated and a bright respectable Young man as AGENCY INSPECTOR on a monthly salary of Rs. 125 and a bonus on satisfactory results. Good future prospects. Apply with copies of testimonials before the 10th instant. Manager, Bombay Branch, Hindustan Co-operative Insurance Society Ld. 40, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. 7492

WANTED—For the Medical Department, of a first class state in Kathiawar, a FEMALE SUB-ASSISTNAT SURGEON, Pay Rs. 75-5-2-95 The Services are pensionable and leave, etc., according to State Rules almost like Civil Service Regulations. Apply stating age, nationality, qualifications and previous services, if any, with copies of testimonials to Box 1645, Advt. Dept. "Bmbay Chronicle." 7541

DRAUGHTSMEN—Wanted immediately two DRAUGHTSMEN. Must be quick and accurate and accustomed to preparing designs and details from rough sketches, plotting and computing. Only experienced men need apply. Good salaries to the right men. Written applications only, in the first instance to E. N. LYON, Esq., Assistant Engineer. Indian Construction Syndicate Limited. 1, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay. 7583

WANTED—Competent and Hindi knowing teachers (trained preferred) to teach Commerce, Geography (especially commercial geography), drawing, drill and Hindi. Commerce teachers should hold some certificate or diploma from some University or recognised institution. Apply at once stating experience, age and minimum salary expected to the PRINCIPAL, Shree Vishuddhananda Saraswati Vidyalaya, 134, Machua Bazar Street, Calcutta. 7601

BHAVNAGAR STATE RAILWAY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT—Wanted a qualified and experienced SUB-ASSISTANT Surgeon for a permanent post in this Department. Starting pay Rs. 55 per mensem with future prospects, provident fund institution benefits, free quarters, and travelling allowance as per Civil Service Regulations. Apply sharp stating qualifications, age, previous experience and copies of testimonials to S. J. ALVAREZ, Chief Medical Officer, Bhavnagar State Railway. 7584

WANTED.—An able and experienced MANAGER and ENGINEER who have duly qualified themselves by working on such a post in any factory of brass, copper, aluminium and German-Silver works, as a factory of this kind is shortly to be started in Ratlam. Their salaries will be according to qualifications. Intending candidates should send their applications with necessary particulars and certificates, before the 15th of January, 1921, to the MANAGING AGENTS, The Ratlam INDUSTRIALS, LTD., Ratlam, (C. I.). 7504

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Capable Marathi knowing TEACHERS, for a local National High School. Please apply to Box No. 1647, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 7564

WANTED.—A GRADUATE for the Birla High School, Dhandhuka, one with Persian and Science preferred. Apply, stating terms, to the CHAIRMAN. 7539

WANTED—A competant CLERK, thoroughly conversant with fire Insurance work, to join immediately. Apply to Box No. 1634, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 7518

WANTED—A GRADUATE, experienced in Commercial line preferred. See personally SURAJMAL LALLUBHAI, Sea Face, Rahimtulla Sea View, Chowpatty. 7461

WANTED.—A First Class qualified ENGINEER (Steam Plant) for a local Mill in Bombay. Man with long experience need only apply. Apply to Box No. 1643, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7565

WANTED—A DOCTOR, L. M. S. or M.B. for a hospital at Fatehpur in Rajputana. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials, if any, stating age and least salary acceptable to HARDAYAL NEVATIA, 322, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 7556

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

HIGH CLASS OIL-PAINTING DRAWING on cloth and canvas, etc. Tuitions wanted. Please apply Box No. 1640, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7555

ENERGETIC Young honest man experienced in general office routine, well up in accounts, typewriting and correspondence. Seeks an employment during spare hours either morning or evening—Canvassing no objection. Write to Box No. 1647, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7578

## WANTED.

WANTED.—AGENTS on pay and commission, in spare or whole time every where. Enclose stamps. Prof. S. N. MOPRA, Delhi 8. 741

WANTED.—SHAPING, PLAINING and WHEEL CUTTING MACHINES. Write with specifications to The TOOLSIDAS TEJPAL MILLS, LTD., 72, Apollo Street, Fort. 7438

WANTED TO BUY—A BUNGLAW at Matheran from Rs. 15,000 to 40,000. Best locality. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 1639, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 7537

WANTED TO BUY a BUNGALOW, either at Cumballa Hill, Malabar Hill, Neapean Sea Road or Altamount Road between 1½ and 3 Lacs. Apply with particulars to Box No. 1620, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7444

WANTED—LABOUR CONTRACT for building Construction by an Experienced Contractor with thorough contract of labour. Please address replies to Box No. 1628 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 7462

WANTED—An 'OIL MILL' to press ten tons of seeds a day—second-hand or new. Apply with plants and estimates for terms and conditions, to:—TRAMBAKLAL T. DONGLI, The Kalol Castor Oil and Ind. Works Ld., Krishna Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay. 7562

WANTED—MERCHANTS to know that chairs and benches of the Nagpur Congress, are for sale by auction on 12th January, 1921. They are so well built and strong that there was hardly one per cent. breakage. B. S. MOONJE, General Secretary, Congress Office, Nagpur, C. P., 1st January, 1921. 7471

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—12 Asa Lees ROLLER CARDS in wirking order. Apply for particulars to THE BOMBAY INDUSTRIAL MILLS CO., LTD., 72, Apollo Street, Fort. 7443

FOR SALE.—Spinning and Weaving COTTON WASTE of various qualities. Apply with firm offers and particulars of the qualities required to the BINOD MILLS CO., LTD.' Ujjain. 7312

FOR SALE.—ARTISTIC MAHOGANY-Stained FURNITURE for Drawing and Dining Rooms, made by Wimbridge and Benjamin; also Crystal Electric CHANDALIERS. Inspection arranged on phoning Nos. 135 or 4812. 7519

IMMEDIATELY FOR SALE.—A STUDE BAKER MOTOR CAR with Seven Seated, newly painted, etc., at the cheapest price. Apply to Mr. CHOLHANI, c/o D. S. S. Pleader, Picket Road, Kalbadevi, Bombay No. 2. 7577

FOR SALE—A DURBAR AUTO-KNITTER (British Make), 84 by 4½ in., quite new, with all the accessories and the instruction book for Rs. 200 only. Woollen Yarns at Rs. 5 per lb. Apply to MIR MOHAMED ALI, 1735, Malcolm Tank Road, Camp Poona. 7599

FOR SALE.—15,000 Ring Spindles with Preparatory Machines. All New. First Class British Make. Expected to arrive before the end of the present year. For price and other particulars apply to Box No. 1623, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7455

FOR SALE.—Brand New Heavy type Bone Mill, Cart Weighing Machines, Centrifugal and Worthington Pumps of all sizes, Hydraulic Pumping Engine, Electric Motors, Compound Steam Engines, and Lancashire Boilers. Apply ENGINEER AND CO. Pydhowni, Bombay 3. 7571

AN INDISPENSABLE AND AUTHORITATIVE GUIDE. Officially sanctioned for the Dispensaries and Libraries of the Baroda State. Just published in Gujerati. "Social Diseases, Genito-Urinary and Venereal Diseases and Sexology." By Dr. Kaikhosru K. Dadachanji, Consulting Surgeo Specialist. The Genito-Urinary, Skin an Surgical Hospital, Corner Grant Road, Bombay. 450 pages, 34 illustrations. Price Rs. 4. Obtainable from (1) "KAISER-I-HIND" Paper Printing Works, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, whence V.-P.'s are despatche to Rs. 4-5 (2) S. GOVIND & CO., Sandhurst Road. 4900

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—BABY GRAND EBONY PIANO. Maker:—Rud. Ibach and Sahn. As good as new. In perfect condition. For inspection, phone No. 4812 or 135. 7520

FOR SALE—One Brand new Crow Elkhart Car, fully equipped. Suitable for Taxi or private use. Price moderate. Apply Box No. 1638, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7529

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—30,000 Books, Magazines, etc. New Old and Rare (Scientific Technical and Literary). No Lists. Enquire, mentioning Books you want, to Box No. 1648, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 7581

## TO BE LET.

TO LET—MOTOR GARAGE, near Khoja Durga, Sandhurst Road. Apply SINGLE CO., 68, Medows Street. Telephone No. 4194. 7528

A TWO-STORIED NEW BUILDING at the corner of Haines Road and Byculla Station for hire or contract for High Class Hindoos. See RAJANBHAI MEHERALLY, Khadak. 7236

PANCHGUNI.—TO LET from 1st January six room BUNGALOW, conveniently situated, rent Rs. 900. Apply Mrs. HARPER, Rock side. 4866

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913-14.

IN the matter of the AMBAJI TARANGA LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY, LTD. (In Voluntary Liquidation).

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFED that a meeting of the creditors of the above named company will be held on MONDAY, the 31st instant at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.), in the Company's Office 4, Bruce Lane, Fort, Bombay.

G. K. DALAL, Liquidator.

The Ambaji Taranga Light Raily Co., Ltd. In Voluntary Liquidation.

Bombay, 7th January, 1921. 7585

### NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Undersigned at the Municipal Office up to 4 p.m. on MONDAY, the 17th January, 1921, for the supply of Road metal about 40,000 cft. and Gada about 6,000 cft.

Tender forms and any information re. the above materials can be had in the Municipal Engineer's Office, between 3 and 5 p.m., on any office day.

K. G. GUNJIKAR, B.A., Chief Officer, Bandra Municipality. 7586

## FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khanki Rubble, Corner Stones, Metal Header, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agave Fibre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50, Medows Street, Fort. 7149

## CANADA TO INDIA AND JAVA PORTS

A DIRECT MONTHLY SERVICE from Canada to India and Java has been inaugurated by Messrs. Elderman and Buckhall Steamship Co., Ltd., Steamers will sail from Montreal to Port Said, Port Sudan, Aden Bombay; Colombo Singapore Batavia and other Java ports as inducement offers.

Cargo will also be taken by transhipment for Karachi Madras and Calcutta.

Rate of freight will be about the same as is charged from New York.

The following steamers will be loading at Montreal for India and the Far East.

S. S. "Swasf" September.

S. S. "City of Melbourne"" October.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

Messrs. W. & A. GRAHAM & CO. Parsi Bazar Street, Bombay.

## NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

| Steamer. | Tons. | Sailing about |
|---|---|---|
| Boyne | 6,500 | 26th Jan., 192 |
| Canadian Conqueror | 5,500 | 20th Feb., 192 |
| Treven | | 15th April, 192 |

For particulars of freight, etc., apply Messrs. MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO Agents. 5866

## NOTICE.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December, last, at the rate of 15 per cent. per annum and a bonus of 7 per cent. both free from Income Tax, will be paid on application on and after MONDAY, the 10th instant to registered shareholders on 31st December 1920.

By order of the Board, E. AITKEN., Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 3rd January, 1921. 7447

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MESSRS. The INDIAN ENGINEERING CO., Mechanical and Electrical Engineers and Steel Merchants, beg to inform their various Customers hereby, as well as the public that their Offices have now been temporarily removed to No. 16, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay. All communications to them should be accordingly addressed.

8th January, 1921. 7545

### NOTICE.

WE beg to give notice that Mr. CHARLES OWEN COTON, A.C.A., has been admitted as a partner in our firm as from the first day of January, 1921.

FORD, RHODES & PARKS, Chartered Accountants, 121, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 7538

### TO BE SUBLET.

A Double storied bungalow, suitable for occupation on H. R. H. the Duke's visit from 28th January to 27th February, 1921. Four rooms on each floor with separate Kitchen and motor garage etc., situated on the Metcalf-Houde Road Civil Lines Delhi. For Particulars apply sharp either in writing or personally to:—

Messrs. PEAREYLAL & SONS. Automobile Engineers. Kashmere Gate, Delhi. 7548

### FOR SALE.

VERY Good cotton wastes of different varieties worth about Rs. 50,000 Ready. Offers and Quotations solicited by.

THE MANAGER, Tinnevelly Textiles, Ltd. Kollpati, S. I Ry. 7492

### WANTED.

AN OIL ENGINE of 10 or 12 horse-power and a Centrifugal Pump 4" suction and 3" Delivery. Preference will be given to new machines.

Inform maker, size and price, etc.

CHAIRMAN, Municipal Committee, Khamgaon. 7487

### NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited before 31st January, 1921, for the contract of the distillation of country liquor for consumption in the Idar State for the year 1920-21. For conditions and further particulars regarding the contract, apply to:—

THE MAHARAJA KUMAR, Idar State, Himatnagar (A. P. Ry.) 7418

### BUILDING SITES POONA.

KOREGAON ROAD DEVELOPMENT SCHEME.

THE UNDERSIGNED will sell by auction plots Nos. 28 and 57 to 78 from the Poona Suburban Development area on the Koregaon Road at the Collector's Kacheri, Poona, at 12 noon on MONDAY, January 31st, 1921. Each plot measures about 1½ acres, and will be sold to the highest bidder as a building site, subject to an annual assessment of 6 pies per square yard for 50 years, at the end of which period the assessment will be subject to revision. Only one bungalow will be allowed on each site and all building plans will have to receive the Collector's approval. The area is about to be included in the Poona Suburban Municipality, fine roads are already being constructed and arrangements for water supply will be made as soon as possible.

A plan of the whole layout of the area can be obtained on application to the Collector's Office.

Government reserved the right to refuse the highest or any bid.

For any further information application may be made to the Collector.

W. F. HUDSON, Collector of Poona.

Camp Uruli, 5th January, 1921. 7542

### SUGAR TRANSACTIONS.

WITH reference to the advertisement appearing in to-day's issue of the "Times of India" published under the signature of Messrs. Payne and Company, Attorneys for Messrs. HAJI SAKOOR GANI, we are instructed by our clients Messrs. WADILAL PURSHOTTAMDAS AND CO., to state that they adhere to the statements appeared in the issue of the "Times of India" of the 6th instant to the effect that our clients are not defaulting purchasers as alleged in as much as the said Messrs. Haji Sakoor Gani failed to prove the shipment with respect to 500 tons of Java Sugar and that they also failed to give delivery of the said goods against the tender made by our clients in respect of the said 500 tons. It is to be further stated that the Delivery of 175 tons. of sugar was offered to be taken by our clients relying upon the assurances of the said Messrs. Haji Sackoor Gani that the shipment of the said 175 tons. was contract shipment, that they would satisfy our clients thereafter as to the shipment thereof and that if the said shipment was discovered to be the shipment other than the contract shipment they would indemnify our clients against all consequences thereof. Subsequently it was found that the shipment of the said 175 tons. was not the contract shipment and that their assurance that the said shipment was the contract shipment was false. Sufficient correspondence have passed between the Attorneys of the parties on the subject. It is therefore notified that our clients Messrs. Wadilal Pursbottamdas and Co., have nothing to do with the advertisement of sale by auction of 500 tons. at the instance of Messrs. Haji Sackoor Gani through Messrs. Gandhi and Co.

Dated this 7th day of January, 1921.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS Attorneys for Messrs. Wadilal Purshotamdas and Co.

Nanabhoy's Lane Fort, Bombay. 7575

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited and will be received up to 20th instant, for the work of the building on plot No. 33, Ballard Estate, Bombay Port Trust, for the Asian Commercial Assurance Company, Limited.

The lowest or any Tender need not necessarily be accepted.

For plans and other particulars apply to Messrs. A. L. COLACO & CO., Architects, 375, Hornby Road, or The Asian Commercial Assurance Company, Limited, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. PADAMSEY & Co. 2528 Secretaries.

### THE TOOLSIDAS TEJPAL MILLS, LTD.

FINAL NOTICE.

PURSUANT to the resolution of the Board of Directors of the above Company passed at their Meeting held on the 16th day of December 1920. The Final Notice is hereby given to those shareholders who have not sent in their allotment moneys in respect of number of shares standing in their names in the Company's Register to pay the same on or before the 10th of January 1920 and in Case of their non-payment within due date their shares will be forfeited.

By order of the Board of Directors, CHHOTALAL JAGJIWAN & CO. Agents.

Dated, 21st December, 1920.

72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. 7254

### FOR SALE.

PORT TRUST AUDIT OFFICE, NICOL ROAD.

OFFERS are invited for certain temporary buildings on Terrace Roof at above.

The buildings to be demolished, the materials taken away by the purchasers and the ground to be cleared to the satisfaction of the Engineer in charge within 21 days from the date of acceptance of offer.

In addition to the value of the buildings offered the accepted tenderer will have to deposit Rs. 500 as security for the due performance of the work. This security will be refunded after the work has been done to the satisfaction of the Engineer in charge.

Buildings will be pointed out by the Engineer in charge on the Site on 12th instant at 11 a.m. Intending purchasers are, therefore, requested to be present at the place at above date and time.

The offers should be sent to the Deputy Assistant Director of Military Works, Marine Lines, Bombay, not later than the 15th instast.

A. I. JAMESON, for, Lieut.-Colonel, R. E., Deputy Assistant Director of Works, Bombay District. 7523

### FOR SALE.

WADI BUNDER CAMP.

OFFERS are invited for certain temporary buildings at above.

The buildings to be demolished, the materials taken away by the purchasers and the ground to be cleared to the satisfaction of the Engineer in charge within two months from the date of acceptanse of offer.

In addition to the value of the buildings offered, the accepted tenderer will have to deposit Rs. 2,000 as security for the due performance of the work. The amount of security will be refunded after the work has been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer in charge.

The buildings will be pointed out by the Engineer in charge on the site on the 13th instant at 11 a.m., Intending purchasers are, therefore, requested to be present of the place at above date and time.

Offers should be sent to the Deputy Assistant Director of Military Works, Marine Lines, Bombay, not later than the 16th instant.

A. I. JAMESON. for Lieut-Colonel, R. E., Deputy Assistant Director of Works, Bombay District. 7522

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ENHANCEMENT OF RATES FOR PUBLIC COAL, COKE AND PATENT FUEL

WITH effect from 1st April, 1921, Coal Coke and Patent fuel in full wagon loads, at owner's risk, loading and unloading being done by owners, booked on public account from any station to any station on the East Indian Railway and etc will be charged at the following scale of rates, both in local and through booking:—

| | Pies per md per mile |
|---|---|
| For all distances up to 200 miles inclusive | 0.15 |
| Plus for any distance in excess of 200 miles and up to 300 miles inclusive | 0 12 |
| Plus for any distance in excess of 300 miles and up to 700 miles inclusive | 0.07 |
| Plus for any distance in excess of 700 miles | 0.06 |

2. The above scale is exclusive of the East Indian Railway terminal charge of Re. 0-2-0 per ton, which will be levied in addition.

3. Public Coal, Coke and Patent fuel booked to stations on Foreign Railways, which have adopted the above scale, will be charged at this scale on the actual through distance from start to destination and all terminals, transhipment and other extra charges due, will be levied in addition. Public Coal, Coke and Patent fuel booked to stations on the Foreign Railways, which have not adopted the above scale, will be charged over the East Indian Railway at the above scale from the booking station up to the Junctions with such railways and the charges for the remaining distance will be levied as per the Tariffs of the Foreign Railways in force from time to time.

C. D. M. HINDLEY, Agent, E. I. Ry.

Calcutta, 7th December, 1920. 6999

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay upto 1 p.m., (B.T.), on MONDAY, the 24th January, 1921, for the supply of stationery and drawing and surveying materials during the year 1921-1922.

Printed forms of tenders and conditions of contract can be had free of charge at the office of the Municipal Commissioner who will on application give any further information that may be required.

No tender not accompanied by samples of approved quality will be considered.

H. B. CLAYTON. Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 5th January, 1921. 7588

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED that during the period 25th January to 5th February 1921 both days inclusive, the booking of all consignments of goods traffic in "Smalls" to Delhi and Kingsway except consignment of edibles, grain, fodder and tank equipage, will be entirely stopped.

Intending despatchers should make their arrangements accordingly.

By order, P. C. SHERIDAN. General Traffic Manager.

No. 1. Calcutta, 5th January, 1921. 7589

### WANTED

WANTED—A whole-time and qualified person to do the Secretary's work of the Indian Mining Federation. Salary according to qualification, good prospects for really qualified and competent person. Apply before 31st January, 1921, to the VICE-CHAIRMAN, Indian Mining Federation, 233, Old Chinabazar Street, Calcutta. 7582

### SALE OF SURPLUS STOCK OF TINNED MEAT.

1. Five hundred (500) tons of preserved meat surplus to requirements are offered for sale to the highest bidder.
2. Tenders for the above should be submitted to the under-mentioned officer, from whom samples can be obtained:—
The Assistant Director of S. and T. (Embarkation), Bombay.
3. Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of 10 per cent. of the value of the quantity tendered for.
4. No tender offering less than eight annas per lb., or for a smaller quantity than one ton will be considered.
5. The right to decline any or all the tenders is reserved.
6. The whole of the 500 tons preserved meat is at Bombay. 7590

### NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Executive Health Officer in the Aden Settlement. Candidates must hold a Diploma in Public Health and have had experience in Sanitary work. Salary Rs. 800-50-1000 per mensem. Selected candidate will be required to sign a form of agreement for a period of five years.

Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned not later than the 31st January 1921.

H. MELHUISH, D.P.H., Lieut.-Colonel, I.M.S., Acting Sanitary Commissioner for the Government of Bombay.

Poona, 8th January, 1921. 7586

## LEGAL NOTICE.

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of THAKAR KHETSEY LILADHAR, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu, an Estate Broker, residing at Vadgadi, outside the Fort, Bombay ..... Deceased.

(1) CHATURBHUJ KANJI, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Merchant and Commission Agent, residing at Vadgadi, outside the Fort, Bombay; and (2) PURSHOTAM LUDHA, also of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Merchant and Commission Agent, residing at Mandvi, outside the Fort, Bombay, Executors named in the Will of the deceased abovenamed ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grand of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twentieth day of December in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty, and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL, Ag. Registrar.

W. J. HOWARD.

The 20th day of December, 1920.

Messrs. RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS & CO., Attorneys for Petitioners. 7594

## LEGAL NOTICE.

### NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. LEOPOLD D'SILVA has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim, or demand into or upon the said property or any part or parts thereof either by way of mortgage, charge, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, bequest, lease, lien, partnership or otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 109, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that 1 share in the piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage or a pucca built bungalow or dwelling house standing thereon and outbuilding yards and garden thereto belonging, situate at Bhandarwada Road at Lower Mahim, in the Registration and Sub-district of Bombay and Registered in the Collectors books under Old No. 331, New No. 4056, Old Survey No. 413, New Survey No. 1/1778 and bearing Municipal Assessor and Collectors Ward G Nos. 2737 and 2738 (1) and Street Bhandarwada Road Nos. 202 and 203 and admeasuring 1872 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—on or towards the North by the Portuguese Church Street, on or towards the East by the property of the Church of N. S. De Salvacao on or towards the South by the property of the late C. D. Nunes and on or towards the West by the Parbhadevi Road.

Dated this 7th day of January, 1921.

DAPHTARY FERREIRA & DIVAN,
Purchasers Attorneys.
7587

### NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GOOLAM MOHIDINKHAN HASANKHAN and MAZHARKHAN HASANKHAN, both of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitants have contracted to sell to my client Mr. SHAIKH ESMAIL SHAIKH HOOSEIN, also of Bombay, Mahmedan inhabitant, free from all incumbrances and claims the undermentioned property situate at Huzria Street, outside the Fort, of Bombay. All persons having any claim to or claiming any right, title, or interest in the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, possession, gift, lien, lease, trust, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at Picket Road, Kalbadevi, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or claims, if any, and the same if any shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground Rent land or ground situate, lying and being at Huzria Street, without the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement ninety-two square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1296, New No. 8461, Old Survey No. 2/2381 and New Survey No. 3837 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E. Ward No. 181 Street Nos. 27-29 and which said premises are bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by the Sweepers passage, on or towards the West by the said Huzria Street, on or towards the North by the property of Ladha Visram and on or towards the South by the property of Amtullakhan.

Dated at Bombay this 7th day of Jan., 1921.

CHHOTALAL JEKISONDAS,
Purchaser's Vakil.
7590

### NOTICE.

OUR CLIENT Mr. CHHOTALAL KASTURCHAND, who is doing business in piece goods in Partnership with Narandas Mathuradas and another in the nam of Chhotalal Kasturchand and Co., has resolved not to do any further new business in piece goods either by way of purchase or otherwise.

The public are therefore warned against entering into any further ne business with Narandas Mathuradas in the name of the said firm Chhotalal Kasturchand and Co., without obtaining the express consent in writing of our client Chhotalal Kasturchand.

Any person doing business with the said Narandas Mathurdas in the name of the said firm of Chhotalal Kasturchand and Co.. will do so at his own risk.

N. C. DALAL & CO.,
Attorneys for Chhotalal Kasturchand.
1. Ash Lane, Bombay.
6th January, 1921.
7493

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of BAI GULAB, wife of Venilal Tapidas, late of Bombay, Bania Hindu Inhabitant ..... Deceased.

HIRALAL VENILAL, of Bombay, Hindu, Broker, residing at Girgaum Back Road, outside the Fort, Bombay, the Executor named in the Will of the deceased abovenamed ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this seventeenth day of December in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty, and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Acting Registrar.
W. J. HOWARD.

The 18th day of December, 1920.

Messrs. RAGHAVAYYA NAGINDAS & CO.,
Attorneys for Petitioner.
7396

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS
BOMBAY.
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 521.

IMPORTANT TO SHIP-CHANDLERS.

AUCTION SALE of the insolvents Hardwares

Under instructions from Kenneth McI. Kemp, Esqr., the Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the estate and effects of Khadoori Ibrahim Hilali, an Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY the 11th January 1921, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Insolvents shop at Ripon Road near Kamp and Co., and the Parsi Statue, the following:

Cast iron boblin callars, steel spindles, wooden shuttles for looms, drop motion balls and hooks, loom combs, lathes, reeling machines, wooden patterns assorted, loom dobbies (brand new) etc., etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent., will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY SALE.

TO-DAY AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE of Artistic Household, and Office Furnitures, Phonegraphs with Records Clarifier Machines, Wearing Apparels, Allumfnium kitchin utensil, cloth pieces Sundry Articles, etc.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th January, 1921 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Household and Office Furnitures, such as, Drawing Room suites of sofas and chairs, armed and armless chairs, mirror-door cupboards, writing and dressing tables, fancy teapoys, sideboards, fancy cupboards, bookstands, etc.

By the order of H. C. B. Mitchell Esq., the Administrator-General of Bombay and the Administrators of the estates and effects of the following:—

Estate of late Mr. Edmund Bruno Pereira:—Iron safe, cupboard, copying press, tables, chairs, Remington Typewriter, Sponges, canvas sample oil bottles, etc.

1 Bale Red Sea Spongs and 1 Box steel nibs.

Estate of late Mrs. Adella Blow:—Travelling trunks, hat boxes, towels, pillow cases, blankets, handkerchiefs, sheets table cloth, wearing apparels etc.

Estate of late Capt. F. V. Devonshire:—1 nickle sword with scabbard.

By order of the Postmaster-General of Bombay:—Dead letter goods such as woolen and cotton clothes, patterns, boots and shoes, Post card, Post stamps, watches, books, silver jewelleries etc.

Property of Late Mr. R. Kennedy:—Artistic household furniture comprising drawing room, Dining Room Furnitures, etc.

By order of Insurance Co. concerned:—Slightly damaged goods as under:—

7 Bosch Magnetoes Z.U. 4.
100 Jacks.
207 Tyre levers.

By order of Messrs. Ralli Bros.:—1 lot unwashed and white dhoties of different sizes.

By order of the Office Concerned, 5 pieces All wool yellow Broad cloth.

By order of office concerned:—"Tharples" Super Clarifier Machine.
Steel Boot Moulds paperfiles cash boxes, etc.
All sorts of Alfumiaium new kitchen utensils.
New phone Records and horns.
Bicycles, Horses and Carriages, etc., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.).

SALE TO-DAY.

AUCTION SALE ON MONDAY THE 10TH JANUARY 1921 AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 10th January 1921 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the furnitures of Late Mr. R. Kennedy Director of Messrs. Marcks and Co. Ld., such as household furniture comprising, drawing room, dining room, bed room, dressing room furnitures, etc.

Bombay, 8th January, 1921.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th January, 1921.

### MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
(2), Medows Street, Fort, Bombay).

AUCTION SALE OF GINNING AND PRESSING FACTORY, situate near Chincni Station, Belgaum Zilla, Kolapur Elaka, on Southern Maharatta Railway Line. SALE on MONDAY, the 17th January, 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Auctioneers' Sale Room, No. 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will by order of Thaker. Ratansey Dossa and on account and at the risk of Thaker Gordhan Thakersey of Ghatkopur the defaulting purchaser, sell by Public Auction, the following mentioned Ginning and Pressing Factory at their Sale Room on the abovementioned day and time.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground admeasuring about 8 acres and 7 ghuntha, situate, near the Chincholi station of Belgaum Zilla, Kolapur Elaka, on the Southern Maharatta Railway, the ground rent payable to the Government is Rs. 2-8-0 yearly together with machinery house, buildings or chawls, store room, boiler room, well, etc., standing thereon and together with 12 double Roller Gins, Shafting, Pulleys, Engine, Boiler one Press and their machinery, tools, fixture implements, utensils and other mechanicle things used in connection with the said Factory.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of the Undersigned.

The Factory is open for inspection to the intending buyers.

AUCTION SALE OF THE FACTORY, known as Shipra Ginning and Pressing Factory, situate at the Shipra Village. Moje Alipur, in the State of Diwas Junior on Indore Railway Station.

SALE on MONDAY, the 10th January, 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Auctioneers' Sale Room, No. 21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, by order of the owners to dissolve their partnership, sell by Public Auction, the following Ginning and Pressing Factory at their Sale Room on the abovementioned day and time.

All that piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground now converted into the Freehold land admeasuring about 7 to 8 Vingha situate near Shipra Village, Moje Alipur, State of Diwas Junior, near the Shipra River on Bombay and Agra Road and on the Indore Station together with machinery, house and other building or structure with engine, boiler, machinery, tools, fixture, impliments, machinery and other mechanical things belonging to and now used in connection with the said Factory.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of the Undersigned.

The Factory is open for inspection of the intending buyers.

SORABJI COWASJI & CO.
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th January, 1921.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF WASTES.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 10th January, 1921 at 2.30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, in the compound of the Colaba Land and Mills Co., Ltd., and by order of Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co., Ltd., Agents and Managers of the Colaba Land and Mills Co., Ltd., and on account and risk of Messrs. Kishanchand Bhaichand and Co., entering into a contract dated 31st day of August 1920 with the said Colaba Land and Mills Co., Ltd. who have failed to fulfil the said contract the following wastes:—

Card Fly No. 2 about 40 candies.
Oily Fly about 17 candies.
Oily Cotton bonds cleaned about 10 candies.
Oily Cotton ends about 1 candy.
Blanket ends grey about 5 candies.
Oily Hard Waste No. 1 about 40 cwts.
Oily Hard Waste No. 2 about 60 cwts.
Oily Hard Waste No. 3 about 50 cwts.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE FLOUR MILLS, known as "Nevetia Flour Mills, Ltd.", in Liquidation, situate at Mahim, near the B. B. and C. I. Railway, Mahim Railway Station.

Under instructions from J. R. Patel, Esq., the Liquidator of the above Mills, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will THIS DAY MONDAY the 10th January at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 22, Apollo Street, Fort, the whole of the Mills, building, machinery, plants, motors, electric light installation, pulleys, spare parts, etc., together with the leasehold land containing about 17,096 square yards or thereabouts.

There is a railway siding laid by the B. B. & C. I. Rly Co. into the mill the benefit of which will also be given to the purchaser.

The Mill is worked through Tata Hydro-Electric Company's Electric Power.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Patel and Ezekiel, Solicitors to the Liquidator, or to the undersigned.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

AUCTION SALE OF IRON AND STEEL SHEETS.

Under instructions from the office concerned Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will TOMORROW TUESDAY, the 11th day of January 1921 sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) near the Main Gate Princes Dock at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. Ebrahimji Currimbhoy of C. P. Tank Road the following:—

1 Lot of 125 bundles 4' by 2'/6' by 2/5' sheets, weighing ton 6.4 cwt. and 22 lbs. arrived per s.s. "Frankdale" and lying in No. 2 and 3 Gully Victoria Docks.

2 Lot of 132 bundles 4' by 2'—6" by 6/8' sheets weighing ton 6; 5, 2, 21 arrived per s.s. "Olympia" and lying in No. 5 and 6 gully Victoria Docks.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and balance to be paid in four days against delivery order.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, AT MAHIM AGAR NEAR PRABHADEVI ROAD.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1367 of 1916, (Jivraj Zila vs. John Domino Quiny) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 11th instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, on the premises the folowing valuable landed property:—

All that piece or parcel of Government pension and tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Mahim Agar near Prabhadevi Road, out side the Fort of Bombay, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under G Ward Nos. 2855 (2) 2855 (3) and Street Nos. 320A 320B and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 378, 554, New Nos. 4127, 4440 Old Survey Nos. 1-553, New Survey No. 2.1749, and containing by admeasurement 2,034 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—On the East by the oart of Maria Thereza DeSouza on the West by the oart of Manchibai, widow of Balgovandas Hargovandas, on the North partly by the oart of Jose DeSilva and partly by the public passage and on the South by public passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Khanderao Laud and Mehta, Solicitors or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 4-30 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, in the compound of Messrs. Ralli Bros.' Office, Horn. by Road, Fort:—

The building materials of a portion of the said building consisting of a large lot rafters, first class second-hand teakwood beams, planks, doors windows, steel girders steel pillars, marble slabs, tiles, iron gutter pipes, etc., etc.

The above is now on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 10th January, 1921.

### GANDHI & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4927.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 PACKAGES WHITE MULLS.

On MONDAY, the 10th January 1921 at 3 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co. Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction at their Room No. 52 Medows Street, Fort, by order of Sheth Anandji Valji and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Sanage Manufacturing Co. Ltd., of Manchester.

14 packages White Mulls including 4 packages 46in. No. 965, 6 packages 52in.. No. 5651 4 packages 56 in. No. 4956.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 PACKAGES WHITE MULLS.

THIS DAY MONDAY the 10th January, 1921 at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioners will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, by order of the office concerned.

3 packages white mulls No. 2749 or others 20 yards, each of 150 pcs.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th January, 1921.

## SALES BY AUCTION.

### MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway List.

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT CLOTHING.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 10th instant at 10 a.m., (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the Surplus Textiles Sales Depot (Howard and Bullogh Mill) in the compocnd of Sir Shapurji Bharocha Mills Chinchpokly by order of the Assistant Controller, Surplus Textiles Sales of the Indian Munitions Board, a very large lot of Government Clothing consisting of mosquitto netting, Tuwelling cloth, vests, pantaloons, coats, shirts, underwears, blankets, neusook; pugri cloth puttoo cloth shoes and other miscellaneous articles.

The above goods can be seen at the place of Auction.

Cash will be required at the time of sale and the goods to be removed at the same time.

AUCTION SALE OF 59 BALES BOMBAY PRESS COTTON.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 10th Jannary at 5 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Cotton Green Colaba by order of Bhut Jeshanker Bhagwan and on account and at the risk of N. Fatehally.

59 bales Bombay Press Cotton.

Above bales are lying at the godown of Seth Vassanji Khimji at 35 Pashta Lane Colaba.

AUCTION SALE OF ONE "FORD" MOTOR CAR.

On TUESDAY, the 11th instant at 3-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25 Medows Street, Fort by order of the concerned.

1 "Ford" Touring motor car No. 4796 five seater in working order.

AUCTION SALE OF 157 BALES COTTON.

On TUESDAY the 11th instant at 5 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Cotton Green Colaba by order of Seth Hukamchand Rambhagat in pursuance of the power of sale obtained by the order of the High Court of Bombay dated 18th November 1920, in a suit filed by them against Seth Madangopal Ramjirdas.

106 Bales Kashi cotton.
50 bales Agra cotton.
1 bale Palej cotton.

The above bales are lying at Victoria Go. down No. 4 of Seth Hukamchand Rambhagat.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th January, 1921.

### J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 15 CASES JAPANESE BRASS SHEATHINGS.

THIS DAY MONDAY, the 10th day of Jan. 1921, at 3-30 p.m. Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms next to the Post Office in Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, by order of the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Roopchand Chogalal of Mirza Street, Parsi Galli Bombay.

15 cases Japanese Brass Sheathings of 20 os. quality.

Terms—25 per cent. deposit and delivery within 8 days.

AUCTION SALE OF 1 BALE NAPKIN, 1 BALE COATING AND 21 BALES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

On FRIDAY, the 21st day of January, 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Bailing Press, in Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Cawasji Framji and Co. and on account and at the risk of the Punjab Swadeshi Stores, Lahore, the undermentioned goods:—

1 bale 100 pairs Napkins No. 9, Morarji Mill.

1 bale 20 pieces Coating No. 240, Standard Mill.

17 bales each 40 pieces White Shirtings No. 32144, Standard Mill.

3 bales each 40 pieces White Shirtings No. 33152, Standard Mill.

1 bale 40 pieces White Shirtings No. 35160, Standard Mill.

Terms:—25 per cent. deposit and delivery within 8 days.

AUCTION SALE OF 11 BALES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

On FRIDAY, the 21st day of January, 1921, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Bailing Press, in Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Cawasji Framji and Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Gurudaval Javsiram of Amritsar:—

11 bales each 40 pieces White Shirtings.

Terms:—25 per cent. deposit and delivery within 8 days.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 10th January, 1921.

## AMUSEMENTS.

SECOND WEEK!

Messrs. K. D. and BROTHERS

present the further 3 Episodes 6,000 feef of their Gigantic Animal Wonder-Serial

"THE LOST CITY"

Featuring the fearless, talented Queen of the Screen

JUANITA HANSEN!

Ferocious Beats of the African Jungles all playing their part in a manner that will astound you!

"THE LOST CITY"

A Thundering Comedy in the Programme.

To-Night:—5-30; 7; 8-45; and 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Globe Cinema

SANDHURST ROAD.

This Palatial Picture Mahal is now admittedly the most fashionable and the most repectable evening rendezous of European, Parses and Hindu families.

## AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Eastern Tours Ltd.,

Present the

ROYAL OPERA COMPANY

of 40 well known English Artistes in

WORLD FAMOUS COMIC OPERAS

Mon. 24th, Tues. 25th and Wed. at 9-30

The World famous Light Opera

"LES CLOCHES"
"DE CORNUILLE"

By H. B. Farnie and R. Reece

Thurs. 27th, Fri. 28th & Sat. 29th at 9-30 p. m.

The famous English Light Opera

"DOROTHY"

By B. C. Stevenson

Music by Alfred Cellier

[Sunday 30th at 5-30 p. m.

Reduced Price Matinee

Prices as usual. Plan will open at Rose & Co. on Wed. 12th.

THE EXCELSIOR

DAILY at 6-45 p. m.

SPECIAL DANCING MATINEES

By

Mdslle. Maino

The Renowned

Eccentric Parisienne Dancer

A Revelation in Eccentric Dancing
Quick change and Modern Costumes

"The Happy Warrior"

from the story by A. S. M. Hutchinson.

If you are a "Sporty" patron with "Sporty" views, then here is a "Sporty" film for you.

THE EMPRESS.

TO-DAY 6, 8 & 10 p.m.

FIRST TIME IN INDIA

First "Select Oriental Films"

Super Masterpiece

The Love Story of the Ages

'Nala and Damayanti'

The Most Outstanding Achievement of Ancient Hindu Literature, Produced on a Scale of Exceptional Gorgeousness and Inconceivable Magnificence.

In 10 Reels.—Directed and Produced by Signor Eugenio De Liguoro.

WONDERFUL ILLUSIONARY EFFECTS in

"Nala and Damayanti'

THIS WEEK!

A Magnificent Picture of the Turf, brimming all over with Love and thrilling Adventure

"The Racing Strain"

'Featuring that wonderfully daring Goldwyn Star the put darling of the screen

MAE MARSH

as the girl who rode for Love and Fortune

The Story of a daring Girl and a Racing Horse who settled between themselves Romance and Revenge on the Race Track.

"The Racing Strain"

(5 Reels—6,000 feet.)

"Another 'Polly of the Circus!'" That was the ejaculation of one of New York's most prominent showmen following a private screen of Mae Marsh's newest Goldwyn Picture, "The Racing Strain." And Goldwyn is firm in the belief that the millions who were enthralled by Margaret Mayo's "classic of the big tops" will find the new Goldwyn-Mae Marsh production no less appealing and entertaining.

A Side-Splitting Comedy in the Programme

Timings: 5-30; 7; 8-45 and 10-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Prices: Box Rs. 2; Sofas Re. 1; First Class As. 8; Second Class As. 6; Third Class As. 3.

West-End Cinema

(New Churney Road).

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Farewell Performances

To-day Mon., Jan. 10th at 9-30 p. m.

"Harem Bellfs.

Tuesday Jan. 11th at 9-30 p. m.
"PLUMS FOR PICKING."

Wednesday Jan. 12th at 9-30 p.m.
"COMING DOWN."

Thursday 13th Jan. at 9-30 p. m.
"GIRLS AND GIGGLES."

Fri. & Sat. 14th & 15th at 9-30 p. m.
"CASTLES IN SPAIN."

Sunday 16th at 5-30 p. m.
Reduced Price Matinee
"PEACHES AND CREAM."

Booking at Rose & Co. up 6 p.m. after 7 p.m. at the Theatre.

THE EMPIRE

To-day
6-30 8-15 and 10 p.m.

"The Marionettes"

in 6 Reels

The third of the Famous SELECT PICTURES to feature the Great

Clara Kimball Young

as the neglected, disillusioned wife, desperately trying to hold the love of a man who was ashamed of her, has one of those roles in which she is at her best. And much happens before she finds her feet and can say:—

"A MAN LIKE YOU WAS NEVER MADE FOR A WOMAN LIKE ME!"

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A Broadway Cowboy

The greatest and funniest Romantic Drama

PATHE GAZETTE
LATEST
PATHE CARTOON
AND
A POLLARD COMIC
CALL A TAXI

NEXT WEEK

RIO GRANDE

A Romantic Drama of Frontier life of intense hatred and supreme Love in 7 Reels

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NEXT WEEK

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# ZANGI PEN

ZANGI Pen Rs. 6-4. Calendar Clip comprises As. 8. Spare Calendar As 4
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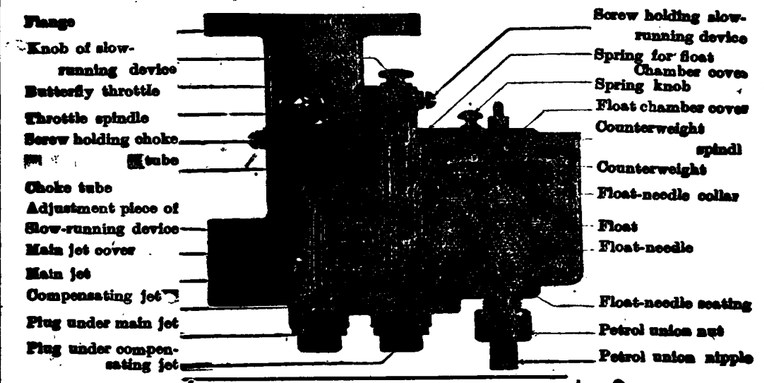
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| FOR SIZES OF CARBURETTERS. | | | | | | |
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| Plug under compensating jet | Short throttle lever with stop screw |
| Petrol union nipple | Float needle |
| Jet key | Spring for float chamber cover |
| Main jet cover | Float needle seating |
| Compensating jet | Screws, various |
| Float chamber cover | Throttle stop adjusting screw |
| Choke tube | Slow-running tube "B." complete |
| Petrol union nut | Fitters, complete |

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TAILORS, OUTFITTERS & CLOTH MERCHANTS.

OPP. RAJABHAI TOWER, FORT, BOMBAY.


# COMMERCIAL.

## CABLE QUOTATIONS.

### COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Jan. 5th

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total Day's Sales at Liverpool | 3,000 |
| " " Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | — |
| " " Sales of East Indian | Nil |
| " " Imports — — | — |
| Mid. American Spot — — | 10.53 |
| Egyptian F.G.F. Sakels — | 21.00 |
| New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time) — Mar. | 14 29 |
| — May | 14 36 |
| — July | 14.44 |

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Jan. 5th

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

| Months. | To-day's price. |
|---|---|
| Jan. | 9.29—30 |
| Feb. | — — |
| Mar. | 9.45—25 |
| April | — — |
| May | 9.37—33 |
| June | — — |
| July | 9.36—25 |
| Aug. | — — |
| Sep. | — — |
| Oct. | 9.53—23 |
| Nov. | — — |
| Dec. | 9.53—23 |

Prices taken at 10-10 a. m. nearest actual values.

Liverpool, Jan. 6th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

| Months. | To-days price. |
|---|---|
| Jan. | — 10.04 |
| Feb. | — — |
| Mar. | 10.16—51 |
| Apl. | — — |
| May | 10.21—45 |
| June | — — |
| July | 10.21—40 |
| Aug. | — — |
| Sep. | — — |
| Oct. | 10.08—30 |
| Nov. | — — |
| Dec. | — — |

Prices taken at 10-10 a. m. nearest actual values.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Jan. 5th

| | |
|---|---|
| M.G. Bengal, Good — — | 5.38 |
| " " Fully Good — — | 5.88 |
| " " Fine — — | 6.13 |
| " No. 1 Oomra, Good — — | 6.75 |
| " " Fully Good — — | 7.25 |
| " " Fine — — | 7.50 |
| " Broach, Good — — | 8.25 |
| " " Fully Good — — | 8.50 |
| " " Fine — — | 8.75 |
| " Scinde, Good — — | 5.50 |
| " " Fully Good — — | 6.00 |
| " " Fine — — | 6.25 |

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 5th

| | |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports — | 19,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain — | Nil |
| " " to Continent — | 11,000 |
| Futures at New York March — | 14.95—15.01—56 |
| " " May — | 15.07—57 |
| " " July — | 15.38—35 |
| Spot Cotton at New York — | 14.00—25 |
| " " Orleans — | 14.15—35 |
| Futures at New Orleans March — | 14.40—43 |
| " " May — | 5 5/16 |
| Fair Rio Coffee ( No. 7 quality ) — | 3.62.25 |
| Demand Bills — — | 99 1/2 |
| U. S. Mined — — | 67 5/8 |
| " " Foreign — — | |

New York, Jan. 8th

| | |
|---|---|
| Futures at New York Mar. — — | 15.47 |
| " " May — — | 15.51 |
| " " July — — | 15.62 |

## BOMBAY MARKETS.

### COTTON.

January 8.

The Marwari Bazar opened this morning for Fully Good M. G. Broach at Rs. 325 and advanced till Rs. 327½. It then again declined to Rs. 325 which was the rate at 3 p.m. The market finally closed steady at Rs. 328. At Colaba the Bazar opened at Rs. 330½ declined to Rs. 328 and closed at Rs. 329.

Our market for ready cotton maintained steady feeling yesterday and about 3,000 bales are reported to have changed hands.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 5-30 P.M.

Bombay, Jan. 8th.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | Rs |
| Fully Good Broach — — | April-May — | | 329 |
| Fully Good Bengal — — | March | | 313 1/2 |
| Fine Oomras — | March | — | 271 |

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m., on 7th Jan. 1921.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton | 9,512 Bales |
| Wheat | 1,191 Qrts. |
| Linseed | 550 " |
| Rape, etc. | 446 " |
| Gingellyseed | 1,135 " |
| Poppyseed | 677 " |
| Groundnuts | 2,697 " |
| Castorseed | 175 " |
| Rice | 4,312 " |
| Myrabolams | 791 " |
| Cottonseed | 562 " |
| Mowrasseed | 2,456 " |
| Gram | 670 " |
| Jowar | 1,513 " |
| Masur | 293 " |
| Barley | Nil |
| Bajree | 5,131 " |
| Coal | 7,504 Tons. |

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay's—Jan. 8th 1921.

American Rates Rulings Liverpool.

| Jan.—Feb. | Mar.—April. |
|---|---|
| 9.98 —36 | 10.09 —35 |

| May—June | July—August. |
|---|---|
| 10.14 —33 | 10.16 -34 |

New York—New Orleans.

May 15.15—15
July 15 23—16
Jan. 16.00—15
Mar. 15 77—72

Wadias in Marwadi Bazar growth—May—326 July.


# Capur and Company Ltd.

Latest Leasers and Timber Merchants.

**Business Office: JHELUM.**

**CAPUR COMMANDS BEST FORESTS.**

**Leasers of the largest Forests in Northern India.**

**Fresh Order from N. W. Railway of above Forty Lacs 40,00,000 cubic ft. being executed.**

1. DEODAR
2. PINE (Chir) Penus Longifolia
3. KAIL
4. SAL

Can suppfy sawn and unsawn Timber of all kinds and sizes in any quantity in Bulk, Logs, Beams, Sleepers, Bridge Timbers and Crossing Sleepers etc, etc.

5. FIR
6. SPRUCE
7. SHISHAM
8. WALNOT

ETC. ETC.

*PLEASE APPLY YOUR REQUIREMENTS TO:—*

**MANAGER,**

CAPUR AND CO., LTD. ( JHELUM )


Broach open F.G.M.G.—close.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bengal Open | — | 231 |
| Bengal Close | — | — |
| Oomra Open | — | 271 |
| Oomra Close | — | — |

Our opinion. Yesterday the ready market had a good demand. Forward rates steady. Market tone seems simproving steadily.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 8th 1921.

Market Rates

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank Telegraphs — — — | 1-6 1/8 |
| Bank Demand — — — | 1-6 3/16 |
| Dm. Acceptance Jm/s — — — | 1-7 1/8 |
| Fcs. Demand — — — | 430 |
| American Dollars — — — | 376 |
| Hongkong — — — | 209 1/2 |
| Shanghai — — — | 290 |
| Japan — — — | 189 |
| Singapore — — — | 185 |

Market Steady.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotation Rates.

Jan. 8th 1921.

| | per lb. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| David — — | No. 10 | 0 14 0 |
| Saparji — — | No. 10 1/2 | 0 13 0 |
| Currimbhoy — — | No. 12 1/2 | 0 13 3 |
| Saparji — — | No. 6 1/2 | 0 11 0 |
| Japan — — | No. 40/1 | 1 15 3 |
| Do. — — | No. 42/2 | 2 2 0 |
| Do. — — | No. 20 | 1 3 0 |

METALS.

Issue prices for Brass and Copper Daily Quotation.

Jan. 8th 1921.

| | per md. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Brass — — — | 3/4 | 24 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1 | 24 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1½ | 24 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1 1/2 | 24 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1½ | 23 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 2 | 23 0 0 |

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The Bombay Wheat and Seeds daily Quotation Bazaar rates.

Bombay, Jan. 8th 1921, 5-30 p.m.

| Ready. | Bazaar Terms Rs. a. p. | Bail. Delivery Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat White, Delhi 70-30 — | 60 0 0 | 9 0 0 |
| " " Cawnpore 70-30 | 58 0 0 | 8 14 0 |
| " Kanchi Bengla — | 59 0 0 | 8 15 0 |
| Rapeseed, Brown Delhi — | 13 0 0 | 12 8 0 |
| " " Cawnpore | 13 0 0 | 12 8 0 |
| " Yellow Cawnpore — | 13 0 0 | 13 8 0 |
| Linseed, Brown Bold — | 13 8 0 | 14 0 0 |
| " " Thin — | 13 8 0 | 13 8 0 |
| Yuseldo White 68-15 — | 80 0 0 | 15 8 0 |
| " Gajar 75-25 — | 75 0 0 | — |
| " Gajar 50-50 — | 70 0 0 | — |
| " Black — | 60 0 0 | — |
| Poppyseed, White — | 14 8 0 | 15 4 0 |
| Groundnuts — | 54 0 0 | — |
| Mowrasseed — | 4 4 0 | 8 13 0 |
| Barley — | 48 0 0 | — |
| Castorseed — | 49 0 0 | 9 12 0 |
| Cottonseeds — | 34 0 0 | 4 13 0 |

| Forward. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Wheat May — | 9 4 0 |
| Linseed May — | 15 9 0 |

COPPER RATE

Jan. 8th 1921.

| | per mnd. | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|---|
| Scopes — — — | 3/4 | 20 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1 | 26 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1½ | 26 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1 1/2 | 26 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 1½ | 20 0 0 |
| Do. — — — | 2 | 26 0 0 |
| Japanese Copper Bars — | | 20 0 0 |
| Panch tabe tota — | | 26 0 0 |
| Copper English-Bars — | | 22 0 0 |
| Brass-Bars — | | 27 0 0 |
| Lead — — — | | 20 0 0 |

MILL-STORES.

Bombay, Jan. 8.

The market continued active. Healds remained fair in demand, Reeds too in sympathy with Healds have improved demand, Conical Pern 5" as reported in our previous column has advanced by nearly a couple of rupees and the price quoted is nearly Rs. 1-12 2 per gross. Slubbings and Rowings have on the whole fair demand. English Wilson Quality are quoted at nearly Rs. 90 per gross. Whereas, Jap. are quoted at Rs. 55 per gross. The Quotations are nearly the same.

CHEMICALS.

Bombay, Jan. 8.

Sizing Starches :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Sago Flour — — — | 14 |
| Farina K. — — — | 21 |
| Maize Starch — — — | 30 |
| Rice Starch — — — | 35 |

Heavy Chemicals :—

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| Caustic-Soda 98° — — | 32 |
| Caustic-Soda 72° — — | 26 |
| Bleaching Powder — — | 30 |
| Sodium Sulphide U. A. — — | 48 |
| Sodium sulphide — — | 40 |
| Magnesium chloride — — | 14 |
| Bichromate of Soda — — | 130 |
| Bichromate of Potash — — | 145 |
| Silicate of Soda — — | 18 |
| Litharge — — — | 35 |
| Hydro-Sul-Soda — — | 2-12-0 |
| Antimony Salt — — | 2-10-0 |
| Aniline Salt — — | 1-10-0 |
| Epsom Salt — — | 12 |
| Glauber Salt — — | 6 |
| Washing Soda — — | 7/6 |

## MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 8.

REPORT.

Bar Gold ready Rs. 27/7.
Bar Silver ready Rs. 97.

EXCHANGE

T. T. on London 1/6½.
D. D. on London 1/6-5/16.
D. D. on Paris Frs. 460.
3 M/st. D. A. Frs. 495.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 175.
60 D/st. D. P. Rs. 163.
American Cross rate dollars 3.61 to 64.
Paris Cross rate Frs. 60.40.
London Silver spot D. 41½
London Silver forward D. 42-5/8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent War Loan 99.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1922-23. 97.
5 per cent Conversion Loan 95.


**TO BECTERIOLOGISTS AND SURGEONS.**

We have just received for sale, Microscopes with oil emersion, High pressure stirrelizer Incubators gas and electric, benkers, test tubes, Ampoules, and glass ware for laboratory fittings, Hydodermic syringes, all glass and Record available.

Please apply for further particulars.

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Telegrams: "GUNDISAN".

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4 per cent Terminable Loan 93.
3½ per cent Paper 56.
5 per cent Port Trust long dated due 1936 62.
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930 96.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 62.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49. 96.
4 per cent. Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974 62.
5 per cent Municipal Taxes 99.
5 per cent Municipal Sanitary 91½ to 92½.

BANK RATES.

Bank of Bombay 7 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 7 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The market was closed to-day.

## CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALUTTA, Jan. 7.

The market for jute mill shares ruled firm at the opening, but slacked off during the course of the day, closing on a lower scale. Business was confined principally to the usual bazar favourites. Coal shares were in small demand, but the prices ruled steady and in the Miscellaneous section a fairly good turnover was reported with prices well maintained. The following were the closing quotations :—

Coal :—Albion 18/4, Bengal Nagpur 99/8, Bhalgora 31, Borrea 34, Burrakur 82/12, Hurriladih 182, New Manbhoom 46/8, Patmohna 13.

Jute :—Anglo-India prefs 102, Barnagore 133, Clive 278/8, Craig 10, Gouripore 1005, Howrah 43, Howrah prefs 102, Kamarhatty 944, Kankinarrah 655, Lawrence 769, Lansdowne 402, New Central 784, Northbrook 77, Nuddea 68, Reliance 44/4, Union 224/8, Waverley 13/4.

Miscellaneous :—Agra United Mills 8/8 Alliance Bank prefs 160, Allahabad Bank prefs 99, Bank of Bengal 2015, Bengal Bridge and Boats 8/14, Bengal Paper 108, Bengal Brass 4/4, British India Corporation 11 4, British India Tobacco 6, Central Provinces Cement 8/12, Dunbar Cotton 406, Hatirkool Oil 9/4, Hume Pipe 12/2, India Iron and Steel (old) 79, (new) 17 discount, Indian Standard Wagon 85, Kesoram Cotton 15/6, Kumardhubi Engineering 22/8, Madan Theatres Ltd. 13/8, Tata Industrial Bank 8 prem. Titaghur Paper 242, Tinnevelly Textile 23.

Government paper three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 59/8 small lots at Rs. 60, War bonds short loans 99/8, 1925 97 and 1928 97/8 -er cent.

Exchange :—Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling six one sixteenth pence and Dema bills one shillings six three sixteenth pens

# BOMBAY RACING SEASON.

## SIXTH EXTRA MEETING.

### LOVE GLASS WINS THE ASCOT PLATE.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

There was a large attendance at the races yesterday, at the Sixth Extra Meeting. The weather was pleasant and the sport interesting. An attractive card of seven events was provided and as the first race started at 2-45 p.m., the time proved very convenient to business people. A feature of yesterday's racing was the excellent horse-manship of W. Huxley on Mikado and Jack. Townsend on Margaret Joyce.

Proceedings began with the First Division of the Bushire Plate of 5 furlongs for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under landed on or before 1st July, 1920. In this race a large field of smart looking griffins paraded Tantalus and Linerick were selected as favourites. The race however was won by Firjah, a stable companion of Tantalus. The winner is an Arab mare. It is rarely that Arab mares are seen racing here. Years ago a fine Arab mare by name Nosa won several races here. Firjah would not have paid such a fine dividend if she were not known to be a bad starter. In the hands of Easton, however, she jumped out well and never kept her supporters in doubt.

In the Second Division of the same plate Mikado beat the favourite Kooleb after an exciting finish in which Huxley displayed his great skill as a horseman. Mikado, we understand, has been purchased for a large sum of money by Mr. M. Goculdass. He is considered to be the pick among the newly landed ponies this year.

Four scratchings in the Moderate Plate of 6 furlongs for horses in 2nd and 3rd Divisions. W. H. horses which have not won since March 31, 1918, a race value Rs. 3,000 received an allowance of 7 lb. and horses in the 3rd Division received besides 5 lb. allowance and Maidens 5 lb. in addition. The Veteran Penny Pie was there with 9-8 and it looked a good thing for him but the public preferred Margaret Joyce, that wonderful little mare though she was only receiving 2 lbs. from Penny Pie. In the next race Barto and Owen Roe were also well backed. The race was an exciting one as Barto cracked the pace followed by Owen Roe and Pine Tree. Margaret Joyce challenged in time to win a fine race by the short margin of a short neck. Jack Townsend rode a splendid finish and was roundly applauded.

In the New Castle Plate of 12 furlongs for horses in the 3rd Division Lemon started a hot favourite with Beggar Prince second in demand. Jack Firth on whom Bowley had the mount was well fancied by a large following but he was never in the race and gave one the impression that he was more inclined to enjoy a sleep than to gallop. Lemon succumbed to the vigorous challence of Mar eodia will ridden by the Irish jockey, Don nelly. Beggar Prince was a bad fourth.

The most important event of the day was the Ascot Plate of 10 furlongs for horses in the 1st and 2nd Divisions Aleli who carried 9-4 was made a hot favourite, Cyanite and Christmas Holiday were well inquired after. Plaxtol was evidently better fancied by the stable as he ran well towards the finish while Cyanite was never in the race. The public were gullible enough to believe that Cyanite was the better fancied horse of the two, though, there is no doubt that he should have run better than he did. Christmas Holiday found the distance too long and appeared done up in the straight. Senparison ran well till the turn. This horse is considered by many to be a too much boomed horse and it would appear that over the handicapper shares the general belief about the wonderful abilities of this horse. Love Glass well ridden by Bullock won this race in fine style.

In the Sandown Plate of 5 furlongs for horses in the 2nd Division Owen Roe won comfortably from Tagamor. Tagamor is undoubtedly a very unfortunate horse. It gave one great pleasure to see the popular colours of Mr. R. H. Gahagan passing the post. This genuine sportsman is again taking great interest in the sport and his success yesterday must have given him great pleasure.

In the Tigris Plate, Mechanic was a hot favourite as was Resident, both failed to appear in the picture. Andolis won in a canter with Waterloo well up second and Fury secured third place. A dividend of more than 23 to 1 was returned for third place.

We have had frequent occasions in the past to point out that racing in Western India is looked upon by many not as a sport but as a pure money-making business. This view, is even more strongly taken by certain jockeys and trainers than by the public. It has been reported to us that certain jockeys refuse to accept mounts unless they are paid as much as a thousand or even more to win a race. This is very hard on poor owners who often depend on poor stakes for all the troubles and expenses they have to undergonee with their animals. As regards certain trainers they imagine that they have more right over the horses in their charge than the owners. They are not satisfied with their training fees but they show plainly that they mean to skim the milk for themselves and the owners may rest satisfied with what remains. Well, this sort of imprudence is gaining ground daily here. It is to be hoped that the Stewards will bear this in mind in order to discourage as promptly as possible such greed on the part of certain individuals connected with the horsey profession.

Results of Stewards meeting at Race course on Saturday, 1st January 1921, concerning Bombay, 5th Extra Meeting:—

(1) Borivili Plate 1st Division.—The Stewards held an enquiry over Abdul Karim Dakayel's b a h Surhan halting on the way to the post with Townsend (the jockey) and throwing him. The owner was cautioned and told that next time the hors halted the question of accepting futur entries of the horse will be considered by the Stewards.

(2) The Carlisle Plate.—The Stewards had up before them Donnelly, the rider of Mr. Heath's b e m She She and cautioned him for not keeping a straighter course on the mare up the straight.

(3) The Windsor Plate.—Stewards held an enquiry into the running of Mr. S. N. Mahomed b e m Margaret Joyce in the Juvenile Handicap 1st Extra Meeting and Xmas Plate, 3rd extra and accepted the trainer and jockey's explanation.

(4) Jockey S. Selman.—The Stewards held an enquiry into the riding of Rai Grison in the Carlisle Plate and Anxious in the Andheri Plate by Jockey Selman. The Stewards told jockey Selman that if he again uses the whip beyond reason and not more judiciously, his whip will be taken away from him.

Details:—.

THE BUSHIRE PLATE. Division I.—Distance 5 furlongs (On the Round Course).

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under landed on or since 1st July, 1920, direct from the country of foaling.

Mr. Elia Abdulnoor's FIRJAH 8-6, Easton 1
Mr Abdul Karim Dakayel's VAGRANT 7-8, Lambert ..... 2
Mr S N Mahomed's LIMERICK 9-0, Townsend ..... 3
Mr. Ebrahim Sulleman Bahar's Faisal 7-8 Herbert ..... 4
Did not run: Potiphar.

Also Ran:—Mohican 9-0, Wordi 8-10, Vulcan 9-0, Potentate 9-0, Monarch 9-0, Paragon 9-0, Tantalus 8-10, Hoomayun 8-10, Fareek 8-6, Falstaff 8-6, Eagle 8-6 Afiatoon 8-2.

The Race:—Hoomayun broke the line when they left the barrier, with Vagrant, Paragon, and Firjah neyt, Faisal was fifth, the 2nd furlong post Hoomayun gave up Vagrant, Firjah and Faisal were then prominent, near home Firjah went to the front and won rather comfortably from Vagrant and Limerick who placed second and third Won by 1½ lengths, 3 lengths, 2 lengths

Favourites: Tantalus and Paragon.

Time:—1 min. 9 3/5secs.

1st Tote paid Rs. 331-8 for win and o Rs. 77 31-8 and Rs. 23-8 for places

2nd Tote paid Rs. 140-8 for win and Rs. 35-5 Rs. 16 and Rs. 11 for places.

Trainer:—Yussuf.

THE BUSHIRE PLATE. Division II.—Distance 5 furlongs (On the Round Course).

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under landed on or since 1st July, 1920, direct from the country of foaling.

Mr. M. Goculdass' MIKADO 9-7, Huxley ... 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's KOOLEB 8-9 Harrison 2
Mr. M. H. Sharabali's TRAFALGAR 9-0 McPherson ..... 3
Mr. Syed Rashid's Mooreed 8-2 Syed Saleh ... 4
Did not run: Parizad, Monitor, Bantam, Sinjar, My Moon.

Also ran:—Yorick 9-0, Tartar 9-0, Truelove 9-0, Almaz 9-0, Kahatan 8-10, Silver Grey 8-2, Marine 7-3, Patriot 7-4.

The Race:—Trafalgar was away quickest from the post with Mooreed lying second Kooleb third and Mikado fourth, at the 2nd furlong post Kooleb went to the front with Trafalgar, Mooreed and Mikado running in the order named. Kooleb had a clear lead until Mikado challenged, a great race ensued Mikado under superior horsemanship secured the verdict by 1½ lengths, 6 lengths, 2 lengths.

Time:—1 min. 8 2/5secs.

1st Tote paid Rs. 27-8 for win and Rs. 12, Rs. 11-8 and Rs. 42 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 21-8 for win and Rs. 7, Rs. 6 and Rs 20-8, for places.

Trainer:—A. Hoyt.

THE MODERATE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs, 41 yards.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs 750. For Horsse in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions. W. A. and C.

Mr. S N Mahomed's MARGARET JOYCE 9-6, Townsend ..... 1
Mr. Noble's BARTO 8-7, Buckley ..... 2
Messrs. Pine and M. C. Patel's PINE TREE 8-7 Lowrey ..... 3
Mr. Pine's Penny Pie 9-8, Harrison ..... 4
Did not run: Trostan, Pine Park, Tagamore, Caraway.

Also Ran:—Cymar 9-1, Flight Errant 7-11, Huon river 8-5, Precise 7-6.

The Race:—They were dispatched on even terms, Barto soon raced to the front with Cymar lying second, Pine Tree third, and Huon River fourth, Margaret Joyce was lying in a good position behind. There was no change in this order until the 2nd furlong when Cymar gave up the struggle. Barto then entered the straight with a length's lead, chased by Pine Tree and Margaret Joyce, the last named fought a desperate finish with Barto and won a great race by short neck, neck 1/2 length.

Favourite:—Margaret Joyce.

Time:—1min. 15secs

1st Tote paid Rs. 15-8 for win and Rs. 12-8 Rs. 18-8 and Rs. 31-8 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 8-8 for win and Rs. 6 Rs. 9, and Rs. 16-8 for places.

Trainer:—M. Ryan.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE.—Distance 1 miles.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 700; third Rs. 200 "A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 3rd Division

Mr Heath's MARCODIA 7-12, Donnelly ... 1
Mr M Goculdass' LEMON 9-2, W. Huxley 2
Mr and Mrs W H Atkinson's MIDTON 7-10 Bullock ..... 3
Mr. M. H. Sanjana's Beggar Prince 8-12 Barden ..... 4
Also Ran:—Jacky Firth 8-7, Checkmate 8-5, Partial Eclipse 7-7, Gantry 7-3, Aries 7-0

The Race:—When they appeared in sight Beggar Prince, Aries and Lemon were most prominent, at the 1 mile post Aries assumed command with Partial Eclipse next, there was no change until the 2nd furlong post when Aries, was joined by Marcodia, Lemon and Midton Aries then retierd; Marcodia was first round the home turn with Lemon in pursuit, Marcodia shook off Lemon and won comfortably by 2½ lengths, 2 lengths 1 length.

Favourite:—Beggar Prince.

Time:—2min. 38 3/5secs.

1st Tote paid Rs. 319-8 for win and Rs. 42, Rs. 16-8 and Rs. 29-8 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 122-8 for win and Rs. 22-8, Rs 9 and Rs 21 for places.

Trainer:—T. Ferguson (Jn.)

THE ASCOT PLATE.—Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 10,000; second Rs. 3,000; third Rs. 2,000. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 1st and 2nd Divisions.

Mr. Hastings' LOVE GLASS 7-4, Bullock ... 1
Messrs J H Skelton and W. P. Pechey's ALELI 9-4, Harrison ..... 2
Mr. Kelso's PLAXTOL 7-0, Rose ..... 3
Mr. Humble's Christmas Holiday 8-4, Townsend ..... 4

Also Ran:—Night Watch 9-6, Senparison 9-4, Mademoiselle Foch 8-9, Cyanite 7-8, Thunder 8-5.

The Race:—They got off in a line when Night Watch and Senparison made the early running with Aleli and Love Glass next in order, at the 3rd furlong Night Watch and Senparison retired from with fray, Aleli was then on the outside with Love Glass on the rails, the field appeared bunched up after they passed the home turn. Love Glass going well defeated Aleli by a neck, neck, head Plaxtol put on a strong run placing third.

Favourite:—Aleli.

Time:—2 min. 8 4/5secs.

1st Tote paid Rs. 83 for win and Rs 38, Rs. 13-8 and Rs. 23-8 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 42-8 for win and Rs 20-8, Rs. 7 and Rs. 11 for places.

Trainer:—A. Templeman.

THE SANDOWN PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs (Straight).

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd Division.

Mr. R. H. Gahagan's OWEN ROE 7-4, Townsend ..... 1
Mr. M. Goculdass' TAGAMOR 7-12 Herbert ..... 2
Messrs. Hastings and Guthrie's ANTHRACITE 7-11, Bullock ..... 3
Mr. Heath's Viola 9-1, Donnelly ..... 4
Did not run. Margaret Joyce, Forfeit Lass, Pine Tree, Cymar.

Also Ran: Gadtdna 8-7, Miss Rollestone 8-4, Like Magic 7-12, Belle Syme 7-13, Mimi 7-9.

The Race:—They were not long in starting, Belle Syme was first out of the gate followed by Viola and Owen Roe, with Like Magic, and Anthracite also prominent. They raced in this manner till nearing home where Owen Roe took command and going very strong he beat Tagamor who along with Anthracite displaced the others.

Favourite:—Owen Roe.

Time:—1 min.

1st Tote paid Rs. 30 for win and Rs. 15, Rs. 21 and Rs. 52 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 13 for win and Rs. 7, Rs 10 and Rs. 21 for places.

Trainer: G. Bell.

THE TIGRIS PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs 65 yards.

Winner Rs. 4,000; second Rs. 1,250; third Rs. 750. For Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 1st and 2nd Divisions.

Mr. Ali bin Talib's ANDOLIS 8-0, Harrison 1
The Yuvaraj of Kolhapur's WATERLOO Lambert ..... 2
Messrs. Ahmed Hazamy and Smile's FURY 7-12, Raymond ..... 3
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's Resident 9-6, Townsend ..... 4
Did not run: Khailan.

Also Ran:—Red Cross 8-10, Khundil 9-4, Warminster 9-0, Dublin 7-5, Four Aces 8-10, Mechanic 7-4, Summerton 8-6, Golshan 7-4, Dunbar 7-10, Tit Bits 7-9, Shanavaz 7-1, Domineer 7-0.

The Race:—Warminster led Four Aces for the first four furlongs, with Waterloo and Andolis very prominent, Fury joined them at the 2nd furlong where Warminster and Four Aces dropped back leaving Waterloo and Fury in command, down the straight Andolis challenged the leaders and going great runs won by 3 lengths short neck, neck,.

Favourite: Mechanic.

Time.—1min. 40 3/5secs.

1st Tote paid Rs. 41 for win and Rs. 26, Rs. 32 and Rs. 245-8 for places.

2nd Tote paid Rs. 17-8 for win and Rs. 14-8 Rs. 20 and Rs. 81 for places.

Trainer:—Owner.

## CALCUTTA RACES.

### SECOND MEETING—FIRST DAY.

(By our Racing Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 8.

The second meeting of the Calcutta Races opened under very favourable auspices. Neither the attendance nor the entries showed any signs of diminution and the result was that in all the races except one for country breds good fields went out. In three of the two Divisions of the Maidan Plate and the Elysium Plate competitors were very numerous, twenty six, twenty two and eighteen facing the starter.

Competition was very keen and some very close finishes were witnessed, particularly in the Carmichael Cup. Which was the principal race of the day. It was a terms race and not a handicap. The first and second favourites Good Health and Unitoi fought a tremendous duel and in the end flashed past the post locked together and the judge was unable to divide them. The pace was hot all the way as was evidenced by the time of 2 mins 6 secs, which has not been beaten yet. Good Health has declared 4 lbs. overweight. On the other hand Unitoi was too far back at the earlier part of the race. Golden Treasure ran a decent race and chased them along for the greater portion of the journey. When at the mouth of the straight he seemed to have had enough Cally took it up and in the end in the straight Good Health and Unitoi appeared on the scene and they fought out a ding dong finish.

Steel Blue started favourite for the Garden Reach Plate. The best price on the offer for him was 7 to 4 on and once again Flynn rode victorious on him. Steel Blue has so far an unbeaten record here. He led all through and when in the straight Flynn challenged him. Flynn had to shake him up and he won, though not with much in hand.

THE MAIDAN PLATE. Div II. Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in fourth division.

Mr. Hague's SPANISH CHESTNUT 7-13, Northmore ..... 1
Mr. Tarrant's LACE 8-11 Trahan ..... 2
Mr. Galstaun's AFFYS DARLING 8-10, Shatwell ..... 3
Mr. Toogood's Loch D. 8-5, Morris ..... 4

Also Ran:—Peggy Thrift 9-6, Cape Clear 7-11, Poletrap 8-10, Lavenir 8-9, Golden Memory 8-7, Cuirass 8-7, Legends Double 8-6; Alien Daisy 8-6.

Won by 1 3/4 lengths, 1½ lengths between 2nd and 3rd and short neck between 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1min. 15 2/5sec.

Totalizators paid Rs. 200 for win and Rs. 50, Rs. 32 and Rs. 28 for places.

Betting: Threes Lace, eights Taffy's Darling, Water Lily; tens Spanish Chestnut; longer prices others.

The Race:—Niggs began quickest with Lady Letty second and then came Lace The three were bringing the field on, when near the distance Spanish Chestnut and Taffy's Darling appeared on the scene. In a few seconds Spanish Chestnut took up the lead and won with ease.

THE ELYSIUM PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 2,000; third Rs. 1,000. Handicap for horses in second division.

Mr. Hillman's QUITE DARK 7-0 (car 7-2), Northmore ..... 1
Mr. Avasia's EUDOXUS 9-5 Stuart ..... 2
Mr. Ever's LLANSINFRIED 8-12 Mason ... 3
Nawab of Dacca's Golden Square 8-9 Pullin 4

Also Ran:—Floreal 8-12 Happy Iiola 8-10, Kinsale 8-9, Little Trout 8-6 Coryphee 8-2, Kilrea 7-12, (car 7-13), Eager To 7 12 Eagle's Nest 7-10, St Vagrant 7-8, Pompano 7-7, Green Boy 7-7, Moldavia 7-6, (car 7-7); Fusey 7-3, Queen Mary 7-0 (car 7-6),.

Won by 3/4 lengths; neck between second and third; 3/4 lengths between 3rd and 4th.

Time:—1 min. 13 4/5secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 48 for win and Rs. 18, Rs. 22 and Rs. 45 for places.

Betting: Fours Eudoxus; sixes Moldavia, sevens Eager To and Quite Dark; longer prices others.

The Race:—Pompano and Happy Iiola shot out in front of Llansinfried and Eudoxus, the rest following them in a compact body, except Coryphee who dwelt at the start. Pompano parted with its rider soon after. Llansinfried now led for a few strides, but reaching the straight Quite Dark struck and the race was over.

FIRST JUMPERS' FLAT RACE. Distance St. Leger Course, 1 mile 6 furlongs 132 yards.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000, third Rs. 500. Welter handicap for horses which have run twice in jump races in India.

Messrs. Byass and Sheppard's REIGNING STAR 9-5, Doy ..... 1
Mr. Tarrant's QUARTERLY 11/6 Scott ... 2
Mr. Wilson's P. M. 9-10 Thompson ..... 3
Mr. Pugh's I See 9-5 Stuart ..... 4

Also Ran:—Double Scotch 11-10, Bodenham 11-5, Girton Miss 10-10, Leofric 10-5, Miss Slasher 9-0, Boyne Water 8-6.

Won by 1½ lengths 5 lengths between 2nd and 3rd, 5 lengths between 3rd and 4th.

Time:—3 mins. 14 2/5secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 49 for win and Rs. 14, Rs. 12 and Rs. 16 for places.

Betting: 5 to 2 Quarterly; three Reigning Star, fives P. M. longer prices others.

The Race:—Off a good start Leofric went to head of affairs with P M. second and Bodenham third. They led in that way till near the 5 furlong post, where Quarterly took it up. She led the field into the straight, where Reigning Star collared and passed her.

GARDEN REACH PLATE. Distance 1¼ miles.

Winner Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. High weight handicap for Country bred Horses, 4 years old and upwards.

Mr. Essajee's STEEL BLUE 9-12 Flynn ... 1
Mr. Pine's SUGAR CANE 9-11 Ruiz ..... 2
Mr. Ali's BLACK FRIAR 7-7 Stokes ... 3
Raja Singh and Kour Sing's Bally Apple 7-13, Mason ..... 4

Also Ran:—Mungar 7-0.

Won by 1 length, 2½ lengths between 2nd and 3rd; 3 lengths between 3rd and 4th.

Time.—2min. 16 3-5secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 17 for win and Rs 12 and Rs. 13 for places.

Betting: 2 to 1 on Steel Blue, threes Sugar Cane, eights Bally Apple, longer prices the others.

The Race:—Steel Blue and Bally Apple led in company with Sugar Cane, Sugar Cane went after the leaders in the straight but Steel Blue had little left in him to shake Sugar Cane off and win.

THE CARMICHAEL CUP. Disance 1½ miles.

Cup value £100 presented by Royal Calcutta Turf Club. The cup and Rs. 10,000 to winner, second Rs. 3,000, third Rs. 2,000. For Horses W. A. and C. reduced 3 lbs. With penalties and allowances.

Genl. Raja Sir Hari Singh's GOOD HEALTH 7-7 (car. 7-11) Beasley ..... 1*
Mr. Thaddeu's UNITOI 7-7, Meekings ..... 1*
Mr. Low's ST. NATHEY 7-7 (car. 7-8) Young 3
Mr. Galstaun's St. Quin 9-0 Shatwell ..... 4
*Dead-heat.

Also Ran:—First Flier 9-10, Mordennis 9-0, Simon's Choice 9-0, Crenides 8-1, Golden Treasure 7-7; Cally 7-7.

Dead-heat finish off 3/4 length in front of 3rd, 4th neck oc.

Time:—2mins. 6 secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 12 and Rs. 14 for win and Rs. 13, Rs. 13 and Rs. 84 for places.

Betting: 3 to 2 Good Health and Unitoi; eighths St. Quin and Cally; longer prices the others.

The Race.—Golden Treasure was smartly away and led with Simon's Choice and Crenides as his companions then came Good Health and Unitoi was third. From the last the leared brought them along till 4 furlongs from home, where Cally took it up. Shortly after Good Health assumed command, chased by Unitoi the two making a deadheat of it.

THE KIOSK PLATE. (Div. I.) Distance 1 mile, 3 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000, second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. Handicap for horses in third division.

Mr. Galstaun's QUARTZITE 8-5 Shatwell 1
Mr. Thaddeus' MAMETZ 9-4 Ruiz ..... 2
Mrs. Coningham's TIRPIN 8-3, Dobie ... 3
Raja Sing and Kour Sing's Lady Myra 9-3, Trahan ..... 4

Also Ran:—Lover True 9-7 Wolfram 8-13, Flotelle 8-11, Spearwood 8-10, Tete Monte 8-6, The Clown 8-5, Sole Bay 8-3, Dehra Doon 8-0, Talcum 7-12, Flying Dart 7-9, Lillie Bridge 7-9.

Won by 2 lengths, neck between 2nd and 3rd, 1½ lengths between 3rd and 4th.

Time.—2min. 22 1/5secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 185 for win and Rs. 39, Rs. 18 and Rs. 28 for places.

Betting: fours Mametz, sixes Lady Myra and Wolfram; sevens Flotelle, longer prices the others.

The Race:—Flying Dart led as usual with Talcum and Spearwood. Then Sole Bay was nearer. After going in that order for about a mile, Mametz assumed prominence. In the straight Quartzite came strong and passed them all easily.

THE KIOSK PLATE. (Div II.) Distance 1 mile 3 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000, second Rs. 1,000; third Rs. 500. Handicap for horses in third division.

Mr. Alibos' IDYL 8-5 Walker ..... 1
Mrs. Low's THE DEVIL 8-8 Young ..... 2
Mr. Gajadhar's CHERT 7-9 Meekings ..... 3
Mr. Coningham's Feathered Life 9-3 Dobie 4

Also Ran:—Sea Plant 8-11, Tourney 8-10, Double Win 8-9, Kalinourra 8-8, Huge Roe 8-0, Argent 8-0, (car. 8-1), Lady White 7-12, Little Life 7-12, Paganini 7-11 (car 7-12) Adorable 7-2.

Won by 3/4 length, 2½ lenfths between 2nd and 3rd, 2½ lengths between 3rd and 4th.

Time.—3 mins. 22 1/5secs.

Betting: Threes The Devil, fours Feathered Life, eights Idyl, longer prices the others.

Totalizators paid Rs. 82 for win; Rs. 19, Rs 17, and Rs 14 for places.

The Race:—Hugh Roe led out with Little Life and Double Win behind Feathered Life being last. Near the distant post The Devil took it up, but in the straight Idyl ranged alongside of him and easily passed him.

THE MAIDAN PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500, second Rs. 500; third Rs. 250. Handicap for horses in fourth division.

Mr. J Roychaudhuri's JAUNT 8-4 Orchard 1
Mr. Dees' SIMPLE SIMON 8-6 Morris ..... 2
Mr. Lauder's NAUTH GIRL 8-1 Marland 3
Mr. Bhargava's White Poppy 8-9 Trahan ... 4

Also Ran:—Carpe Diem 8-6, Lucrece 8-12, Carless 8-11, Whit Monday 8-10 Lady Archer 8-9, Lough Corrib 8-8, Myrian 8-7, Surprise 8-6, Colonel Chutney 8-5, Goldmine 8-5; Sunny Time 8-4; Repartee 8-4 Flying Foe 8-3 Buff Mail 8-2 Charmio 8-0 Prime Boy 7-11 Well Over 7-0; Fiasco 7-9.

Won by a length, 1½ lengths between 2nd and 3rd, one length between 3rd and 4th.

Time.—1 min. 15 2/5secs.

Totalizators paid Rs. 300 for win and Rs. (indistinct) Rs. 217 and Rs. 32 for places.

Betting: Fours Myrian, sixes Buff Mail and Fiasco; sevens Repartee and Carless; eighths Larigot, Lough Corrib and Nauth Girl; longer prices the others.

The Race:—Owing to the shades of evening the colours were quite indistinguishable, but when the field came nearer it was seen that Nautch Girl was leading with Simple Simon next and Jaunt the ultimate winner about the sixth. Once in the straight Jaunt responded gamely to punishment and going two strides to the others, one she soon passed them all to win by a length.

## MADRAS RACES.

### THIRD DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Jan. 8.

To-day was practically an outsiders' day. The attendance was very large and the afternoon was pleasant. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon came in State just after the first race.

There were six events on the card, the principle of which was the Governor's Cup, for which a cup value Rs. 1,000 was presented by His Excellency Lord Willingdon and Rs. 5,000 from the Fund. Many had spotted Archer the winner and good investments were made on Ben Gill and Matchlock. The favourite did not secure a place. It was a dead certainty with some that Ben Gill was to win.

The Admiral's Cup was the next in importance. This was for a cup value of £25 given by His Excellency Admiral Sir High Toothill and Rs. 1,500 from the Fund. In this Keynote, which was wel. back, came in successful.

The following are the results —

THE HAJEE ISMAIL SAIT PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

Mr A Bowen's SCOTCHPINE, 7-11, Tymon 1
The Yuvarajah of Kolhapur's TAJ, 10-2, P Brown ..... 2
M A R Kesava Mudaliar's PESHWA, 8-7, Babee ..... 3

Also ran:—Marauder 8-10, Mitigation 8-10, Bowery 8-4, Naseebdar 7-12, Duke 7-11, Little Grey 7-0.

Betting:—6 to 4 Taj, 3 to 1 Peshwa, 4 to 1 Marauder, 6 to 1 Bowery, 8 to 1 Mitigation, 12 to 1 Little Grey, 20 to 1 Naseebdar, 30 to 1 Scotchpine and Duke.

The race:—From an indifferent start Scotchpine led and won by three quarters of a length, 1½ lengths separated the second and third.

Time:—1 min. 10 secs.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 437; Places Rs. 218, 10 and 19.

THE PONY PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

H H the Maharajah of Mysore's LITTLE SPEC, 8-7, Quinn ..... 1
Mr C Newman Saunders' WAY OF AN EAGLE, 8-10, Oshaunessy ..... 2
H H the Maharajah of Mysore's MAX, 8-6, Babjan ..... 3

Also ran:—Kapri 9-4, Bobalong 8-6, St Twist 7-0, Cultivator 7-0.

Betting:—6 to 4 Bobalong, 3 to 1 Way of an Eagle, 4 to 1 Little Spec, 5 to 1 Kapri, 10 to 1 Max, St Twist and Cultivator.

The race. Bobalong led. Way of an Eagle following the winner was lying fourth. At the turn Way of an Eagle was in front. In the straight a close finish resulted in Little Spec winning by a neck. Three and a half lengths separated the second and third.

Time:—1 min. 18 2/5 secs.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 57; Places Rs. 19 and 19.

THE STAFF PURSE.—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

The Yuvarajah of Kolhapur's ANAIZA, 10-9, P Brown ..... 1
Mr H R Duke's ORPHAN, 7-12, Mitchell ... 2
Mr M Goculdass' SALSETTE, 9-1, S J Meekings ..... 3

Also ran:—Fusilier 8-9, Markhor 8-5, Colonial 8-2, Orphan 7-12, Lucky Star 7-9.

Betting:—4 to 1 Anaiza, 5 to 1 Salsette, 8 to 1 Fusilier, 10 to 1 Markhor, 12 to 1 Colonial and Orphan.

The race:—The favourite won easily leading throughout. Near the bend the riders of Colonial and Lucky Star were thrown over as a result of Lucky Star crossing its legs and the sides of Colonial falling over Anaiza. Won by 1½ lengths, 2 lengths separated the second and third.

Time:—1 min. 57 secs.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 18; Places Rs. 15 and 82.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP.—Distance 1½ miles.

Winner a Cup and Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,200; third Rs. 800.

Mr R R S's ARCHER, 10-4, P Brown ..... 1
H H the Maharajah of Mysore's BEN GILL, 8-6, Quinn ..... 2
Mr M Goculdass' TWO GATES, 8-3, S J Meekings ..... 3

Also ran:—Matchlock 9-9, Fugie Lady 8-8, Ormed Or 7-12, Dunluce Castle 7-10, King Melton 7-4, Lady Diana 7-0.

Betting:—2 to 1 Matchlock, 3 to 1 Archer, 5 to 1 Ben Gill, 6 to 1 Two Gates, 10 to 1 Dunluce Castle and King Melton, 12 to 1 Ormed Or, 40 to 1 Lady Diana.

The race:—From a good start Lady Diana led till the field rounded the bend. Ben Gill then took the lead closely followed by Two Gates. In the straight Archer came in and challenged. An exciting race followed Archer winning by a short head. A head separated the second and third.

Time:—2 mins. 44 3/5 secs.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 31; Places Rs. 14, 14 and 17.

THE ADMIRAL'S CUP.—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Mr Ali Asker's KEYNOTE, 8-8, Quinn ..... 1
Mr T B Borajannah's MOONLIGHT, 9-6, Babjan ..... 2
Mr H R Duke's NAWABZADA, 9-3, Mitchell ..... 3

Also ran:—Salim 9-7, Peshwa 9-5, Cymbeline 8-2.

Betting:—2 to 1 Nawabzada, 3 to 1 Peshwa and Moonlight, 4 to 1 Keynote; 5 to 1 Salim and Cymbeline.

The race:—Won by a length, 5 lengths between the second and third.

Time:—2 mins. 3 secs.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 57; Places Rs. 20 and 23.

THE ROYAPURAM PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,000; second Rs. 300; third Rs. 200.

H H the Maharajah of Mysore's SIBELL DE LAUGHTON, 9-3, Mitchell ..... 1
The Raja of Venkatagiri's BALLY MACAD, 8-4, Oshaunessy ..... 2
Mr S C Berridge's ILIONE, 9-3, P Brown ... 3

Also ran:—Freda 9-0, Dreamland 9-0, Cobble 8-13, Vlamertinghe 8-14, St Pol 7-7, Stromboli 7-4, Night Watch II 7-4, Googlie 7-0.

Betting:—2 to 1 Ilione, 2 to 1 Sibell De Laughton, 7 to 1 Bally Macad, 8 to 1 Vlamertinghe, Cobble and Night Watch II, 12 to 1 Freda and Dreamland and longer prices the rest.

The race:—Won by a length, a length between the second and third.

Time:—1 min. 5 secs.

Totes paid:—Win Rs. 41; Places Rs. 11, 20 and 10.


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# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation, 3.40 p.m.
Justices' election to fill up a vacancy in the Municipal Corporation.
Prof. J. S. Mackenzie's lecture on "The State" at the University Hall. 5-45 p.m.

TUESDAY, January, 11.

Improvement Trust Meting, 4 p.m.

THURSDAY, January, 12.

The annual meeting of the Gandharva Maha Vidyala, Sandhurst Road, 5 p.m.

### PUBLIC LECTURE.

Under the auspicies of the "Young Nationalists League," a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. Asthaputre, a pleader of Satara, on the Congress Resolution of Non-Co-operation to-day at 6 p.m. at the compound of the "Sandesh Office." the Khetwadi Lane.

### THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Mr. Hurjiwan Kalidas Mehta will lecture in Gujarati at the Hall of the Theosophical Society (72, Apollo Street, Fort) this evening at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "some impressions of the Theosophical Convention at Adsar." The Lecture is open to the public, and seats will be reserved for ladies.

### MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

The Elocution Competition will come in the third week of January 1921. Intending competition should inform the under-Secretary as soon as possible. The fixed date for the competition will be announced in the papers.

### NEWLY BORN CHILD STRANGLED TO DEATH.

On Saturday about 8 a.m., a sweeper whilst cleansing a gutter off Old Hanuman Lane, found a newly-born female child in a broken earthenware. A sari was also found near the child and there was a piece of cloth round the child's neck. The police were informe who removed the body to the morgue where at a post-mortem examination it was found that the child was killed by strangulation.

A inquest was held on the child by the Coroner and a jury who recorded that the death was caused by strangulation by some person, to the jury unknown.

### WRESTLING BOUT THAT COST HIS LIFE,

On Sunday Mr. A. K. King, the local Coroner held an inquest on the body of Diano Govind, a worker employed in a factory. The deceased on Saturday about 6 p.m., went to a gymnasium at Nagdevi Road and commenced wrestling with Bala Rama. He was thrown down by his rival, Bala and fell against a wall. He became unconscious and died in about ten minutes. Evidence showed that the deceased used to attend the gymnasium very often and often he wrestled with Bala with whom he was on friendly terms.

A verdict of death due to heart failure, was recorded.

### CHILDREN'S GUILD OF SERVICE.

The Children's Guild of Service, is now endeavouring to provide special entertainments for the Children of the Bombay Presidency, especialy for those in the outlying districts.

For this purpose the Guild will require a travelling Cinema, the cost of which will be about Rs. 5,000.

To help towards the raising of the above sum, the Entertainment Committee of the Guild are arranging a Grand Entertainment on January 18th at 4-30 p.m. at the Napier Cinema, Poona. It is hoped that the proceeds of this entertainment will go far towards the cost of purchasing a travelling Cinema.

The programme is a good one, for the services of Prof. Fazulddin have been obtained for the occasion, and he is to show a series of wonderful tricks and illusions which have previously delighted the most distinguished audiences in America as well as in every part of India.

In addition there will be Music, and Cinema Films of an amusing and interesting character

It is honed that all who can, will take tickets and help on a scheme that has the welfare of children so much at heart.

## THE MANGLOR FAIR.

The Mangrol Fair is coming off on the 11th instant on the anniversary of the great Pir Saheb the founder of the religious Gadi at Mangrol between Surat and Broach. It is celebrated every year with great splendour under the supervision and guidance of Pir Motamiya Saheb the Sajjada Nashin who is the occupant of the Gadi. Many pilgrims both Muslim and non-Muslim, tage part in it with great enthusiasm as it is held in honour of the great divine equally respected by the communities. The Mangrol Pir Saheb's Gadi is a well known seat, having contributed to Hindu-Moslim unity, and the present Pir Saheb has done a great deal practically to unite both the communities by his scheme "a Cow in Every Home", which has become very popular in the whole of India. The Pir Saheb who is away on a preaching tour is also expected at Mangrol for the occasion. The Mangrol Gadi has always taken keen interest in the depressed classes and this Fair has been an occasion to devise means for their uplift.

## SCOTTISH UNIVERSITIES ENTRANCE BOARD.

The Secretary of the above Board has written to say that some difficulty is experienced by the Board in dealing with applications for certificates of Fitness from Indian students on account of the fact that the certificates submitted by them are seldom sufficient to enable the applications to be disposed of without further correspondence. He asks that it may be made clear to all students applying for certificates of Fitness that they must submit official certificates signed by the Registrar of the University whose examinations they have passed; that to secure exemption from the special examination in English they must have passed in English at the Intermediate Arts Examination of an Indian University; and that, therefore, in addition to an official certificate of passing the Intermediate Examination, there must be a certificate signed by the Registrar of the University concerned showing the subjects in which the student has passed, and the marks obtained.

The fee payable in connection with applications for Certificates of Attestation of Fitness to a Scottish University has been increased from 2s. 6d. to 5s.

## FOUND A POCKET "WALTHAM" GOLD WATCH.

Mr. K. Rajagopala Aiyangar, Clerk (Accounts Section) Field Controller's Office, Poona, writes under date January 7:—

Last night, at 8 o'clock two boys of nearly 12 or 13 years of age (in appearance looked like a Jew and a Muhammadan) brought a gold watch to me for sale. When questioned as to price etc, they answered in such a way as to make me suspect them of some guilt in the affair. When questioned still further, they dropped the watch and fled away. As I could not get any clue as to the whereabouts of the boys or the owner of the watch, have this evening handed it over to the Station Officer, Sholapoor Police Station, Poona Camp. I shall be extremely glad to hear if the owner of the watch can go to the above Police Station and obtain it. The watch was not in working order when the boys handed over the watch to me last night.

## TEACHERS' TERRIBLE LOT

### PLEA FOR AN ALL-INDIA UNION.

Mr. Shiv Dass, Mohalla Imli, Delhi, has addressed the following to the community of teachers, about the formation of an All-India Union of Teachers:—To Teacher Brothers.

Teaching is no doubt a most honourable profession but it provides a starvation salary. "The labour and capital are vying with each other to get the lion's share in the wealth of the world but little does any body care for those who prepare them for their bread and butter and impart them a second sight or to use the traditional Sanskrit phraseology give them a second birth-i.e., make them dwijanma. Truly darkness is to be met with under the earthenware lamp so that as long as the accidental ethics of every one to himself and devil may take care of the hindmost reigns supreme, the meek teaching profession is sure to be kept in the background. Labour in its various phases can struggle with the capital, go on a strike, and dictate terms, but not so the teachers, for therein is involved their honour and time honoured respect.

My blood boils up when I read in the Wanted Column of Bengal, Bombay, and Madras, papers graduate teachers being offered the princely salary of Rs. 40 to Rs. 10 p.m. An average collegiate has to spend Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 p. m. during his period of tuition, and if he is to live up this standard and at the same time support his family as well as his aged parents or their dependents, it passes one's comprehension how can he make both ends meet with the pittance of a salary that is usually offered to him. If he is ever to regard teaching as a stepping-stone to higher ends, and himself as a bird of passage, how can a school expect him to take a very keen and lively interest in the school affairs? As soon as he has gained some intimacy with his pupils and analysed his idiosyncracies, and picked up some valuable experience of the tender boys, the aforesaid salary, the growing needs of his family and other obligations which advancing age and responsibility bring in its train, force him to take to other lines.

If this is the case with the untrained teachers, the trained one fare no better. The indefinite and haphazard policy in vogue among the management, the precariousness, or in some cases even impecuniousness of school finances, want of a graded service and uncertain prospects, and to crown all not infrequently the arbitrary and despotic rule of a manager, a secretary, or a president, who happens to usurp the whole power to himself, either altogether emasculate the in dependence of even a trained teacher, especially that of the Headmasters, or reduce him to the necessity of taking to some other paying line.

It is also admitted on all hands that teaching profession offering no prospects, it does not attract the cream of intelligence. All those who take to this line are forced by circumstances, there being a negligible factor who enter it because they regard it as a work of national importance. Patriotism is no doubt a very noble and exalting sentiment, but then hungry mouths are also to be fed.

And pray, who is the loser in the long run by this unsettled and precarious policy? In the first place, the children, i.e., the coming generations; and in the second place the nation herself. Poorly paid teachers; poor education. Poor education; poor national brains. Poor national brains; poor national income. This is a vicious circle, and it needs must be broken somewhere.

Nationalization of school education in view of the Non-Co-operation policy is indeed a very good thing, but how long is the afore said vicious circle to continue? The plight of the teachers is already intolerable, and there are reasons to believe that unless some safe guards may be provided, these intolerable conditions may still more intensify, and the last straw, you know, breaks the camel's back.

Brother teachers, your salvation lies in your own hands, or rather the salvation of our motherland also lies in your hands. In unity lies strength. Lose no time in forming an All-India Union of Teachers. My draft scheme, already approved by a good many teachers is ready for your criticisms or approval as the case may be, a copy of which can be obtained by any teacher from any part of India who sends a stamped and self-addressed envelope.

Note:—All enquiries are solicited within ten days of publication of this letter so that if there may be necessity of a large number of copies, they may be printed all at once.

## POONA OPEN HOCKEY TOURNAMENTS

The above Tournament will be open to all teams belonging to sporting and educational institutions (military teams excepted) provided such an institution was in existence three months before the date of the Tournament. But the Committee reserves the right of rejecting any entry without giving reasons.

The Tournament will commence on the 17th of January 1921, and is expected to last for a week.

The matches will be played on the P Y. C. Hindu Gymkhana Grounds in Poona according to the rules of the Hockey Association (1919-20) except when otherwise provided. The Tournament will be played on the knock-out system.

The winners of the finals will be the champion team for the year and will be awarded a shield called. "The Mehendale Brothers Hockey Challenge Shield" which they will hold for a year. In addition a silver cup will be given away as a prize to the winners The cup will be their sole property.

All applications for entries should be forwarded to the Secretary before 6 p.m. on 13th January, 1921, together with the entrance fee which is Rs. 10 for each team. The application for entry should also be accompanied by a list of 15 players from whom a team of eleven must be formed. Lots will be drawn on the 14th January, 1921, at 7 p.

The play will always commence at 4-30 p.m., but a grace of fifteen minutes will be allowed Teams arriving after the time of grace will be disqualified at the discretion of the Committee.

All the members of a team must play in the same colours which should be notified at the time of entry. One man cannot play for two teams.

Competing teams must play on the dates and grounds fixed by the Committee and will be liable, on their failing to do so, to be disqualified at the discretion of the Committee.

Any thing which is not provided for in the rules is left to the discretion of the Committee, whose decision, in all matters connected with the Tournament, will be final.

# Economic & Financial Review.

BY "KRISTODAS."

The whole of 1920 was remarkable or rather notorious for one principal event in the history of trade and industry of India and this event was the vagaries of the Exchange. Exchange had its vagaries in several countries of the world, but what distinguished the vagaries of the Indian Exchange from those in other countries was that while the latter were brought about through sheer fortuitous and adventitous circumstances connected with the war and its after-effects, the former were brought about through the mishandling of the whole financial situation by the Finance Department of the Government of India and the ruinous manipulations of the financial strings by the financial clique of the India Office. Whenever we write on this subject we are tempted to throw off all moderation to the winds and to borrow the choice and well-deserved invectives of Mr. Bomanji, "so disastrous has been the effect on the whole country through the utter mismanagement of both the India Office and the Government of India." Every day substantiates evidence against the policy and methods pursued with regard to our Exchange and Currency problems by the Government. Last year, just at about this time, when the first rumbling of the financial storm began to be heard, it was Bombay which sounded the tocsin of alarm through the protests sent by the Indian Chamber of Commerce. These protests were disregarded by the Government and even some of our own countrymen, who stood to make money out of the policy of high exchange being then pursued, thought the protests of the Chamber to be a little misplaced. The wind was sown then and we are reaping the whirlwind now. It is said that the wages of sin is death. The critical financial situation through which we are passing now is nothing else, but a direct result of the quagmire of the absurdities and stupidity in which the Finance Department launched the country last year. Unfortunately, the financial conscience of the rest of India was dulled by the opiates of Reverse Councils and the enormous profits which accrued to people who took advantage of the orgy of mad speculation which ran rampant while these sales were going on. There was no agitation worth the name and even in England we see that very little interest has been taken in one of the wretchedest of financial mismanagement of the affairs of the country and there are but few interpellations in the House of Commons. We are indebted to a friend for getting the following full report of some important interpellations asked by Lieutenant-Colonel Burgoyne in the House of Commons and the heckling to which Mr. Montagu was subjected.

### Mr. Montagu Heckled.

Lieutenant-Colonel Burgoyne asked the Secretary of State for India whether on the recommendations of the Majority Report of the Indian Currency Committee, the Government of India has artificially raised the rate of Indian Exchange to 2s. to the rupee and has fixed the local rate at that level; what have been the highest and lowest points between which the Indian Exchange has fluctuated from the 1st of June to the present day; whether it has been possible to maintain and support the rate of 2s.; what steps he proposes to take to maintain it at this level; and whether he is considering means to stabilise the exchange?

Mr. Montagu: In accordance with the recommendations of the report referred to by my hon. and gallant friend, legislation has been passed in India, under which the sovereign has been made a legal tender at the rate of ten rupees. The quotations asked for in the second part of the question are 2s. 1½d. and 1s. 4¾d. In spite of the sale of sterling drafts to the extent of approximately 50 million pounds (£) between 1st February and 30th September it has not been found practicable to maintain exchange at 2s. The sale of these drafts has been discontinued in accordance with the announcement issued on 29th September last, and the existing trade position does not suggest that the Government of India could advantageously resume the sales at the present time. But I will gladly ask my advisers to consider any suggestion the hon. member has to offer.

Lieut.-Col. Burgoyne asked the Secretary of State for India whether the raising of the rate of Exchange has prejudicially affected the export trade of India; whether it has stimulated imports into India and placed Indian industries at a disadvantage, so that trade is now against India; and whether, in the circumstances, he is prepared to reconsider the recommendations of the Majority Report of the Committee on which the recommendations of the Government of India were based?

Mr. Montagu: The statistics of India trade for the first seven months of the current financial year reveal an adverse balance against India in respect of merchandise and treasure of approximately 36 crores. This is, I believe, mainly due to curtailment of Indian imports during the war years the restriction of the export of food-grains owing to shortage in India and the reduction of the buying powers of European countries in consequence of the depreciation of their currencies. I would add that the present policy was adopted after full inquiry less than a year ago, and having regard to the abnormal factors mentioned above, I do not think that further review is called for.

### Story Without Words.

These questions and answers furnish the financial history of the year and it requires no words on our part to embellish it any further. Mr. Montagu has to make the miserable confession that "in spite of the sale of sterling drafts to the extent of approximately fifty million pounds (£) between 1st February and 30th September it has not been found practicable to maintain exchange at 2s." When Lieut.-Col. Burgoyne proceeded to ask him whether in view of all this, the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India would be prepared to reconsider the recommendations of the Majority Report of the Indian Currency Committee on which the recommendations of the Government of India were based, Mr. Montagu gave a fatuous reply. Our esteemed friend to whom we are indebted for this information observes, very pertinently, "While the Secretary of State's confession of the failure to maintain exchange at 2 is pathetic, combined with his offer 'to consider any suggestion' the hon. member can make, it is regrettable that he holds out no hope of a reconsideration of the whole question. He does not think that a further review is now called for on the ground that the present policy was adopted after 'full enquiry' less than a year ago. Then again, there are abnormal facts such as the curtailment of Indian imports during the war years, the restriction on the export of food-grains owing to shortage in India, and the reduction of the buying powers of European countries in consequence of the depreciation of their currencies, which, he thinks, rightly debar any reconsideration of the policy at the present moment.

"All this is very well; but is it not equally true that the Government of India had no business to make any permanent change in the midst of the very abnormal conditions that they now hold forth as an excuse for not reconsidering a wrong policy indicted on India, as a most grievous wrong?"

### The Nemesis.

The import trade of India is suffering at present from the evil effects of juggling in Exchange which was the rule of the last year. Had the importers not looked to their own selfish considerations but looked to the interests of the country as a whole, things would not have come to this pass; but the Government policy of *divide et imperia* succeeded in dividing the importers and exporters last year and getting support to the Government policy from the former. The result is seen in the present debacle. Some time back we wrote criticising the action taken by the Delhi Piece-goods Association in passing a resolution to the effect that Bills would be accepted only at the rate of 2s. At that time, as far as our information goes, the premier Piece-goods Association of Bombay disapproved of such a step, but through some reason or other different counsels have since then prevailed and a resolution is now passed that Bills should be accepted only for 2s.

### Department of Industries.

Complaints are several times made in the Press and outside that the expense incurred by the Government for their publications is abnormally large and that several publications containing a bulk quantity of matter are not much used by the general public. The complaint with regard to size or expense will not apply to the recent report issued by the Acting Director of Industries and submitted to the Government of Bombay. It contains a modest 20 pages, the first three pages of which are occupied with the personnel of the department leaving about 16 to 17 pages to describe the various activities of this infant prodigy of the Government of Bombay. From the very establishment of the department we have been marking one thing specially and it is that it has been feeding itself with hopes and aspirations and trying to satisfy the general public with the same sort of spiritual food. The exact extent of practical work comes practically to nil; but pious platitudes are always given forth to serve as a sort of the recompense for the omissions. With regard to the technical and industrial training, the Acting Director of Industries remarks that in the Bombay Presidency there is no source of skilled workmen such as is found in the Punjab to draw from. Whose fault is this? Have Government moved out of their way to ask the Railway Companies which have got the biggest workshops to admit Indians as apprentices on favourable terms? The B. B. and C. I. Railway workshops have a system of admitting apprentices; but there are three classes, made by them. One is of Europeans and Anglo-Indians, the other is of literate Indians; and the third of illiterate Indians. The first class gets double the wages of the second class for practically the same work with much more of concessions. This is but one instance to show the iniquitous system of unfairness and injustice which has operated in the way of keeping down the Indians with regard to their training in industrial matters.

### Its Activities.

With regard to the chemical branch, as it is called, of the department one portentous sentence sums up all the work. It has been put so nicely that we cannot resist the temptation of quoting it here. "The development of industry in this Presidency depends to a very large extent on chemistry and chemists and engineers of the department will have to work in close touch with each other." Really we were not cognisant of the great truths conveyed by this pregnant sentence which may be commended for imitation and adoption by our new scribblers of reports, whoever they may be, under the Reforms regime. A small paragraph is devoted to pottery, that eggregiously white elephant which was foisted upon this Presidency by Lord Sydenham in utter disregard of expense and utility. The Government apparently insists however on spoon-feeding this sickly child of theirs and keeping alive its miserable existence. There is not much to notice or comment about in other small paragraphs of the report and we can close it with a hope that our new minister for Industry will make the matters liven up a little. By the by, the public should like to know the reasons which induced the Government to *fix square men in round holes*. Why give the Industry Department to the charge of Mr. Paranjpye and leave Mr. Chunilal, one of our premier industrialists, to wander in the forests and rummage about the toddy and liquor shops?

## THE EXCHANGE SCANDAL.

### MERCHANTS RESORT TO NON-COOPERATION.

Along with the importers of other foreign goods in the city the Indian Merchants trading in umbrellas imported from foreign countries have also suffered severely on account of the sudden unwarrantable rise in exchange and they all attribute the cause to the deluding promises to be found in the public utterances of responsible officials of the British Raj. The importers of foreign goods have found themselves involved in heavy loss through this mighty exchange trouble simply because they put faith in the words of these English statesmen. The Indian Finance Minister in his speech on the Budget gave assurances of a stable rate of 2 shillings and 6 pence. In addition to it there was the 2 shillings for a rupee and a pound stering for Rs. 10. Over and above that the benign Government conferred on the people the obligation by notifying that it would purchase for a certain fixed period gold sovereigns at Rs. 15. All these allurements misled the import mechants who putting blind faith on these publications and utterances went in whole heartedly for imports to find themselves face to face with tremendous losses.

Reviewing the question critically there is ample justification on the part of merchants if they refuse to clear goods at the current rate of exchange. For that reason the association passed the following resolutions at a meeting held last week.

1. No member of the Association should place orders for import of goods, either from Great Britain or Japan or from any other foreign country upto the end of August 1921.

2. Until the rate of exchange comes upto at least 2 shillings for a rupee no bill should be paid either in a Bank or to the Indentors.

3. No member of the Association should purchase (directly or indirectly) the imported goods of any other members of the Association which would be offered for sale by any office or by any Bank as on default committed.

## AN INSULT TO SHASTRIS.

### LAHORE CONVOCTION INCIDENT,

A meeting of the Sary Hitkarni Sabha (the Managing Committee of the Dayanand Mahavidyala, Amritsar) was specially convened on the 29th ultimo and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

1. Resolved that this meeting expresses its sense of indignation and regret at the very haughty and arrogant treatment accorded by the responsible officials of the Punjab University at its convocation to the learned Shastris who went to attend the said Convocation to receive their Degrees; and considers it an open insult to the entire Hindu Community believing Sanscrit to be the Dev Bani (Divine Language).

It further impresses upon the University Authorities the equality of priviliges of Sanscrit Scholars to these of other academical studies and calls upon the said Authorities to warn the officials responsible for this sad treatment to the revered pandits to avoid the possibility of such recurrence.

2. It further congratuiates the Shastris for their heroic stand and appreciates the LL.B's. and B.T's. for their timely help and cooperation with their fellow candidates for recognition of their honour and right.

3. Resolved also that copies of these Resolutions be sent to the University Authorities and the press.

## GERMAN DEBTS.

The following notice is published by the Controller, Local Clearing Office, (Enemy Debts), Delhi:—

British and Indian nationals, including subjects of States in India, who have not yet notified their claims against German nationals to the Local Clearing Office, and those who have notified their claims to a Custodian of Enemy Property but have not received a communication from the Local Clearning Office, should notify their claims to the Controller, Local Clearing Office, (Enemy Debts), Delhi, at once, in view of the fact that the time limit fixed by the Treaty for receipt of claims by that office expires on 2nd February 1921.

(Continued from column 6.)

spread of education and the raising of the status of the Catholics of Bassein.

Proposed by Mr. Gabaeil D'Silva.
Seconded by Mr. Anthony Dias.

That with a view to carrying out the above resolutions a committee with power to add to their number, be appointed to consider and take such measures and to make such representations as may be deemed fit, proper and advisable.

Nine to form quoram.

Proposed by Mr. A. Baptista.
Seconded by Mr. S. M. Pereira.

# GRIEVANCES OF BASSEIN CATHOLICS.

## PROTEST AGAINST PORTUGUESE JURISDICTION.

## PUBLIC MEETING AT BASSEIN.

A public meeting of the lay Catholics of Bassein was held yesterday (Sunday) the 9th January at 2-30 p.m., at Wadi, Orebhat in accordance with the notice for convening the meeting issued over the signatures of several prominent Bassein Catholic Christians. The meeting was of a very important nature and as the subjects that were announced for discussion were also of a serious charactor a large number of Catholics of Taluka Bassein, Zilla Thana and the parishioners of the eleven churches assembled at the place of meeting. The objects for which this meeting was convened could be set forth thus:—

1. To consider what steps should be taken against the increase of fees in respect of Christenings, Funerals, Marriages, Masses, etc., 2. To consider whether any, and if so, what measures should be taken for the displacement of the Portuguese Ecclesiastical jurisdiction, 3. To consider measures for the Education of Bassein Catholics.

### SCENES OF ENTHUSIASM.

It could be safely said that never before in recent times was held so large and representative a meeting of the Catholics of Bassein. Mr. Thomas Ferriera M.A., LL.B., Solicitor, (Bombay) was present throughout the proceedings and rendered great help during the deliberations. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Clement D'Souza. The proceedings were conducted in Marathi, but the forcefulness of the speakers, their convincing style, their evident sincerity and depth of conviction elicited vociferous applause from the appreciative audience.

### POVERTY OF THE COMMUNITY.

It would apear that the gist of the grievances of the Bassein Catholics is that owing to a curious political survival which has by this time become an objectionable anachronism the Churches of Bassein are obliged to remain for purposes of ecclesiastical Government under the Archbishop of Damaun and that the nomination to the offices in the ecclesiastical heirarchy are made by the Portuguese Government. This the Bassein Catholics maintain is highly undesirable and the object of their endeavours is to achieve the emancipation of their churches from the alien [illegible] of the Portuguese and to transfer it to the diocese of the Archbishop of Bombay or any prelate that the Holy See may decide.

The movers and supporters of the various resolutions spoke at length about the present deplorable condition of their community and the lack of education among them and attributed this to the lamentable apathy of their present ecclesiastical heads. The speakers referred to the fat incomes which the priests were drawing from the enhanced fees and also how not much of it was spent on the betterment of the community. The resoluotions the text of which are given below were all carried unanimously:—

### RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

That this meeting is of opinion that the increase of fees for Christenings, funerals, Masses, and religious functions is unjustifiable.

Proposed by Mr. Thomas Carvallio.
Seconded by Mr. S. J. Pereira.
Supported by Mr. Manes Colaco.
Carried unanimously.

II. That in view of the backward condition of the Catholics of Bassein religiously, educationaly, and materially, this meeting is of opinion that the state of things cannot be improved as long as the Padroado exists and deems it imperative that steps be taken to have the jurisdiction of the Bishop of Damaun displaced and the Catholics of Bassein placed under the Archbishop of Bombay, or any prelate as the Holy See may decide.

Proposed by Mr. Lewis D'Penha.
Seconded by Mr. Ignacis J. Pereira.
Supported by Messrs. Philip Noronha, M. Almeida and A. Baptista.

III. That the Chairman be requested to despatch telegrams to the following effect to His Holiness Pope Benedict XV and to His Excellency the Rt. Hon'ble Count de Salis, His Britannic Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentuary to the Holy See, to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, and to His Excellency the Delegate Apostolic.

### TEXT OF TELEGRAMS.

(1) That the Catholics of Bassein assembled in a Public General Meeting and representing twenty thousand Catholics invoke His Holiness's blessing on them and families and pray to be delivered from the Padroado and the Jurisdiction of the Bishop of Damaun.

(2) That the Catholics of Bassein assembled in a Public General Meeting request His Excellency the Britanic Majesty's Minister to the Holy See to move the Holy See and the British Government to have the Portuguese Ecclesiastical jurisdiction removed.

(3) That the Catholics of Bassein assembled in public general meeting present their humble duty to His Excellency the Governor and pray that action be taken to have the Padroado and the Bishop of Damaun's jurisdiction removed from Bassein.

(4) That the Catholics of Bassein assembled in public general meeting offer their respectful homage to His Excellency the Delegate Apostolic and pray that His Holiness be moved to have the Padroado and the Bishop of Damaun's jurisdiction removed from Bassein.

Proposed by Mr. Gabreil D'Silva.
Seconded by Mr. Pascaol Andrades.

IV. That efficient parish schools and a good High School are needed for the

(Continued in column 5.)

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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Monday, January* 10, 1921.

## AN UNFORTUNATE DECISION.

One of the resolutions that were adopted by the Indian National Congress at Nagpur is open to grave objections. It is the resolution dealing with the discontinuance of the newspaper "India,"—"Organ of the Indian National Congress" in London—and the abolition of the British Committee. By that resolution a committee was also appointed to wind up the affairs of the British Committee. It includes the names of Messrs. Ben Spoor, Holford Knight and Dube; but excludes those of one or two other gentlemen whom the public in this country know and trust. It must be remembered that the Congress Sub-committee which was entrusted with the revision of the Constitution, and which consisted of some of our best men like Mahatma Gandhi and Messrs. V. J. Patel, N. C. Kelkar, A. Rangaswami Iyengar and others, did not think it necessary to suggest either the abolition of the British Committee and with it the newspaper "India," or even any change in the position of these two institutions in relation to the Congress and the All-India Congress Committee. The only defect of their proposal was the perpetuation of the old incongruous position by assuring to the British Committee a very handsome annual donation without exacting a definite responsibility to the Congress. No endeavour was made to secure proper coordination of efforts nor was any check sought to be imposed over the expenditure of Congress moneys by the British Committee. It was left to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to realise the untenability of such a position and that body suggested suitable amendments in the draft constitution, which, had they been adopted by the Congress, might have resulted in a proper readjustment of the relations of the British Committee with the Congress and in making the British Committee and "India" representative of the Congress not only in name but in reality. But evidently the Bombay proposals did not commend themselves to those who, for reasons only known to themselves, made up their minds that these two institutions should go. This is the more surprising in view of the fact that the position of the British Committee itself had undergone a vast change since its reconstitution last year, and no one will doubt for a moment that even "India" had improved considerably and was doing very useful work. About the attitude of the British Committee, enough has already been said in these columns to show that it is not one of hostility to the Congress but one of sympathetic coordination. It is, therefore, difficult to understand the causes that led the Subjects Committee of the Congress to adopt a proposal of a decidedly controversial character and then thrust the unpleasant duty of placing it before the Congress upon the president.

The amendment, which was to have been moved in the Congress, was simple and even thoroughly consistent with the first part of the resolution which declares that in the opinion of the Congress foreign propaganda is necessary. It asked for a fair trial to be given both to the British Committee and the newspaper "India" until at least the next Congress met, when it was open to the Congress to review the position in the light of their working. It is not easy to reconcile the recommendation of the Subjects Committee with that of the Congress Sub-Committee. Such recommendation could have only been possible if the Subjects Committee had been placed in possession of information that was not available to the Sub-Committee when it drew up the articles of the draft constitution and published the same for the information of the public. Or it may be that in the interval that elapsed since the publication of the Sub-Committee's report, the British Committee and "India" had both retrograded and become hostile to the Congress. In any case the Congress and the country were entitled to know the nature of any such developments before being asked to vote upon the proposal. We have never yet heard it even suggested that there were any untoward developments. On the contrary, during that interval we have had the most unqualified assurance from the chairman and the acting chairman of the British Committee that its present members were ready to abide by the deliberate conclusions of the Congress. As for "India", it has been considerably strengthened by the appointment of Mr. Syud Hossain as the Editor and the active interest taken in it by Mr. B. G. Horniman. Both are journalists of repute and in their love and knowledge of India and desire to serve India they are second to none. Now, we cannot have more disinterested testimony about the working of the British Committee and "India" than from Mr. Horniman. Writing in "India" on the eve of the Congress, he said:—

For the past nineteen months I have been working with the British Committee of the Indian National Congress, during my enforced absence in England. Beginning with a rather sceptical view as to its utility—a view, perhaps, justified by the conditions at the moment of my arrival—experience has shown me the great value of its work and the essential need of its continued existence in the form adopted in the new constitution, which was evolved last year by the combined wisdom of Lokmaniya Tilak and Dr. Clark. It would be a disaster, which I hardly dare to contemplate, were the Committee to be dissolved or were any step taken which would impair its utility or deprive the Congress of the valued co-operation on it of the British public men—lovers of liberty and true-hearted workers for the Indian cause—who have been and are helping us with selfless devotion.

If I was sceptical as to the value of the Committee when I first came to England, I was still more sceptical as to the value of the journal "India." I have become convinced of the value of both. "India" has been infused during the past year with a new spirit, with a vigour and uncompromising tone, that constitutes it a splendid and most valuable asset to the Congress cause in England. It is the *vade mecum* of every Member of Parliament and public man who studies Indian questions; it is the resort in emergency of every Member of Parliament and public man who finds himself suddenly confronted with the need to form an opinion on any Indian question that comes suddenly to the fore; its repute is gradually penetrating, throughout the country, to all the Labour and other organisations that stand for freedom. The value of a journal like "India" is not to be judged by its circulation in numbers, but by its influence and the work it is doing for the cause as a propagandist organ. "India" is becoming of increasing value in that respect to those of us who are fighting for the Congress in this country, and it will grow more valuable if it is not starved. I could not have shown my own appreciation of its value more greatly than by persuading, as I was able with others to do, my friend Syud Hossain to give up all other work and devote himself to the conduct of "India" for at least a year.

If the British Committee and "India" did not render in the past as much service as might have been desired, the fault lay, we think, more with the All-India Congress Committee which was till recently in a comparative state of inanition. For that reason nobody ever suggested that the All-India Congress Committee should be given the go-by. With the quickening of the National consciousness, the Committee has gained in importance and its members through whose veins mostly runs young blood have begun to feel a revivified interest in its work. Likewise, we have no doubt these two institutions in London would be serving India's cause with a redoubled vigour and zeal. Nor has it been suggested that Congress should cease all foreign propaganda. On the other hand, the Congress has explicitly recognized the necessity of such propaganda and we learn that at the first meeting of the newly constituted All-India Congress Committee held at Nagpur on the 1st instant thousands of rupees were allotted for propaganda both in England and America. In the circumstances, therefore, we should have thought that the Congress would try fully to utilise existing institutions on the establishment and maintenance of which it had for years already spent thousands of pounds. If there were defects in their present composition they could have been remedied. It has not been said that these institutions were beyond redemption or past usefulness. The decision to put an end to their existence is therefore, most unfortunate.

## Notes of the Day

**Landlords' Way.**

The readers of this journal are aware that we have no desire to be unduly harsh in our criticism of the part the landlords of this city as a class are playing under the restrictive provisions of the Rent Act. At the same time, we cannot help regretting that a section of the landlord class have been behaving in a most reprehensible manner, for which, unfortunately, there are not adequate means of redress, legal or social. A typical case of such reprehensible behaviour towards the tenants is furnished by the facts, if they are true contained in the communication we publish to-day from a tenant of Hanuman Buildings, situate near Lamington Road. The tale of harassments recounted in the letter is shocking enough, if true, but we shall not be far wrong in saying that similar, if not worse, is the lot of the tenants of not a few buildings in Bombay. The Rent Act has, one regrets to find, exercised the ingenuity and cupidity of the landlords to an extent undreamt of, and in consequence the benevolent provisions of the Act have proved to be powerless to prevent injustice to tenants. The only safety of the latter lies in the rigorous enforcement not only of the provisions of the Rent Act, but also of the existing Municipal laws and regulations. The neglect of repairs to the building, not only with a view to take a revenge on the tenants, but also in the hope of impairing the safety of the building and thus ultimately securing the end in view, namely, the evacuation of the building and its reconstruction with a view to profiteering, is one of the now common devices of the landlord. Such devilry can only be prevented by a rigorous application of the Municipal regulation about repairs and by the joint action of the tenants, as in the case of the Hanuman Buildings, to secure all the necessary repairs that the building may require and thus deprive the landlord of his dishonest excuse to pull down the building.

**Police and Judges.**

"New India" publishes the report of what it describes as "an extraordinary incident", which happened on Friday last on the Beach Road in Madras. It appears that on that morning the local police and the military were rehearsing, in public, of course, their respective arrangements for the reception of the Duke of Connaught. Traffic on the road in question was peremptorily stopped at ten, without any notice to the public. Among the persons thus detained were the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Sadashiva Iyer and a number of vakils, who were proceeding in their carriages to the High Court. After a while, Mr. Justice Sadashiva Iyer, accosting a sergeant on duty, asked him why no notice was given to the public as to the blocking of the passage. The sergeant, it is reported, replied in a curt and discourteous tone "I will physically prevent you from going" and though he was told that he was addressing his remarks to a Judge of His Majesty's High Court, he said even more loftily "I care not who you are." At this stage, it seems, the Chief Justice, turned up and "the sergeant was all politeness, and teeming with courteous replies, and, in fact, fetched the Assistant Commissioner of Police to throw more light on the situation." Our contemporary in drawing the attention of Government to the incident and trusting that policemen of the type of the sergeant in question will be taught a severe lesson, observes pathetically that "some of these police underlings seem to imagine that they can treat with indifference even high-placed Indians." But are the police underlings alone to blame? They merely learn their correct attitudes from their betters. And it is not "high-placed" Indians alone who suffer from the "indifference" of the guardians of the peace. For one "high-placed" Indian there are a thousand lowly ones who are made to feel the weight of this "indifference" from day to day. We see nothing at all extraordinary in the incident narrated by our contemporary, unless it be the publicity which such incidents receive when "high-placed" individuals are involved in it.

**Chadband?**

The Rev. Mr. Chadband may be a fictitious freak, but the Chadband style of oratory was certainly no invention. We are really sorry that the illustrious orator of Bengal should have given us a sample of farcical eloquence to justify his acceptance of a knighthood. The following extract from his speech in the "Bengali" office is too comical to be missed:—

"Was he to put away the gift spontaneously conferred by His Sovereign in recognition of his services to the Motherland?—It did not lie in his power to do so. He was not made of brass and stone, but of flesh and blood, instinct with the impulse of gratitude and when the head of the State conferred upon him an honour in recognition of—he was told by an highest authority—his service done to the State and Motherland, was it for him to say "nay" because of feelings which might be excited in the Extremist section of the community?—He was sure his acceptance of the title would be viewed with sympathy, thankfulness and gratitude by the Moderate party which he had the honour to lead at the present moment. Bear this fact in mind, he said, that this was the first time that this honour had been conferred upon an Indian journalist. Bear this also in mind, he continued, that this was the first time that this honour had been conferred upon an Indian public man for public services. Here they had the recognition by the Sovereign of the services rendered to the people and to the State. The people and the State were identified and there was the recognition. He thought that it would be impolitic, unwise, and almost ungrateful to refuse such a recognition and that he must accept it with thankfulness, and the Moderate party ought to regard it as a recognition of the services of that party in the cause of Indian emancipation and Indian political salvation."

**Obliging the King.**

Sir Surendranath believes that the King-Emperor was importunate with the offer of a knighthood, and he not being composed of brass and stone—certainly not the latter—succumbed to the entreaty, bringing honour to himself, his party and his profession while obliging the King-Emperor. It is pathetic to see all this guileless fustian and we may assure Sir Surendranath that "Extremists" are more amused than annoyed at his estimate of men and things. But his jaunty oratory was based on slender facts. He thinks it the first time an Indian journalist ever got within reach of a knighthood. May we inform Sir Surendranath that Mr. B. M. Malabari declined the offer, yes, the spontaneous offer of the King-Emperor? Sir Surendranath also prides himself on the supposition that it is the first time an Indian public man got the title for public services—an unpardonable lapse of memory. We need not recite the names of the dead, but how have all the living Moderate knights acquired the dignity that has intoxicated Sir Surendranath? Will he tell us on what grounds the public services of a public man like Sir Dinshaw Wacha may be distinguished from his own? His knighthood has whirled him up with a sense of pomp and we are sorry for the volubility which makes the distinction almost comic. The Moderate party may be thankful for the honour clapped on its head (gratitude being the lively expectation of favours to come), but they will wince at its description.

**How Anger Evaporates.**

Among the prodigies of the Moderate party, Mr. Chintamani holds a high place and he is one of the new ministers who are determined to do or die. Journalism is not exactly a short-cut to distinction in India, but Mr. Chintamani is, we believe, the first journalist to climb to high office after concentrating on his own profession. He has a strong memory, with a rectangular finish for every idea in his head. Now that he has reached the crest of office—we expected it when he declined to go to the Press Conference in Canada—we hope he will excuse us the jest of reminding him of a passage-at-arms in 1918. The repetition by us of a report touching the Finance Ministry of Patiala provoked the indignation of Mr. Chintamani and he proceeded to silence calumniators who spoke, apparently, of a Montagu ministership in connection with his name. He went out of his way to give the assurance, injudicious and unsolicited, that if he came across a ministership he would hand it over to Mr. B. G. Horniman or Mr. Syud Hossain, both suspects in Mr. Chintamani's eyes! And when writing in the "Servant of India" on proposals of inferior status to the minister, Mr. Chintamani again spoke in scorn of the contemplated office, but it must be mentioned that the status has since been improved. Mr. Chintamani learned later that we wrote without malignant intention, but his violent protestations show once more that even a Moderate does miscalculate, in moments of renunciation.

# SITUATION IN IRELAND.

## NEGOTIATIONS WITH SINN FEINERS.

## GOVT. TO TREAT WITH DE VALERA DIRECT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 8.

In spite of continued lawlessness in Ireland there are growing indications that Government and Sinn Fein leaders are on the eve of important conferences from which much is expected. It is generally assumed that de Valera has landed in Ireland and he is believed to be in Dublin although his whereabouts is closely hidden. It is reported from Dublin that he is assuming leadership of the intellectuals or the moderate party who are intent on a pacific settlement, and are directly opposed to the extremists who are striving to attain their aim by violence.

SOUTH IRELAND'S "AWAKENING."

Government is apparently prepared not only to grant de Valera safe conduct, but treat with him direct. It is surmised that negotiations will be pursued on the basis of revision of the Home Rule Act. In the mean time, South Ireland is awakening to the advantages offered by it. Government expects to have the Northern Parliament constituted in three months and candidates are already being selected. It is generally understood that Sir James Craig will be the first premier. Sir E. Carson will not take office in the Ulster administration but has decided to retire.

## LATEST OUTRAGE IN CORK.

### SIX POLICEMEN WOUNDED BY BOMB.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 8.

Six policemen were wounded in Cork last night, by a bomb thrown near the headquarters. The force turned out with rifles and machineguns which were used on the quays and neighbourhood, resulting in several persons being wounded.

## TWO MILITARY LORRIES AMBUSHED.

### ASSAILANTS REPULSED WITH LOSSES

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 9-45 p.m., Jan. 8.

Two military lorries each with five soldiers and one policeman were ambushed [illegible] Cork last night. Soldiers and policemen routed their opponents who used machineguns and rifles. The assailants fled leaving their ammunition. Their casualties are believed to be heavy. The troops had no casualties.

## TWO IRISH STOWAWAYS ON AMERICAN STEAMER.

### STATE DEPARTMENT'S INVESTIGATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 9.

Washington.—Two men claiming to be Mr. Peter McSwiney, brother of the late Mayor of Cork, and Mr. Daniel O'Callaghan, the present Mayor of Cork, recently arrived at Newport News, "Virginia," as stowaways on the American steamer West Canon, from Ireland. Both were arrested, but subsequently released, the latter under guard, as Mr. McSwiney carried a passport. The State Department has ordered investigation as regards Mr. O'Callaghan's arrival and intimates that unless extraordinarily extenuating reasons are produced, he must be treated as an ordinary stowaway. Mr. O'Callaghan declares that he was proceeding to Washington to give evidence before the Irish committee of enquiry.

## HAS BOLSHEVISM INFECTED BRITAIN?

### DR. A. SHADWELL SAYS "NO."

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 6.
Recd. 4-30 p.m., Jan. 9.

It is a mistake to suppose that Bolshevis has infected Britain. This is a conclusion reached by Doctor Arthur Shadwell, the famous author and journalist, who has just concluded an exhaustive investigation into the revolutionary movement in Great Britain. On behalf of "The Times" Dr Shadwell toured the industrial areas, searching for causes and tendencies of the prevailing unrest. He says that the ferment of revolution is undoubtedly workin in the hearts of a number of people, examples of whose species exist everywhere, who would "get up a revolution Heaven". In Britain, however, these are comparatively few and powerless owing absence of material on which to work. Dr. Shadwell says that Bolshevism is essentially international depending on external propaganda for its existence. Consequently, there is a tendency to discern the hand of Moscow in any British revolutionary manifestation, but this is a mistake. Bolshevism has made the idea of revolution familiar, but its influence is steadily waning. Indeed, opinion is hardening against Moscow's dictatorial tenets, which are abhorrent to the British temperament.

# INTER-ALLIED WAR INDEBTEDNESS.

## THRASH OUT QUESTION IN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE.

## FINANCIER R. FFENNELL'S SUGGESTIONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 0-30 p.m., Jan. 8.

Financier Raymond Ffennell, in a letter to "The Times", refers to the impending visit of Lord Chalmers to Washington, with the object of discussing the rearrangement of the payment of Britain's war debts to America. Ffennell infers that Britain, in proposing to pay, is apparently not considering what course shall be pursued with regard to European allies' indebtedness to her which, even excluding Russia's heavy debt, exceed Britain's debt to the United States. Ffennell asks if the nations which fought alongside, for right, liberty and truth should exact from each other the uttermost payment for the services rendered.

RISK TO FUTURE PEACE.

He suggests that the levying of repayments on a business basis among the Allies will jeopardise the future peace and friendliness, and will prevent the stability of exchanges, the flourishing of trade, and the disappearance of unemployment. He urges the Americans to convene an international conference at which the whole question of inter-allied war indebtedness might be discussed. Ffennell fears that Government has not fully realised the vital importance of dealing correctly, wisely and broad-mindedly with foreign debts.

## A MOSQUE IN PARIS.

### PLANS MAKING CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 9.

A telegram to "The Times" from Paris says the plans for the erection of a mosque in Paris are making considerable progress. Parliament has authorised half a million francs and the Moslems of Algeria, Morocco and Tunis will be asked to contribute a hundred and fifty thousand francs from each country. The site will probably be near the Hotel des Invalides and the construction will be entrusted to Moslem architects.

## PHYSICAL CULTURE SCHOOL AT BENARES.

### TO BE STARTED BY PROF. RAMAMOORTHI.

Prof. Ramamoorthi wires from Calcutta under date January 4:—

"In response to many students asking me as to where they shall go after adopting Non-Cooperation, I advise them to go to Benares Hindu University which is run on thoroughly national lines, and where I am going to join with a view to start a physical culture school attached to the University. I advise my young patriots to apply to the Principal forthwith."

## BURMA NEWS.

### TOWARDS SETTLEMENT OF UNIVERSITY BYCOTT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
RANGOON, Jan. 7.

A deputation from Moulmein, who presented a memorandum of nineteen concessions for the settlement of the University and school situation discussed all possible methods with the Secretary to the Government. An official statement states that the discussion on the points referring to the University will be published on Wednesday the 17th instant, setting forth any concession it might be possible to make and promises an early pronouncement on the issues relating to schools.

The attendance at the University colleges and the principal Rangoon school averages 40 per cent. of the normal. Some more names are on the books of the boys who are granted leave. A few additional schools are reported to be on strike in the districts and moreover national education is still being advocated.

Sir George Hunt, Inspector-General of Forests, arrived on Thursday and is staying at Government House as guest of Lt.-Governor and Lady Craddock. Hhe proceeds soon to Port Blair.

Mr. Keith, Commanding Magwe Division, goes to the Legislative Assembly as the Burma official representative. Mr. Pennel, Commissioner Irrawaddy Division proceeds to Magwe and Mr. H. Smith I.C.S., officiates as commissioner of the Irrawaddy Division.

The Rangoon Coachmen and Syces Union have decided that those who have not received increase of pay recently demanded should strike from the 11th to 13th instant after which those who are not granted increases will stay out till further orders.

The new central hall for the Salvation Army was opened on Thursday by the Chief Judge, S. M. Robinson, in the presence of a large gathering, including the Commissioner and Mrs. Bullard.

# INDIAN VICEROYALTY.

## "TIMES" SUPPORTS LORD READING'S CANDIDATURE.

## A SNUB TO HEBROPHOBISTS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 0-30 p.m., Jan. 8.

In the course of a leading article "The Times" supports the proposal to send Lord Reading to India because not one of the numerous distinguished men, mentioned in connection with the Viceroyalty, is better qualified to control the Indian administration in the period of the great emergency. "The Times" dismisses the suggestion that Lord Reading's religion is an obstacle to his appointment.

The journal says that if Lord Reading goes to India, the Rt. Hon. Sir Gordon Hewart or the Rt. Hon. Edward Shortt will become Lord Chief Justice and the long-deferred reconstruction of the Cabinet will probably be undertaken. "The Times" states that Mr. Walter Long will resign from the Admiralty before the Parliament meets and that Lord Milner will also probably resign.

## APPOINTMENT INCREASINGLY PROBABLE.

### WHY ANNOUNCEMENT IS DELAYED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 9.

The "Times" states that the appointment of Lord Reading to the Viceroyalty is regarded as increasingly probable. The reasons for his hesitation were possibly removed at his interview with the Prime Minister, today.

The "Daily Graphic" understands that he has practically decided to accept the post and that certain domestic arrangements and the fact that he is desirous of assisting in the selection of the new Chief Justice are alone delaying the announcement.

# THE NEW VICEROY

## APPOINTMENT OF LORD READING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
Delhi, Jan. 9, 1921.

His Majesty the King-Emperor, on the recommendation of Prime Minister, has been pleased to appoint Rufus Daniel Issacs P.C, G.C.B., K.C.V.O., Earl of Reading as Viceroy and Governor-General of India in succession to Frederick John Napier, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E., G.B.E., Baron Chelmsford.

## IMPERIAL PACIFIC FLEET?

### A LONDON NEWSPAPER'S COUP.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 10-30 a.m., Jan. 9.

Considerable interest has been aroused in the Dominions circles in London by the announcement in a London newspaper, asserting that a Canadian naval squadron is being transferred to the Pacific, where it will cooperate with the United States fleet. The statement has received especial publicity in Australia, where an unauthorised comment talks of creation of an Imperial Pacific fleet to which the Royal Navy and Canada, Australia and New Zealand will contribute.

Reuter's enquiries in London however fail to elicit the slightest confirmation regarding the foregoing statements. Indeed, it is asserted that Canada, while sympathetic from the Imperial point of view to the Imperial Pacific Fleet, wishes nothing so much as to be left to develop her internal resources. It is further pointed out that the original statement emanated from America. Nothing whatever is to hand from Canada. It may be further mentioned that the orders for some of the Canadian warships to be sent to the Pacific were given some weeks ago before the vessels left Britain, the intention of the Canadian authorities being that they should appear on both the shores.

## NAVAL SHIPBUILDING IN U. S.

### ADMIRAL COONTZ'S OPPOSITION TO PERCENTAGE REDUCTIONS.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 0-30 p.m., Jan. 8.

Washington.—Testifying before the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, Admiral Coontz, Chief of Naval Operations, opposed any percentage reductions in naavl shipbuilding. In the course of discussion, the Committee was informed that Japan, in order to expedite her building programme, was having three large battleships built in England.

# FUTURE OF PALESTINE.

## ARAB-JEWISH COOPERATION.

## SIR A. MOND OPTIMISTIC.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, Jan. 5
Recd. 10-30 a.m., Jan. 9.

Sir Alfred Mond, who is going to Palestine on January 6 to discuss the details of the new Palestinian loan with Sir Herbert Samuel, in the course of an interview with Reuter's correspondent spoke most optimistically of the future of Palestine. He emphasised the enormous amount of work to be done. The country must practically be rebuilt. He dwelt on the enthusiasm of the Jews especially in Central Europe for the settlement in Palestine. Many were actually walking from the Ukraine and were reaching Palestine via Constantinople. The difficulty was to restrain the would-be immigrants, until the land was prepared for a new population. Sir Alfred said he did not anticipate religious difficulties. There was already a good deal of Arab-Jewish commercial cooperation and the population would improve as the country advanced. All responsible Jewish leaders were anxious to secure the Arab cooperation.

## UNEMPLOYMENT IN ENGLAND.

### IMPENDING CRISIS IN SHIPPING INDUSTRY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 9-45 p.m., Jan. 8.

Reports of closing of works and discharging of men continue to come in from various parts of the country, emphasising the need for immediate measures to relieve unemployment. Enquiries in London shipping circles show that a crisis is now impending in the shipping industry. The chief sufferers are expected to be the smaller new concerns, which have been unable to accumulate sufficient reserves. The value of ships has fallen fifty per cent compared with war-time. It is pointed out that if steamers' value were based on earning capacity, it would be negligible owing to the shortage of freights, while if based on cost of building it would be a hundred per cent. higher.

Some owners are of the opinion that it would be more economical to lay up ships until the markets improve. On the contrary the Cunard Company's new programme is expected to better the situation. The company proposes to build twenty-three ships in 1921 with a tonnage of three-hundred thousand, following a policy of smaller and swifter ships and not repeating mammoths.

## SHORT-TIME PROPOSALS.

### STATEMENT BY NATIONAL ALLIANCE OF EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 8.

The National Alliance of the Employers and the Employed, presided over by Sir Vincent Caillard, Chairman of Messrs. Vickers, and including prominent trade unionists, has considered Government's proposals, regarding short time, and has issued a statement that these proposals are already in operation almost as far as possible. It points out the evils of under-employment as an alternative to unemployment and the consequent risk of reasonable subsistence level not being reached. The alliance, therefore, condemns the compulsory short-time, and favours reduced working hours by which the unemployed may benefit wherever employers and employees voluntarily agree. It considers that the real solution shillings a quarter. Reductions are not temporary as Mr. Blakemore holds that great economic changes are transpiring in the food-producing countries, where there is a vastly increased production. Mr. Blakemore points out that the vital factor in the future is the elimination of horse transport as the millions and millions of acres, which have hitherto produced oats and hay for animal consumption, would, henceforth, produce human foodstuffs.

lies in cordial cooperation between the employers and the trade unionists.

# ANGLO-RUSSIAN TRADE

## ESTABLISHMENT OF RUSSIAN TRADING CORPORATION.

## PROPOSALS APPROVED BY BRITAIN AND M. KRASSIN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 8 a.m., Jan. 8.

"The Times" publishes the proposals approved by Government and M. Krassin in order to facilitate the resumption of trade between Britain and Russia. It is proposed to establish a Russian trading corporation for the conduct and development of Anglo-Russian trade. The corporation will be in two parts, one in Britain and the other in Russia. The capital will be ten millions sterling equally subscribed by Britain and Russia, who will equally divide profits. The corporation will be a monopoly in Russia but is not intended to be such in Britain. The corporation will buy direct from and sell to British manufacturers at competitive prices, and all firms are eligible for membership of the corporation.

## ANGLO-RUSSIAN RELATIONS.

### KRASSIN'S MISSION TO THE SOVIET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 9-45 p.m., Jan. 8.

M. Krassin had a conference to-night with Sir Robert Horne as a result of which M. Krassin hopes to proceed to Russia on January 8th with an agreement, which he is prepared to recommend to the Soviet Government. As however M. Krassin is not empowered to deal with political questions there may still be difficult obstacles to overcome.

## CABLE ITEM.

Sir M. Bhownaggree and Mr. Basu will embark on the Kaiser-i-Hind at Marseilles on January 8th, for brief visits to India.

## STUDENTS' STRIKE IN NAGPUR.

### NUMEROUS WITHDRAWALS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
NAGPUR, Jan. 8.

The students' activities to carry out the Non-Cooperation resolution appear to move apace. A number of students from the Male Normal School, Morris Memorial Government College, Government Medical School, Engineering School, Agricultural College, and Bishop College have withdrawn themselves from their respective institutions. The local High Schools show poor attendance. It is understood that some students from the Robertson College at Jubbalpore have also withdrawn. The students in a conference estabiished a Non-Cooperation board to enlist the names of students who desire to withdraw.

## BRITISH MISSION TO KABUL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
DELHI, Jan. 5.

The British mission under Sir Henry Dobbs crossed the frontier where the party will halt at Jalalabad and Jagdalak, if it shows, before reaching Kabul where Sir Henry has been assured of a hospitable welcome.

## "HAPPINESS AND PROSPERITY COMING."

### MR. BLACKMORE'S FORECAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Jan. 5.
Recd. 10-30 a.m., Jan. 9.

Mr. Blakemore, President of the National Chamber of Trade, whose predictions concerning cheaper food a few months ago are already being fulfilled, now confidently declares that the present bad times will quickly pass and that the period of happiness and prosperity is coming. His reason for this belief is that the abundance of foodstuffs in the market is rapidly increasing the tendency towards cheapness. When the wages go farther contentment of workers will result, enabling the manufacturers to give firm quotations and promising delivery dates. The increase in exports will mean levelling up of the rate of exchange between Britain and America.

He exemplifies the following reductions which were notified on January 1st:—sweet biscuits reduced by twopence a pound to sixpence; coffee the same; tea reduced by twopence; soap and sugar a penny; and Jam threepence. The prices of bacon, hams, lard, cocoa etc., are being reduced on the 1st February. Flour is being reduced by two-

# DISTURBANCES AT RAI BARELI.

## FURSATGANJ BAZAAR ATTACKED BY MOB.

## POLICE FIRING RESULTS IN FOUR CASUALTIES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
LUCKNOW, Jan. 8.

In connection with the agrarian disturbances in Rai Bareli District as a result of the efforts of the agitators, a press communique says: A further development occurred on 6th when information was received that large gangs probably consisting largely of local bad characters, were preparing to loot the bazaars at Munshiganj (about 2 miles south of Rae Bareli) and Fursatganj, which is the railway station about 10 miles to the east of it. The attack at Munshiganj did not materialize as the place was picketted by some armed police, assisted by a few unarmed men from the depot of the local Labour Corps under the supervison of the Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Police.

A large mob attacked the Fursatganj Bazaar, where the Sub-Divisional Officer, Shaikh Nasrulla with the Deputy Magistrate and 14 armed police was in charge. He was compelled to fire on the mob and it is reported that 4 men were killed and 2 wounded. An additional force of armed police and sowars was despatched from Lucknow by train on the evening of the 6th of January. Several arrests have been made. The Commissioner Mr. Faunthorpe has proceeded to the spot.

## MAHATMA GANDHI AT CHHINDWARA.

### ENTHUSIASTIC RESPONSE TO CONGRESS PROGRAMME.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
SEONI, Jan. 8.

After the busy and strenuous time at Nagpur during the Congress week Mahatma Gandhi and Maulana Shaukatali and Mohamedali went to Wardha on the 3rd instant for a couple of days' rest in the quiet and beautiful country house of Seth Jamnalal, the generous and indefatigable chairman of the Reception Committee. The Mahatmaji and the Ali Brothers had private interviews with the leading residents of the place. On the 4th they visited the Marwari national School, where students sang national songs and gave an exhibition of physical exercises with clubs, lathis and daggers. In the afternoon Maulanis Shaukat Ali and Mahomed Ali addressed a Muslim gathering and in the evening a largely attended public meeting presided over by Seth Arjunlal Sethi, a well known patriot was held. On the 5th a huge mass meeting was held at Nagpur in which the Maulanas delivered very touching speeches exhorting the public loyally and earnestly to carry out the orders of the Congress. At all these meetings tremendous enthusiasm prevailed, the public having welcomed the task before them with willingness to suffer for the achievement of their great ideal.

AT CHINDWARA.

On the 6th morning the Mahatmaji, Ali Brothers and party left Nagpur for Chindwara. Throughout the journey large numbers of people mustered strong at every station to have *Darshan* of the great leaders and brief speeches were delivered by them. At Chindwara a most rousing reception was accorded to the party. The morning was spent by the Ali Brothers in calling upon old friends. Later in the day Friday prayers were offered in the picturesque little mosque newly erected at Chindwara through the efforts of the two brothers. In the afternoon the Mahatmaji addressed a meeting of ladies, hundreds of whom had come from villages several miles off. The ladies responded to Mahatmaji's appeal by contributing cash and jewellery towards the Swaraj fund. In the evening a mass meeting of not less than ten thousand people was addressed by the Mahatmaji and the Ali Brothers. The Mahatmaji dwelt at length on the mandate of the Congress, which it is the duty of every patriotic Indian man, woman and child to obey. The little town of Chindwara can rightly feel proud of having taken the lead in such a pronounced and enthusiastic manner as was evidenced by the fact that six leading vakils—Messrs. Ghate, Salpeker, Dhok, Manjreker, Varma and Mohansingh Thakur—announced that they had suspended practice. About Rs. 2,500 was subscribed on the spot which was neither anticipated nor previously asked for. Chindwara's contribution towards Swaraj and Khilafat will it is strongly hoped easily come up to Rs. 30,000. The Mahatmaji left for Bombay via Nagpur.

Ali brothers will visit Seoni and Jubbalpore, whence Maulana Mohamad Ali with Mr. Hasat will proceed to Allahabad enroute to Aligarh and Maulana Shaukatali will go to Bombay, where he is likely to stay for a fortnight to organise the distribution all over the country of the newly printed Khilafat receipts.

It is understood that in view of the depression in the tea and rubber industries the Ceylon Government will not proceed with the Labour Ordinance at present.

# THE WORK BEFORE THE COUNTRY.

(BY BABU BIPIN CHANDRA PAL.)

From more than one point of view, the last session of the Congress at Nagpur has been the most successful session of the National Assembly so far held. In point of numbers it was certainly the largest Congress we have ever had. And it shows that the Non-Cooperation cry has got a hold of the popular imagination in the country such as no other political cry ever had. Nor was the meaning of it less obvious. No one could have heard the debate in the Subjects Committee, particularly on the Creed and the resolution on the British Congress Committee, without being profoundly impressed with the deep, universal, and bitter sense of resentment which recent events have roused in all sections of the Indian community against not only the British Bureaucracy in the country but even against the whole British nation. Sober men could not possibly like it, but they were utterly powerless to correct or control it. Everybody has clearly lost all faith in the present ruling class and race in India. It is an exceedingly fearful portent. This bitterness is common to the classes and the masses alike. If anything, it is indeed far more deep and strong in the masses than even in the classes. Hitherto the British Bureaucracy in India had to deal with what may be called educated discontent, that is with the disaffection of men who though may have been moved by bitter resentment against the British rulers of their country yet had deep and genuine regard for British character and modern European culture. The present resentment among the masses is entirely unreleived by any such sentiments of respects and admiration for European thoughts and ideals. And it is just this which makes the present situation far more anxious than the Indian Unrest of 1905 to 1909 which Sir Valentine Chirol tried to study and analyse. Morley's prescription failed to cure even that distemper far less serious as that undoubtedly was; and it will be the height of unwisdom and insensibility to fancy that either repression or soft-sawdered concessions will meet the requirements of the present situation. In the present temper of the people, let the Government clearly understand this that any attempt to put down the present upheaval by reprisals or repressions will spell red ruin to all parties, both those that may be drawn to side with the present political authority in the country and those that may be ranged against it. Any attempt to use physical force to put down this non-violent Non-Cooperation Movement will be bound to force a frightful revolution upon the country, the evil possibilities of which cannot be contemplated without a fearful moral and physical shudder. The last Congress cannot have left any doubt in the mind of any sane person whether official or non-official, regarding the gravity of the situation before both the people and the Government of India.

This situation must be courageously faced by both parties. The leaders of National thought and activities must at once apply themselves to devise effective means to control this frightful upheaval in the interest of rational and peaceful evolution of real National Autonomy or Swaraj or complete responsible government in the country. They cannot leave the fearful forces that are gathering about them either to their own unregulated impulses or to the guidance or goading of blind prejudices or animal passions. And the only way to prevent this is or at once organise the entire population for legitimate and peaceful National work for the attainment of Swaraj. Open organised activities are the only preventive of underground revolutionary propaganda. The present unrest cannot long remain in its present unorganised state. If the leaders will neglect to organise it properly it will be bound to organise itself and that organisation cannot be expected to be either rational or peaceful and the outburst will then be bound to be very different from non-violent which the Congress Non-Cooperation propaganda seriously contemplates. If we want to succeed by following this course of non-violent Non-Cooperation, our first and immediate duty is and must be to set about organising the country for legitimate and peaceful Congress work, so that when the next session of the Congress meets we may be able to have at our back a thoroughly organised India ready to stake its all upon this great effort to secure full political freedom without striking a single blow or shedding one drop of fraternal blood. And here the new constitution of the Congress has already given unmistakable lead to the country as to the lines along which this organisation is to be worked up. Congress Committees must at once be started in every large village or groups of neighbouring villages affiliated to the Sub-divisional or Taluka or Tehsil Congress Committees as the case may be; and these Sub-divisional Committees must be affiliated to the District Congress Committees and the District Committees in their turn being federated with one another to constitute the Provincial Congress Committees. In this way the whole continent must be covered with a net-work of real live Congress organisation which will work year in and yet out to educate public opinion and organise public work for the advancement of the cause of Swaraj and initiating true and effective Non-Cooperation activities even in the most outlying tracts.

All this will need both money and men. We have no doubt regarding the rignt kind of men forthcoming to throw themselves heart and soul into this great National Service. But the Nation must find the expenses of this work. Hitherto all our public activities have been practically carried on by unpaid agencies, leading public men practically devoting their leisure hours to this patriotic work. But the undertaking before us just now is upon a scale that cannot be conducted by amateur and honorary workers; indeed, it would be wrong, and likely to endanger the safety of our infant and growing Democracy if we follow the line so far followed in our public life. All public or National service must be adequately paid for. And funds must be raised for this purpose. And here also we must not follow the old method of taking money from a few rich people for our public activities. It is the country's work, and the country must pay for it. Those who engage themselves in public and patriotic activities must not be led to think that they are doing a favour to the people and are therefore the masters of the populace and not their servants. In the interests of the morality of our National work all National service must be adequately paid for. Those who can support themselves, may well pay back their salaries or honorarium to the National Treasury, but to preserve the equality of the National Service whoever gives his time to it regularly must accept his wages for it.

But though we think we must raise whatever is needed for National work from the Nation itself, we recognise all the same the necessity of raising a sufficiently large fund to meet initial expenses of organising the country, for it is only after we have been able to build up this organisation that we may reasonably expect to get all the monies required for our work from the people at large either as regular subscriptions or donations. In the meantime we must raise sufficient sums for starting the work at once. And here we think the Congress organisations might very well issue debenture bonds on the personal security of a few leading Congressmen in the Province, District or Subdivision as may be decided upon, to be paid back in a year from the collections of the various Congress organisations themselves. If we take, for instance the case of Bengal, we think half a dozen or a dozen of our leading and richer workers may very well offer to stand security for the repayment of say five lacs of rupees to be repaid in three years, with a reasonable interest, and Congress Bonds of fifty rupees, hundred rupees, and thousand rupees may then be issued by the Provincial Congress Committee in Calcutta and the monies thus raised to be applied to Congress work both reproductive and nonproductive, the latter sum to be repaid out of the subscriptions of the members who will be enrolled. We do not see why if we work strenuously, it may not be easy to enrol fifty lacs of members for our various Congress organisations in the course of the year. The subscription for Congress membership has been fixed at four annas per year. And fifty lacs of membership will thus bring in twelve and half lac of rupees as the collections for the year. On the security of this possible collection supported by the personal security of a dozen men of wealth and position in our public life it cannot be at all difficult to raise 5 lacs of loans for Congress work for 1921. This seems to us to be a very practical method of meeting the requirements of the work that lies before us and which must be undertaken at once if our promise to secure Swaraj within a reasonable period is to be fulfilled. We hope our leading workers will apply themselves to this work at once.—The "A. B. Patrika."

# STUEDNTS' STRIKE IN BURMA

## POSITION STRONG AS EVER.

Mr. Maung Thin Maung who described last week the national movement in Burma has received the following wire from Rangoon:

"Students' position strong as ever. National schools started at about twenty principal centres. Deputation leaving for England to-morrow."

# STRIKE AT KUMARDHUBI WORKSS.

## 3,000 MEN REPORTED TO BE OUT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 8.

In connection with the strike at the Kumardhubi Engineering Works already reported, an authoratative report received in Calcutta states that 3,000 workmen have come out. They demand an increased of 50 per cent. in their waes, which the management have refused to grant, on the ground that only recently a substantial increase was given. A few Punjabis, Chinese, and Eastern Bengal men have not joined the strikers and are doing their work as usual. The strikers are picketting the bazars and are preventing shopkeepers from supplying European officials, Indian clerks, and loyal workmen with provisions.

Messrs. Bird and Co. who are the managing agents of the Engineering Works on receiving the report of the picketin have arranged for six wagong-leads of foodstuffs to be despatched to Kumardhubi from Calcutta. So far as is known there has as yet been no necessity to apply for police protection.

# MR. HORNIMAN.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I have perused your correspondent, Mr. Olshie's letter with great interest and wish to endorse the sentiments he so ably and so boldly puts forward.

We Indians do not realize what Mr. Horniman has done and is doing for us: a brilliant of the British race he, having lived with us for a few years, has become one of us. Did we ever see him in the company of his compatriots? No. His leisure hours he was pleased to spend in our society, absorbing our customs and ways and acquring our habits and quickly became one of us. Indeed it would not be too much to say that although British born he renounced his nationality to become an Indian. Can we allow this great and good man to remain in the land of his birth, where, we may be sure, he is far from comfortable because all his friends and admirers are here, without straining every nerve, to say nothing of sinew, to get him amongst us again?—Yours, etc.

F. ENYAN.

Bombay, Jan.

# SIR P. C. RAY INTERVIEWED.

## NEED FOR CHEMICAL RESEARCH I INDIA.

Dr. Sir Prafulla Chandra Roy, the "Great Hindu Scientist"—as they now call him—who has been touring in Europe during the last several months in connection with several research works, arrived in Bombay yesterday. A representative of ours who in the evening happened to meet Sir Prafulla, just out for a stroll, in his usual simple national garb, put a question or two about his experiences in Europe during the latest of his visits there. Though the question was anticipating disappointment owing to the shortnes of the time at the addressee's disposal, the premier Indian Chemist however, did not disappoint him altogethers.

WORK IN ENGLAND.

The greater part of his stay, he said, in England was devoted to visiting various centres of scientific research and teaching and to inspecting the great chemical works and laboratories of the country and to seeing many of his pupils there. Leeds, Edinburgh, Manchester, Oxford, Birmingham, and Cambridge could be mentioned as cities in which he had been welcomed and where his investigations into present day conditions and progress in the sphere of chemiral science both pure and applied have been conducted. As a reply to other quirees Sir Prafulla referred our representative to the report of an interview appearing in the latest issue of the "Indian and Eastern Druggist" of London.

BRITISH DYE INDUSTRY.

The journal in the course of a considerably lengthy account mentions Sir Prafulla to have referred to the great achievement of the British Dyestuffs Corporation. The paper reports that he stated his firm conviction that though it would take time to place the British dye industry on a footing of complete equality with continental competititors yet British scientific ability, brains, grit and perseverence qualities which he had observed and admired over a long period of years would ultimately triump in this as in other directions.

In his visits to the universities e.g. of Oxford, Cambridge and Birmingham, he was particularly impressed br the number of young men who were earnestly studying Chemistry and Chemical technology, and this fact made him augur well for the future of Britain in this all-important field. He regarded America as one of the foremost competitors that other dye-producing countries would have to reckon within the immediate future, an opinion that was shared by a considerable number of experts.

Questioned as to whether he had profited by the experience he had gained in Britain on this his fourth visit to the country, Sir Prafulla replied in the affirmative. He has acquired an insight into certain problems and difficulties which he would apply to the benefit of the scientific and commercial undertakings with which he is connected in India. His visit which was made chiefly in the interests of research and the study of certain aspects of chemical technology had been fruitful and had accorded him complete gratification."

CHEMICAL WORKS IN INDIA.

The paper further states:—As the virtual founder of a large scale chemical and pharmaceutical manufacturer in India, Sir Prafulla Roy is entitled to speak on this subject (namely the Bengal Chemical and Pharmaeutical Works), with unchallenged authority . . . . . Thirty years ago the Bengal Chemical and Pharmaceutical works were inaugurated by Profesor Ray who commenced this business enterprise with a capital of Rs. 800 and in premises which he himself described as a "dark and dingy room of a house in Upper Circular Road in Calcutta. Starting in a small way with manufacturers of pharmaceutical and chemical preparations, the Company, possessing as its greatest asset Sir Prafulla's keen brain, determination of purpose and tremendous knowledge of chemical science, made progress from the very first. . . . . At present the area covered by the Company's building compises 25 *bighas*, while the capital amounts to 25 lakhs. The scope of the work's activities was indicated by the fact that they possess departments for the manufacture of medicaments from indigenous drugs; galenicals of the British Pharmacopoeia; perfumes and toilet requisites, mineral and pure chemicals and scificenti instruments and apparatus. . . . During the war a great impetus was given to the output of acids and chemicals, government requirements for these products have been practically unlimited. The result has been to stimulate productions to such an extent that the Works were manufacturing daily as much as 4 or 5 tons. of sulphuric acids out of theosulphate of soda large quanties of magnesium of sulphate, alum, and bichromates and chromates, etc., and are still undergoing extensive extensions. . . The remarkable achievements of the Bengal Chemical and Pharmaceutical Werks are a sufficient index that the possibility of developing still further the chemical and pharmeceutical industry in India is far from remote.

NEED FOR RESEARCH.

It appears that the representative of the "Indian and Eastern druggist" endeavoured to ascertain Sir Prafulla's opinion of the conditions prevailing in India with regard to pharmaceutical education. Sir Prafulla confessed with sincere regret that there were no great facilities for pharmaceutical aspirants in India. The necessity for the profession of an effecient pharmaceutical curriculum in India, he considered beyond question and he looked forward to the establishment of schools of pharmacy and the institution of a statutary pharmeutical qualifications in the Indian Empire.

# THE TAJ CASE.

## "ARTICLE APPEARED IN ACCUSED'S ABSENCE."

From Our Correspondent.

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 7.

The hearing of the Tajuddin case was resumed on the 5th inst. Six defence witnesses were examined and cross-examined. The Chief point disclosed was that Tajuddin was absent when the article appeared and the fact was undisputedly admitted by all. Moulvi Abdul Hai in the course of cross-examination said that the article was a religious one and it commanded the whole Muslim world to sacrifice their lives in order to defend their religion when it was attacked, and in that particular case the writer set an example of self sacrifice for Islam as Husain had done. Attention was drawn for Jazeratul Arab and the dismemberment of the Turkish Empire by Christians and the occupation by Christians in Holy places.

The Court was packed with people Tajuddin was quite cheerful and he congratulated the Editor of "Allwahid" on his arrest.

The "Taj" case is coming again for hearing on the 9th instant.

# THE COUNCIL OF STATE.

## NOTICE OF RESOLUTIONS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Jan. 7.

The President of the Council of State has assumed his office to-day, and the President of the Legislative Assembly is still on the high seas and is not expected in Delhi till the 21st instant.

Meanwhile, resolutions and questions are coming in but these mostly are for discussion in the Council of State. The ballot on the resolutions will take place on the 5th February and the 17th and 24th have been alloted for non-official business.

The following are the resolutions for the Council of State:

Mr. A. K. G. Ahmed Thamby Maricair—

"The Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council that the passport regulations now in force under the provisions of the Defence of India Passport Rules 1917 for Indian passengers proceeding to the Straits Settlements, Federated Malay States be withdrawn."

"The Counci lrecommends to his Excellency the Governor-General in Council that the restrictions imposed on export of rice from India to Ceylon and the Straits Settlements be removed forhwith."

INDIANS ABROAD.

Mr. Lalubhai Samaidas Mehta:—

"That in view of the growing difficulties of position of Indians abroad this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council, the desirability of immediate establishment of a separate department of Government to watch and safeguard the rights and interests of Indians in overseas dominions and colonies."

"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council to address His Majesty's Government through, the Secretary of State for India, praying that the Government of India be granted full fiscal autonomy under direction of the Indian Legislature."

Mr. Lala Sukhbir Singh:—

"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council.

(a) To be so pleased as to prohibit by legislation slaughtero of cows in India for food except for sacrifice on Bakar-Id with a view to save a very useful economic and agricultural asset of country.

(b) To appoint an All-India Commission that they may inquire and report on measures which should be taken to improve the breed and increase the number of milch and agricultural cattle in India."

"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council to be so pleased as to put by legislation a stop to the slaughter of Brahmanic bulls (cows and buffaloes) dedicated to deities and their use for any purpose other than breeding."

AMNESTY TO POLITICAL PRISONERS.

"That this Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-General in Council to recommend to his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught to be so pleased as to order the release of all Katarpur religious and Non-political prisoners like those released in Bihar."

"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council to he so pleased as to exempt all Magistrates from the Arms Act."

"That this Council recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council to be so pleased as to recommend to every provincial Government to have an Ayurvedic and Tibbi Medical College in their provinces to take measures to develop Indian drugs and to appoint Vaidyas and Hakims in every dispensary to treat patients by the indegenous methods."

# KARACHI PIECE GOODS MERCHANTS

At a general meeting of the Karachi Sat Narayen Indian Piecegoods Merchants Association held last month, the following resolution was unanimously passed:—

"As our trade has been in danger owing to the accumlation of stock in consequence of the wide fluctuations in Exchange caused by the action of the Authorities, our brother merchants are involved in heavy losses. It is therefore hereby resolved that until further resolution to the contrary is made, no member of our Association shall buy directly or indirectly foreign forward Piece-goods whether in Karachi or elsewhere in his account.

It is further resolved that no member of the Association shall directly or indirectly buy Piece-goods from auction held by the Importing firms or purchase goods privately offered for sale in the account of any merchant.

If any members acts in controvention of the above mentioned resolutions, he shall be liable to pay Rs. 100 per package as liquidated damages to the Association out of which any person proving the breach so committed shall be rewarded 50 per cent. of the amount. If any merchant notified as having committed any breach of the resolution fails to pay the penalty, no members shall have any dealings with him."

# JAINS SUPPORT NON-COOPERATION.

## ALL-INDIA CONFERENCE IN NAGPUR

The Jains from all parts of India held at Nagpur in the Christmas Week, the 26th and 29th Anniversaries of the Bharat Jain-Mahamandle, and the Jain—Political Conference under the president-ship of Mr. J. L. Jaini, Barrister-at-Law of Saharanpur and Seth Padmirajji Ranivale of Calcutta, respectively. The meetings were held with great enthusiasm and were a great success. Non-Jains also attended.

The Mandal, among other things, took a most praiseworthy step in forming a Punch Committee for the settlement of the disputes about their sacred places out of Court. It also subscribed to the fund of Rs. 10,000 for the publication of books relating to Jain religion. It also resolved to propagate Swadeshi, both for private and trade purposes. The Conference passed a resolution by majority supporting the Congress resolution regarding Non-Cooperation. The Conference also added that the people should take back their money from the Government Banks etc. It also thanked the few gentlemen who have announced that they have given up their practice, titles, etc., etc.

# THE NON-COOPERATION RESOLUTION.

## LABOUR PARTY'S ATTITUDE EXPLAINED.

On Wednesday last, Col. Wedgwood delivered a lecture on the "Labour Movement in England," at the Pachayappa Hall to a packed gathering of students under the auspices of the Pachayappa College Historical Association, Mr. C. L. Wrenn, Principal, presiding. At the end of the lecture a number of questions were handed in, which Col. Wedgwood answered in perfect good humour. The following were the questions and answers.

Q.—What is your opinion with regard to change in the Congress creed?

A.—The change in the Congress creed to my mind is a slight improvement. (Hear, hear, and cheers.) I do not mean what you mean. (Laughter.) The Non-Cooperation resolution, which is the vital resolution of the Congress, has been modified. As it stood before, it penalised every lawyer in the country; it would either make him a pauper or dub him a traitor. It was very bad for lawyers and very bad for the nationalistic cause to drive out the most intelligent section of the community. The creed has been modified and it is no longer immediately incumbent upon every lawyer to throw up his job; and emphasis is put upon other people as well making sacrifices. I believe people of India are ready to make a sacrifice. It is quite out of question to expect half-a-dozen individuals to make a sacrifice without throwing an obligation on others of doing a similar thing. I am glad that every one is put in the same boat, be he a Marwari, doctor or lawyer. Let them all become paupers or none; and the change in the Congress creed seems to make it more easy to make none of them paupers.

ATTITUDE OF LABOUR PARTY.

Q.—Now that Non-Cooperation resolution has been passed in the Congress, what is the attitude of the Labour Party in England towards India?

A.—Just exactly the same as it was before. (Cheers.) I am not quite certain whether I know what that attitude was. (Laughter.) I think, as a matter of fact, the British Labour Party are determined to let what are called the subject-races of the Empire to determine for themselves how they wish to be governed. (Hear, hear, and continued cheering.) But you must remember that the whole of the Labour Party is not composed of Independent Labour to which I and Mr. Ben Spoor belong; and if and when the Independent Labour Party comes into power and when it is a question of redeeming the promises, I think you will have little difficulty to get what you want—and I want for you,—Swaraj. If you are to get it, as I hope you are going to get it, then may I beg of you people of Madras whatever you think about Non-Cooperation, appiy it inside the Council and don't keep yourselves outside it, where you cannot get practical experience. Practise Non-Cooperation inside the Council by forming an effective opposition, instead of leaving politics to the sort of people who have got on to the Councils. (Laughter).

Q.—What will be the attitude of the Labour Party or any movement for boycott of British goods? Will it be one of sympathy towards Indian goal for self-government?

A.—I think myself that a good deal of the British Labour Party will be extremely annoyed at the boycott of foreign goods. But I don't expect boycott of foreign goods would come to much. And after all as long as you are carrying on a war of a sort against the bureaucratic Government in this country, so long some form of boycott and some form of trouble is bound to go on for all classes in England, worker and the capitalist alike. When I say I am in favour of Swaraj, I am not saying that in favour of India merely. I am saying it for the sake of Great Britain as well.

In reply to another question, Col. Wedgwood said that Lenin's Bolshevism was a form of autocracy and no good could come out of suppression of liberty. As long as people were not allowed to express their views freely in their meetings and the newspapers were not allowed to express views which the Government did not approve, and as long as the Seditious Meetings Act, Press Act and other repressive measures were in operation, so long no good could come out of labour or any other movement.

# LATEST CABLES

## AMBUSH AT NEW MARKET

### MILITARY DESTRO FIVE HOUSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 6.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Jan. 10.

In consequence of an ambush at New-market, County Cork, five houses in Meelin from which the attackers were seen to fire have been destroyed by order of the military governor.

## RATE COLLECTORS HOU'SES RAILED.

### SINN FEIN METHODS OF GETTING MONEY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 6.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Jan. 10.

Armed Sinn Feiners simultaneously visited the residences of Dublin County Council rate collectors, who resigned owing to the Council adhering to the Dail Eireann. Sinn Feiners forced the collectors to sign cheques aggregating at least ten thousand sterling, representing the monies withheld. The collectors were imprisoned until the cheques were cashed.

## CANADIAN SQUADRON IN THE PACIFIC.

### EXPLANATION BY NAVAL DEPARTMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 6.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Jan. 10.

Ottawa.—The Naval Service Department describes as absurd the reports that Canadian squadron is being transferred to the Pacific Coast to join the the American and Australian navies for mutual protection. The department states that the Canadian vessels are simply visiting the Pacific in the course of a training cruise.

## MANIFESTO FROM DEVALERA

### DENIAL OF OVERTURES FOR PEADE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 6.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Jan. 10.

The manifesto from De Valera as forecasted in "Freemans Journal" denies that Sinn Fein is making overtures for peace, but states that he will not turn a deaf ear to government proposals, provided that they are based on the recognition of Ireland as an independent nationality.

## EXPORT OF WHISKY.

### LICENSES TO BE RENEWED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Jan. 6.
Recd. 0-45 a.m., Jan. 10.

The announcement by the Board of Trade that licenses for export of whisky granted before January, 1st will be revoked on February 1st has caused some excitement. This was assumed to mean that the export of whisky was stopped. Enquiry, however shows that all that was meant was that licenses must be renewed before February 1st.

In the course of an interview Sir Walter Gilbey said the announcement meant that the free export of whisky was now permitted as the existing licenses were based on the low export figures of 1916. He added that traders were overstocked as they had hitherto been prevented from accepting large orders from abroad.

Pussyfoot Johnson interviewed regarding the reported large consignments of whisky to America smiled and said that drinking in America to-day was only a drop in the ocean compared with the bucketful formerly.

## INDIAN NEWS IN BRIEF.

Under the auspices of the Khilafat Committee Allahabad Maharaj Shantusarup lectured on the Nagpur Congress message, under the Presidency of Mr. Mathur Headmaster Tilakvidarya, when a resolution not to elect government employees, Honorary servants and title-holders in the coming election of the Municipal Board was passed.

* * * *

A Nagpur message of January 9th says Pandit Bishudutta Shukl's health shows no change yet, temperature, is 103 and is steady during day time. Doctors Gadne, Tambe, Narbadaprasad and Khare are consulted. Although he is cheerful in spirits, restlessness increased, last night accompanied by too much weakness. Danger not yet over, and the condition is critical.

Mr. Dayaram Keesamji Kanaiya Khambhaliawala has accepted the presidentship of the Third Saraswati Conference of Cutch, Kathiawar, and Gujarat to be held at Cutch Mandvi on January 19, 20, and 21.

Under the auspices of the Khilafat Committee Cawnpore, a National Muslim School was opened on Saturday. A strong managing committee has been formed, with a view to organize the school and put it on a sound financial footing.

On Friday night a wedding took place in Shukarwar Peth Poona amidst a gathering of Moslem elite, when the daughter of the late Nawab Mir Jaffer Ali of Adah was married to Syed Yusuf Refai, son of Fernada Syed Gulam Mahomed Refai of Bombay. The nikah ceremony being performed by Moulvi Abdul Alun and the bride given away by her brother.

# Correspondence.

*The Editor does not hold himself responsible for the opinions of his wrespondents.*

*The Editor does not undertake to answer, or publish or return any particular letter.*

*Letters should be written on one side of the paper only.*

## HANUMAN BUILDING SCANDAL.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—A very remarkable instance of the callousness of Bombay landlords has recently occurred at Hanuman Buildings Nos. 6-7, Lamington Road, bringing out how rabid Capitalism can find a hundred and one other ways of harassing men of ordinary means inspite of the protection of the Rent Act. It is a matter of common knowledge that this Act leaves a grabbing landlord free to get premises vacated on plea of repairs and charge additional rent to meet such costs. There are many cases in which vast and unnecessary repairs have been undertaken and tenants of ordinary means have been sent adrift as they have been unable to pay vastly increased rent. The Hanuman Buildings Nos. 6.7 were built in 1916 and standard rent was fixed by the Court of Small Causes in 1918, when the landlord was defeated in suits filed against tenants to get more rent in spite of the Rent Act. Since then he has been neglecting white-washing and repair even to the extent required by Municipal Regulation (for which he has already been prosecuted and fined more than once) and serving his tenants with notices to vacate. The last notice to vacate was served on or about 1st December, 1920, on the plea that the building was in a very unsound condition. The tenants refused to vacate on the ground that his only motive in serving the notice was to make the tenants vacate the building which was declared fit for habitation by proper authority only three months ago so far as their information went. On the 14th December, 1920, one of the ladders of the staircase gave way bringing down another just below it and injuring a cooly. This seemed to render tenancy in the building precarious. The tenants therefore, organised themselves into an association and called in expert advice from Messrs. Chambers and Simon and Motilal who made a joint report after careful inspection stating that the building was in a habitable condition, that it was wholly in disrepairs and that the repairs in the buildings and of the staircase could be undertaken at a very low cost and immediately without the least necessity for tenants to vacate. This was duly communicated to the landlord but the only reply was that nothing could be undertaken as his engineer was out of town and that the premises must be vacated in accordance with his previous notice. The tenants having disagreed called in Messrs. Simon and Motilal to repair the staircase and have informed the landlord that they were doing that at his cost.

The above narration of unvarnished facts will bring out clearly several things showing that the callousness of the landlord knows no bounds.

1. He is not satisfied with charging maximum standard rent fixed by the Court of Law. .....
2. He does not take care to render homeless nearly a hundred families just when there is awful scarcity of houses and also of money.
3. Repairs are deliberately neglected and the premises are used in such a way as to render themselves useless in the shortest time possible.
4. The end in view is not to furnish more convenience or more beautiful housing accommodation but to evade the limitations imposed by the Rent Act and to grab more money.
5. And with this end in view the landlord is deliberately refusing these evidently small repairs and every day trying to jeopardise nearly 600 valuable lives. .....

Does it require comments?—Yours, etc.,

A TENANT.

## BUILDING MATERIALS.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you please spare some space in your valuable columns for the following or give your remarks thereon, in the interest of the Building-owners and Contractors:—

During my trip in the S. M. Country in Christmas Week, I am glad that I learnt a lot of things with regard to bricks and brick-masonry. As I was getting down at Belgaum I saw some clay-ware which attracted my attention. On enquiry I was told that they were from Khanapur, the next railway station. I took the first opportunity of going there, as I wanted some flower-pots of special patterns (here in Poona we see one common old-pattern). I went direct to the Factory, which is within a couple of furlongs from the railway station and one can see the high brick-chimney and buildings when passing Khanapur. I was rather doubtful of being admitted into the factory buildings, as here we see "No Admittance" boards at the gates of every factory, but to my surprise, I was taken to every part of the buildings, clay-fields, etc., along with some other people, who had also come to see the Factory, and the whole process was explained to us all.

The most interesting items are the "Continuous kilns and chimney." I have seen so many huge and artistic buildings and chimneys in Poona and Bombay, but so far not a single one with complete bricks for its arches and angles and ring. But the kilns and chimney of the Pioneer Clay and Industrial Works are built of special size-bricks. The beauty in these bricks is that the mason has simply to keep them together even for wells (various sizes for different diameters), arches, gutters and chimneys and round or square pillars (and has no work whatsoever to chip or cut the bricks to the required angle, etc.), and gets the circle or arch, etc., required. So these sizes save a lot of labour in trimming and no brick is wasted and the structure is more substantial than with the trimmed and cut bricks. Moreover, the sizes are also huge (going up to 15in. by 13in. by 3in.); but the thickness in all cases has been maintained at 3in. to give a thorough-baking. In this instance as well lot of labour is saved along with a considerable quantity of mortar. They have just manufactured some interlocking bricks as well, for which the expert intends to obtain "Patents" and these interlocking bricks, I must say, will be a boon to house-builders. The arrangement is so simple that even an ordinary coolie can build strong and straight walls and round or square pillars, keeping automatically all the bonds changing, but at the same time having a perpendicular key-brick, thus making the whole structure one solid mass (as in the case of our Ferro-concrete) while with the ordinary bricks, we get the horizontal layer properly bonded, there being nothing except the mortar to keep any two layers intact in their perpendicular structure. But with these inter-locking bricks for every 3in. and 6in. space there comes a key-brick, which passes through two-layers and a half of the horizontal structure and thus for every 3 and 6 inch space there is one perpendicular brick which passes from the bottom layer right up to the top of the structure. I would have explained the whole process by means of diagrams, but we have strict instructions not to give out the designs until they obtain "Patents" for them.

They have also manufactured flooring-bricks for Jack-arches, which vary from 4in. to 6in. deep, but have the uniform thickness not exceeding 3in. to give a thorough baking in this case as well. This Jack-arch arrangement will save a lot in the cost of buildings on this side. I may say that these Jack-arches are in no way inferior to our Ferro-concrete-flooring, but these can be built in less time and with less cost than the latter. Comparatively this brick-arch-flooring will even cost less than the Shahabad slab or plank flooring.

Now for the Bombay Development Scheme, they will require hundreds of millions of bricks and if at least a dozen factories with an average output of not less than one lakh bricks per day, started in the vicinity of Bombay, and with up-to-date sizes of bricks, instead of the so-called blessed old-type "Standard Size" bricks, there would be a lot of saving and the great problem of "housing" will be solved.

These special size-bricks are introduced in the S. M. Country, and I saw one chimney (which is under construction) at Belgaum. These bricks are now being brought to Poona (a distance of nearly 240 miles). I see Bombay is always backwards in bringing any new things (I do not mean new fashions) and I hope they will give up their conservative principles and adopt such improved methods. It is a wonder why neither the late Western India Brick Works, nor the Bombay Sand-Lime Bricks Co., nor even the Tata Construction Company's Brick Works, have taken to any such new ideas which minimise the cost of buildings. I think I shall not be far from truth, if I say that all these so-called construction companies and building contractors scarcely *waste* their precious time and harass their brains on such petty things, as they have to care more for their profits than for economic ways and as long as their manufactures are pushed on at "fairly good rates" they will never feel the necessity of improving the sizes to suit the particular structure. As regards engineers and architects, they are busy with their consultation and estimates and I cannot blame them either. So the only persons responsible for this industry are the brick-layers. But how can we charge them as they are to carry out the orders of their masters, and it will be rather too much to expect such fertile brains in that uneducated class. Next come the masons: they are getting their full wages and the longer period they take for the construction the better for them, and they too are after all no better than the brick-layers, being only a little higher-paid coolies. So if any saving in the cost of buildings is to be effected the house-owners must look to the improvements. But there is the Engineering Department who have to pass the building material and building when ready. Any new alteration in the Standard Size will be a new thing to him and he will be in doubt as to whether he can pass it. And no doubt it will be a great revolutionary departure to adopt any new sizes and shapes in the building materials.

After considering all the points to economise in buildings, etc., I come to the conclusion that the house-owners will have to make it a point to pay a visit to mofussil—countries—and pick up all improvements and then force their contractors to get these materials for them.

Is it not a funny thing that big cities like our Bombay and Poona, where thousands of buildings are constructed every year, should not think of altering the Standard Size of bricks, while a small factory in the corner of the Khanapur jungles should build their own buildings (kilns, chimney, etc.), with these their special size bricks. No doubt they deserve the name "Pioneer" as so far they are the pioneers in introducing all such economical improvements, and in the S. M. Countries or even in the whole of the Bombay Presidency theirs is the first and only Works to introduce the "Continuous Kilns" to economise fuel consumption as well.

Bombay is rich no doubt and can afford to waste money, and hence nobody thought or felt the necessity of changing the old Roman type of bricks, but the poor middle-class and labouring class are the real sufferers. They are required to pay heavy rents which are based on the investment of the buildings. Is it not absurd that bricks common should be sold at Rs. 70 (seventy), whereas Portland Cement to cover the same area could be had for that price in pre-war days. I am afraid the rates may go up to Rs. 100 (per 1,000) when the demand will increase still when the Development Scheme is taken in hand and unless the authorities control the rates the cost of building material will increase cent. per cent. within a short interval.—Yours, etc.,

C. M. JOSI.

Wanouri, Poona.

## CONCERNING TITLES.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—After reading Mr. Joshi's letter in your to-day's issue, I am inclined to put him the following questions:—

(1) Is poverty incompatible with the retention of title?

(2) Whether the people among whom he is working now, would have looked up to him with the same eye as they do now if he had retained the title?—Yours, etc.,

C. K. DAVE.

Anand, Jan. 8.

## THE SWARAJYA FUND.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—With reference to the Resolution of the Congress regarding Swarajya Fund, it would be advisable if the Congress Committees at the various centres intimate through the medium of the Nationalist newspapers in the country, where and to whom to make the payment of subscriptions. You are not perhaps aware there are some people who are really ignorant of this information, owing to the fact that the local Committees of the Congress do not transact business of the above nature every day. Hoping to be excused for this unnecessary intrusion on your valuable columns.—Yours, etc.,

ANXIOUS.

Poona, Jan. 7.

## POSTAL MUDDLE.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I shall be much obliged if you will kindly give some room in the public interest to the following few lines in your wide'y circulated paper.

The ways of the postal authorities are strange indeed. The postal bureaucracy seems to have evidently taken a vow not to pay M. O.'s unless the fact is brought to their notice. Otherwise, this extraordinary procedure on their part is inexplicable. Within the last three months I have had in no less than four cases of M. O.'s to complain to the P. M. G. against non-payment of money-orders. In the last case I had sent by V. P. P. one parcel to a certain person at Bangalore on the 25th October, 1920. Later as I had to leave Bombay I wrote to the P. M. G. on the 8th November 1920, requesting him to arrange to pay the parcel to a friend of mine. Now to my utter surprise the money has not been paid to my friend until this day though it is more than two months since I sent the parcel. I should be really thankful if any of your readers would kindly enlighten me as to what I should answer do in the matter The postal bureaucracy has all the while been proclaiming that all was well and smooth. Will our worthy P. M G. pay some heed in this regard at least now and do some thing towards rectifying this perfect scandal.—Yours, etc.,

"ONE DISGUSTED."

## BUREAUCRATIC SMOOTHNESS.

To THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Yesterday at about 10.30 a.m., a postman came and threw some letters in my room and asked my mother to give them to their respective owners in our chawl.

In fact, very few of those letters were addressed to the tenants of our chawl, while many were addressed to places far away. Afterwards when I personally saw the postman, I found him unable to speak Marathi or Gujarathi. He spoke to me in Hindi. And owing to his ignorance of Marathi and Gujarathi languages, he must have thrown those letters in my room. Now is this the wanted "smoothness" of the postal authorities?—Yours, etc.,

T. C. KARULKAR.

Bombay, Dec. 30.

## WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Jan. 8.

No rain has fallen. The temperature is low in Baluchistan, but high in the central part of the country.

Forecast—Dry weather generally.


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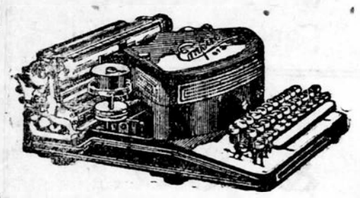


The small statue of LOK. TILAK that was placed before the president on the opening day of the last Congress was the work of Mr. V. V. Wagh. Statues of this size and life-size busts, in bronze and marble are sold at Rs. 2,500 each. Life size statues at Rs. 21,000. To institutions bearing LOK. TILAK'S name 25 per cent. reduction will be made.

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## SHIPPING.

**ARRIVAL.**

Jan. 9.
S S Clan MacMaster, Jones, Glasgow.
S S Alipore, Fitz Roy, London.
S S Chakla, Darvell, Karachi.
S S City of Oran, Henderson, New York.

**DEPARTURE.**

Jan. 8.
S S Calendonia, Ashbury, London.
S S Mashobra, Galgey, London.
S S Lahore Heathlam, Kobe, etc.
S S Warora, Adle, Busreh.

Jan. 9.
S S Benares, Mclean, Antwerp.
S S Buccinum, Lucas, Singapore.
S S West Conob, Thompson, Calcutta.
S S Colaba, Neilson, Calcutta.
S S Itola, Dacatomas, Calcutta.
S S Purnea, Cuthbert, Busreh.
S S Nairobi, Omond, Alleppy.
S S Kingsmere, Warfurton, Liverpool.

S S Clan Mac Master:—The Clan Line steamer Clan Mac Master, 4,137 tons, Captain R. C. Jones, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Glasgow, with a general cargo.

S S Alipore:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Alipore, 3,241 tons, Captain F. H. Fitz Roy, arrived in harbour on Saturday from London, with a general cargo.

S S Chakla:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Chakla, 1,727 tons, Captain H. F. Darvell, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo and 174 passengers.

S S City of Oran:—The W. & A. Graham Coy.'s steamer City of Oran, 5,049 tons, Captain R. C. Henderson, arrived in harbour on Saturday from New York, with a general cargo.

S S Caledonia:—The P. & O. S. N. Coy.'s English mail steamer Caledonia, 3,353 tons, Captain D. Ashbury, sailed on Saturday from Bombay harbour for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Mashobra:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Mashobra, 5,117 tons, Captain J. H. Galgey, sailed on Saturday from Bombay harbour for London, with a general cargo and 8 passengers.

S S Lahore:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Lahore, 3,142 tons, Captain P. C. Heathlam, sailed on Saturday from Bombay harbour for Kobe, etc., with a general cargo.

S S Warora:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Warora, 1,336 tons, Captain R. Adie, sailed on Saturday from Bombay harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo.

S S Benares:—The W. & A. Graham Coy.'s steamer Benares, 3,509 tons, Captain B. Maclean, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Antwerp, etc., with a general cargo.

S S Buccimum:—The W. & A. Graham Coy.'s steamer Buccinum, 3,081 tons, Captain Lucas, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Singapore, with a general cargo.

S S West Conob:—The W. & A. Graham Coy.'s steamer West Conob, 3,711 tons, Captain A. Thompson, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with same bottom cargo.

S S Colaba:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Colaba, 3,899 tons, Captain D. L. Neilson, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with a general cargo and 3 deck passengers.

S S Itola:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Itola, 3,401 tons, Captain J. V. Dacatomas, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S S Purnea:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s steamer Purnea, 2,126 tons, Captain J. Cuthbert, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Kingmere:—The W. & A. Graham Coy.'s steamer Kingsmere, 3,525 tons, Captain R. Warfurton, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Liverpool, with a general cargo and 1 passenger.

### VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Saturday, 8th Jan. 1921.

**PRINCE'S DOCK.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | Achilles | Dunkirk | 10/1 | K King & Co |
| B | Oreland | Philadelpsia | N F | T M & Co |
| C | & R Sikh | C Ports | 8/1 | T M & Co |
| E | Yamato Maru | Kobe | N F | N Y Kaisha |
| G | Nour-El-Bahar | N F | N F | P Padaneree & Co |
| K | Nairobi | Cochin | 8/1 | R E Colin & Co |
| L | Egypt | N F | N F | M M & Co |
| M | Loyalty | N F | N F | N Morarji & Co |
| N | Colaba | Calcutta | 9/1 | M M & Co |
| O | Bajune | N F | N F | P Foundry |
| P | West Canot | Colombo | N F | S W & Co |
| Q | Warialda | N F | N F | M M & Co |

**HARBOUR WALL.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Irrawadi | N F | N F | K N & Co |
| | Juba | Bhownagar | 8/1 | K N & Co |
| | Netrawati | Karachi | 9/1 | K N & Co |
| | Oporto | N F | N F | K N & Co. |
| | Ponani | N F | N F | K N & Co |
| | Sabermati | Mangalore | 7/1 | K N & Co |

**VICTORIA DOCK.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | Itola | Colombo | 9/1 | M M & Co |
| 4 | Purnea | Basra | 10/1 | M M & Co |
| 6 | Khoshron | Jeddah | 11/1 | T M & Co |
| 8 | Esperia | Hamburg | 11/1 | W & A G & Co |
| 9 | Yeddo | Calcutta | 6/1 | Graham & Co |
| 10 | Clan Stuart | M'Coast | 12/1 | J F & Co |
| 15 | Sultania | P Gulf | N F | H S Shushtary & Co |
| 16 | Helios | Colombo | 12/1 | F F C & Co |

**ALEXANDRA DOCK.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Nemaha | N York | 11/1 | Val. Bros. |
| 2 | Massmotera | London | 8/1 | M M & Co |
| 4 | Elysia | Liverpool | 17/1 | Graham & Co |
| 6 | Pasna | Java | 15/1 | T M & Co |
| 6/7 | [illegible] Maru | N F | N F | Oddissi & Co |
| 7 | West Sequana | N York | 11/1 | S W & Co |
| 8 | Trafford Hall | Calcutta | 11/1 | Graham & Co |
| 11 | Benares | Gothenburg | 10/1 | Graham & Co |
| 12 | Dunera | Shanghai | 13/1 | M M & Co |
| 13 | Calcionia | Marseilles | 8/1 | M M & Co |
| 14 | Kingmere | Liverpool | 9/1 | Graham & Co |
| 15 | Cooeyana | Basra | 14/1 | M M & Co |
| 17 | Oratava | N F | N F | T M & Co |

**HARBOUR WALL.**

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Abydos | N F | N F | I & P S N Co |
| | Firoozi | N F | N F | T M & Co |

**EXPORT.**

Jan. 8.

S S Devamba for London:—332 cwt. gum obliamum, M. Jafferbhoy; 1 bale hides, Lyon Lord & Co.; 250 bales hemp, Kiddle Reive & Co.; 67 bales hemp, S. Bingali & Co.; 42 bales hemp, M. Laichand; 298 cwt. deer horns, J. M. Rahimattoola & Co.; 11 bales woollen carpet, Fleming Shaw & Co.; 2 bales wollen blanket, H. Suleman Haji Ebrahim & Co.

S S Elysia for Marsellies:—84 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Rottenfels for Dunkirk:—220 bales cotton, E. Spinner & Co.; 260 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Esperia for Antwerp:—167 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

S S Namusha for New York:—74 cwt. hingra, H. M. Hossein Lari & Co.

S S Dunera for Hongkong:—31 cwt. jardaloo, Cowasji Sorabji & Co.; 50 bales cotton, Toyo Menka Kaisha; 550 bales cotton, Sassoon J. David; 298 bales cotton, David Sassoon & Co.; 189 bales cotton, Currimbhoy & Co.

S S Dunera for Shanghai:—438 bales cotton, David Sassoon & Co.

S S Yamato Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton, Terkoku M. K. Kaisha; 200 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Yamato Maru for Shanghai:—1,209 bales cotton, Toyo M. Kaisha.

S S Yamato Maru for Osaka:—350 bales cotton, Toyo M. Kaisha.

S S Yamato Maru for Yakohama:—300 bales cotton, Toyo M. Kaisha.

S S Yamato Maru for Nagaski:—300 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

## CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY THE 10TH OF JANUARY, 1921.

**BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.**

In the Division Court No. 40.

**SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSE.**

941-17—Payne and Co., The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Yusufally Ibrahimji and ors, Merwanji K & Co., Little & Co., Part heard.

**BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE PRATT.**

In the Division Court No. 46.

**SUMMARY SUIT FOR DISPOSAL (IN CHAMBERS,)**

3606-20—Madh K & Ch., Meghji Umersey & anr v. Haji Mahomed Mulla, As per J O 23-10-20.

**SUMMARY SUIT FOR DISPOSAL (IN CHAMBERS.)**

2581-20—Shraff & Vachha, Dadabhoy Jejibhoy Contractor v. Pascoal Doming Rodrigues.

**SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL SHORT CAUSES (RENT SUITS**

2500-20—Mulla & M, Velji Liladhar & Co. a firm v. Maya Ukerda & Co. a firm & anr, Ard H D & Co., Part heard, 10-12-20.

2591-20—Ardeshir H D & Co., Abdul Kadar Haji Dawood Bawla v. Bhala Udu, Payne and Co.

2678-20—Craigie B & C, Darabsha Bomanji Dubash v. Dayal Ghella.

2686-20—Bhaishanker K & G, Dinbai widow v. Mirzamal Gajnnand a firm, Edgelow G W & Co.

2648-20—Payne and Co., Dwarkadas Jekisondas v. Velji Jetha.

2461-20—Crawford B & Co., The Municipal Corpor of the City of Bombay v. Edulji Chimanlal & Co. a firm.

2462-20—Crawford B & Co., The Municipal Corpor of the City of Bombay v. Kamrudin Rusulji.

2463-20—Crawford B & Co., The Municipal Corpor of the City of Bombay v. A Ahmedali and ors, Dubash and Co.

2464-20—Crawford B & Co., The Municipal Corpor of the City of Bombay v. Ibrahim Haroon & ors. Jamsetjee R & D.

2535-20—Crawford B & Co., Millars Timber & Troding Co. v. Nasdramdas Dwarkadas a firm.

2677-20—Mirza M and M, Gangabai widow v. Mansukhbhai Bapubhai & ors, G B Pandya.

2693-20—Hiralal Th & Co., Abedealli Chandubhai Hattarwalla v. Hakimbhai Musaji Bakaswalla, Jamsetji R & D.

2713-20—Payne and Co., Anantrao Luxmanji Hatalker & ors v. Ganpat Vasudev Bhiwandeker, Bhaishanker K & G.

2737-20—Madhowji K & Ch, Bhukhandas Govindji v. Framrose J Saher & ors, Unwalla P & P, Ardeshir H D & & Co., Mans H M & Co.

2773-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Vyas Dhansharam Ramji.

2774-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Trivedi Amrutlal Harishankar.

2775-20—Tanu H & Co., Cursondas Natha Soni Chagan Madhavji.

2776-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v Bhansali Khatao Devchand.

2777-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Joshi Morarji Tulsidas.

2778-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Soni Morarji Tulsidas.

2779-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Sha Ramji Bhagwan.

2780-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Sha Fulchand Premji, Mulla an M.

2781-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Nath v. Thakur Varamsi Ramji.

2782-20—Nanu H and Co., Cursondas Natha v. Patel Sankardas Damodardas, Dastur and Co.

2783-20—Unwalla P & P, Hassam Premji v. The Venus Electric Coy., Dharamsi & Co.

2784-20—Unwalla P & P, Hassam Premji v. K D Brothers.

2785-20—Unwalla P & P, Hassam Premji v. The Orient Watch Co.

2786-20—Unwalla P & P, Hassam Premji v. Benson Cycle Co., Smetham B & L.

3275-20—Captain and V, Monji Walji v. Mowji Premji and anr, Madhowji K & Ch.

**BEFORE THE HON. MR JUSTICE KAJIJI**

In the Division Court No. 43.

**SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL LONG CAUSE.**

3343-20—Little and Co. Kaikhusroo Dorabji Moosa and anr v Haji Habib Haji Kerim and anr Tyabji D and Co., Khandwalla and Co.

**SHORT CAUSE.**

454-20—N C Dalal, Chandulal Dharamsey & firm v Narandas Anandilal a firm Part Heard 14-12-20.

**FOR HEARING ON EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.**

356-17—Motichand & D, Dada Haji Essak v. Manchershaw Nusserwanji Chandabhai, Nanu H & Co.

**TESTAMENTARY SUITS.**

22 of 1919 Re Laxman Kashiram Tewari—Amarchand and M, Balwant Kashiram Tewari v Sonibai Widow of Laxman Kashiram Tewari, Patell and Ex.

5 of 1920 Re Thakar Dhanji Walji—Matu J and M, Bhagbai Widow of Walji Naranji v Thacker Bhanji and Kanji, Dharamsi and Co.

8 of 1920 Re Wasanji Madhavji—Tyabji D and Co. Pragji Dayal Hariani v Bai Monghibai widow Motichand and D, For postponement.

11 of 1920 Re Bachubai alias Lalbai widow of Thakar R Morarji—Soonderdas and Co, Singhji Soonderji v. Batubai widow of Morarji Devji, Mirza M and M.

12 of 1920 Thaker Ramji Morarji—Soonderdas and Co, Singhji Soonderji v Matubai widow of Morarji Devji, Mirza M and M.

14 of 1920 Re Dorabji Kharsetji Shroff—Ardeshir H D and Co., Nusserwanji Pestonji Shroff and ors v. Dadabhoy Pestonji Shroff and anr, Merwanji K and Co.

**SHORT CAUSE.**

2905-20—Raghavaya N and Co. Ali Mahomed Haji Suleman and anr v Mahomed Fasal Allarakhia Shroff and Vachha.

2812-20—Amarchand and M, Goculdas Ratanji v Shivji Soonderji, Payne and Co.

3251-20—Payne and Co. Vardman Jetsey and Co. a firm v Thakersey Shivsamal a firm, Patell and Ex.

2701-20—Mirza M and M, Raymond Imarat a firm v. Captain A Maitland, Kharas and Co.

3143-20—Payne and Co., Kalidas Dharamsi & Co. a firm v. Kuberdas Girdhardas, Shroff and V.

3313-20—Mulla & M, Messrs. Kanga & Hillal a firm v. Sitaram Sampatrao Gackwar, Daph F & D.

3139-20—Mulji & Th, Bhimaji Bhabhutmal a a firm v. Bodda Rama Rao.

3235-20—Rustomji & Gir, Tahirbhoy Esabhoy Burmawala v. Haji Ismail Haji Nur Mahomed Chandiwalla. Amar. Mey.

2858-20—Motichand Narandas Dharamsey v. Manishanker Kashiram a firm, Mulla & Mulla.

**LONG CAUSE.**

2968-20—Ard H D & Co., Haji Hafid Haji Jafar v. Mahomed Mahomed Jasub Sidick, Merwanji K & Co.

1924-20—Master and Co, Bai Pulab v Jivanlal Hurilal, Ardeshir H D and Co.

1406-19—Tyabji D and Co, Amichand Khimchand and anr v Rahimtulla Ahbhai, M B Chothia.

1608-19—Raghavaya N and Co, Chhaganlal Girdharlal v Mahomedally Abdulji Chagan and anr, Khandwala L & M.

1186-19—G B Pandya, Dhoormal Shivnarayan v Himatlal Vastachad Desai, Edgelow G W and Co.

1116-20—Daphtary F and D, Sakarchand Talakchand & Sons v. Ayub Noor Mahomed Durbar a firm, Ardeshir H D & Co.

737-20—Ayin and D, Jashbai Narsidas Patell & anr v. Sakrabhai Motilal Shah, Motichand and D.

1404-20—Ardeshir H D & Co., Messrs Ralli Bros. Ld. v. Messrs S E Patell & Co. a firm, M B Chothia.

377-17—Edgloew G W & Co., Anant & Co. a firm v. Messrs Symington Cox and Co. a firm, Smetham B & L, Post Postponement.


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| | Spare Cups for above | .. .. | ..No. 1730 | Rs. | 6 | 0 " |
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| | Spare Cups for above | .. .. | ..No. 1930 | Rs. | 6 | 0 " |
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| | Spare Cups for above | .. .. | ..No. 3320 | Rs. | 7 | 8 " |
| 7. | Timkin Roller Bearings | .. .. | ..No. 2382 | Rs. | 15 | 0 " |
| | Spare Cups for above | .. .. | ..No. 2330 | Rs. | 6 | 8 " |
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## "THE DAWN OVER ASIA."

"The Dawn Over Asia" by Paul Richard, published by Messrs. Ganesh and Co., Madras. Price Re. 1-8 is the title of a collection of seven addresses which were delivered in French and interpreted in Japanese to a Japanese audience. This English translation is by Aurobindo Ghose.

The first lecture on "The Unity of Asia" was given at a meeting of the League for Racial Equality, on March 22nd. 1919, at Tokio. In its course the author proclaims and welcomes the dawn of a new and nobler humanity which is rising over Asia. He warns the people of Asia that they cannot look to Europe for help but must rather be ready to help her.

In the next address "The Future in Asia" his message is that they must hope everything from themselves and from the future, and nothing from the white races who call themselves Christians and adore a Son of Asia. Yet that Son of Asia would be excluded from America as not possessing the necessary number of dollars and in South Africa would not be allowed to sit beside a Christian European in a tram!

In the third lecture he gives a message from Marshal Petain to the Japanese, i.e., "Japan must renounce materialism of which Germany has definitely proved the weakness, and develop her own historic idealism."

In the fourth lecture on "Democracy" he tells his hearers that Europe is in process of changing the forms of political and social life which Japan is busy imitating, so that she will soon be left behind. Therefore she must work out for herself a new theory of life. Lecturing on "The Coming Man" and "The Sons of Heaven" he seeks to portray the divine man and in the last lecture he proclaims that he has found him in the person of Aurobindo Ghose.

These addresses are distinguished by lucidity of thought and beauty of expression, thus setting forth their high ideal to the best advantage.

## GREEKS OF OLD.

New Age History Readers Book I—The Greeks of Old Romas. Nelson and Sons.

The New Age Reader Book I will be a delight to any child. It has a dozen full page coloured plates of well-known paintings of Greek subjects, such as Lord Leighton's *Captive Andromache*, and *Nausicaa playing at ball*, Rackhams Perseus and Andromeda, Alma Tadema's *Greek soldiers dancing*, and also a quantity of sketches scattered up and down the printed pages by a nameless illustrator whose inspiration is drawn from Greek vases and whose delicate pencil adds greatly to the attractiveness of the book. It is almost a libel to describe such a book by the old unloved name of "reader." No child will suspect that this gift has been put in its hands with ulterior motives, yet the words in which the stories are told have been carefully chosen to avoid the worst anomalies of English spelling, and to foster a belief (also illusive) that letters and sounds have in English some inherent connection. The text is large, clear and altogether the little book seems calculated to foster the modern child's idea that lessons are the joy of life. There are stories, mostly about Persons and Odysseus, and accounts of the Greek boy at school, at play, and on the battle field. No child could fail to get from the reader quite a number of ideas about Greek life and literature.

## A PEEP INTO EARLY HISTORY OF INDIA.

This was a discourse delivered twenty years ago by Sir R. G. Bhandarkar. It has become a classic. It will however require modifications as we learn more of our past. Messrs. Taraporevala have published a reprint of the discourse, thus making it easier of access, with a brief preface by Professor Rawlinson of Dharwar. Sir R. G. Bhandarkar is not a prolific writer. His published works are comparable to his ancestral religious Sutras. The latter were composed with a view to maximum condensation. When a gifted composer of ancient hymns succeeded in reducing his compact sentence by a syllable he was delighted as if "at the birth of a son." Professor Rawlinson marks out Chandragupta's reign as "of great importance not only on account of the marked influence that Persian culture exerted upon India at that time." He recognises the fact that "Chandragupta's vast and complicated bureaucracy was organized upon most efficient lines," but that "those who look upon India's past as a Golden Age would do well to consider the oppressive tyranny and the cruel severity of the whole system."

The interesting question of Persian influence has been freshly examined by Mr. Modivala in his "Parsis in Ancient India." The Shaka period is here of particular importance, with the Kharoshthi script written from right to left as among the Semites. The kings called themselves "King of Kings," Shahansha. For the Khsatrapas were of the Shaka race. They lent to the Greeks who passed it on to the rest of Europe the term that has come back to us,—satrap. Their law of succession was anomalous. The rightful heir was the brother not the son of a reigning monarch. One prince styles himself *Mahakshatrapa*, the sovereign's brother to indicate that was the heir apparent. The Hindus may not have developed a sense of history but they have transmitted an amplitude of records. These are not in set treatises; nor to the princely houses. Often they are connected with humble individuals and always with religion. The religious donors, especially Buddhists, were the middle and lower strata of society,—setthis or seths, traders or vanikas, royal scribes, professional writers and common labourers (Kamikas). The Karli temple was excavated by a Seth and the lion pillar in its court is the handiwork of a Maratha who records his name as Agnimitra. Many princes patronised at once Brahmans and Buddhists,—a grand testimony to religious tolerance. Another peculiarity of the pre-Gupta epoch was the prevalence of the vernacular Pali as against Sanskrit. A feature of the religious endowments of the times were foundations the interest alone of which was employed in charity. Hari Swamini, wife of Sanasiddha granted in 449 A.D. at Sanchi twelve "dinars" as a fixed capital out of the interest on which a beggar of the Sangha was to be maintained and three Dinars with the proceeds of which three lamps were to be kept burning before the symbol of the Buddha.

Dr. Bhandarkar says with reference to the rise of developed Buddhism:

"The charm of the names Buddha, Dharma and Samgha, the three jewels, was lost, and Mahayanism was unable to regain what had been lost by primitive Buddhism. Compared with revived Brahmanism it was feeble." This verdict may need modification at least in so far as it applies to extra-Indian Buddhism. The element of fervid *bhakti* or devotion which supported the Mahayana carried it and its Sanskrit literature over half Asia with an impetuous fervor which had nothing corresponding to it in the primitive articles of the icy creed of primitive Buddhism.

The Brahman came by his own again with the Guptas. The ancient Hindu Law was revised and re-cast: "Killing of cows even for sacrifical purposes and levirate, the feeling against which had grown strong, were prohibited." The Brahman again emerged triumphantly. "The highest duty of a crowned king was to worship a learned Brahman." It was now only that the diverse tribes on the frontier, Shakas, Yavanas, Kambojas came to be regarded as Sudras. They were publicly degraded from the status of the warrior to that of the menial because they defied the god-like Brahman. Even Astronomy was re-written "to put it in a form suited to the condition of the new times." One branch of the Mimamsa preached thorough-going atheism.

The booklet is the quintessence of half a century of unintermittent research. Each page can be expanded into a chapter of a large popular story of the Aryan nation. There are also here the germs of the resemblances and the antitheses betwen the foreigners who dominated parts of India and whom India eventually absorbed and those who keeping themselves aloof contributed to a cohesive nationalisation.

G. K. N.

## ALL INDIA SARASWAT.

The growth of nationalism in India proceeds side by side with communal solidarity. Many minor communities included in the comprehensive term Hindu are having their own social organizations. They have generally a literary organ or an annual exponent of their activities. One such social unit in our presidency is the Saraswat group with its "All-India Saraswat", a quarterly magazine. The latter records in the current number many aspects of communal energy. It is illustrated and tri-lingual,—English, Hindi and Marathi. The community would appear to be fairly widespread and one is tempted to hope that a future issue of it will contain an account of its origin. The article headed "Democratic Hindnism" excites curiosity without satisfying it. Shrimati H. Manorama Bai writes with engaging brevity on "Indian Women and Education". Perhaps the most interesting contributio is represented by an interview with Diwan Pandit Niranjan Das, Finance Minister of Afghanistan. We are told: "The Amir Saheb has ordered that cow killing should be stopped. A killer of cows is punished with imprisonment. In the town of Kabul, there are 25 Dharmasalas belonging to the Hindus, where guests are provided with accommodation and food. There are many Mandirs and Shivalayas, where Hindus perform their religious practices and observances. There are some schools also, where Persian, Gurumukhi and Sanskrit are taught. About 200 Hindu boys are taught there. In the dress worn by Hindus there used to be some difference formerly but the new Amir ordered that a uniform dress should be worn in accordance with the injunctions issued. The Chandan mark on the head is however permitted. The Jajia tax is no longer levied."

It is possible to lay too much stress on the premature brilliance of Indian intellect. Too often Indian and especially Hindu genius is evolved in proportion to a correspondent dwarfing or unhealthiness of the body. Prof. Kane does well to awaken young Bombay to the "deep scholarship of the late Justice Telang and his brilliant literary achievement". He brings forward the fact that Telang was a full graduate in his teens and was enrolled an Advocate when our average student attends his B. A. lectures". At the same time he forgets the melancholy fact that had the highly talented Maratha been less devoted to intellectual pursuits of a superb order he would probably have achieved more substantial results. The magazine contains a useful chronicle of the outstanding events in the community. One would like to see a page consecrated to healthy out door games and that physical culture without which Indian genius is disastrously handicapped. The effects of our cruelly grinding University "Education" can be, again, judged by the premature death at 43 of the painstaking Professor Chhiber, M. A. of Poona Agriculture College.

## THE EVERLASTING JEW.

A Book of Jewish Thoughts, by the Chief Rabbi (Dr. J. H. Hertz) published by the Oxford University Press.

This is an interesting compilation—enlarged from a smaller edition published in 1917 mainly for the use of Jewish sailors and soldiers—with excerpts culled from the writings of various Jewish authors best fitted to voice the sentiments and moods of the race they belong to. It is sure to prove particularly useful to those to whom the Jewish psychology under the peculiar circumstances surrounding it, has afforded ample scope for instructive study of this important but very often neglected side of human nature in its collective aspect. For, in the history of the various races of mankind, the history of the Jewish race is unique in its vicissitudes, and far-reaching in the morals it can teach. Here is a people that has suffered for ages untold miseries and persecutions of a harrowing description for the sake of their religious convictions, systematically victimised by the religious bigotry and fanaticism of an overpowering people, and yet strange to say, with each lash of persecution the principles and convictions they lived, suffered and died for, gathered strength and emerged with renewed vigour and life. There we have the most vital force—the Soul Force—that sustains a people in its unequalled fight against unsparing oppression! It is this force that helps such a people to survive the worst of oppressions and ultimately to emerge stronger and more determined for it. Behind the miserable and oppressed condition of such people there lives radiant this eternal Force which cannot be killed by the worst of tyrants. The varying moods of such people are each an instructive stage in its evolution, and it is by means of its literature alone, which is its best index as well as the best guide, that we can fathom the intensity of their moods, feelings and struggles. The learned Rabbi therefore has rendered a distinct service in collating together some of the most valuable gems of Jewish thought and culture.

The work is divided into five chapters. The first is headed "I am an Hebrew." This sentence must speak volumes for one who has learnt to penetrate the soul of an ancient people with traditions. It conveys to some their pride in the glory of their past, to a few renegades it conveys shame and contempt for their present humiliation, to a great many it holds forth a bright promise for the future. Mr. Adler's words breathe of confidencee undaunted by persecutions in the past.

"My people", he said, "have survived the prehisteric paganism, the Babylonian polytheism, the aesthetic Hellenism, the sagacious Romanism, at once the blandishments and persecutions of the Church; and it will survive the modern dilettantism and the current materialism, holding aloft the traditional Jewish ideals inflexibly until the world shall become capable of recognising their worth."

The Rabbi's own definition of culture is significant. He defines it as:

"Not what man has—knowledge, skill or goods of life determines his culture, but what a man is; culture is not so much mastery of things as mastery of self. And only that nation can be called cultured which adds to or, at least, broadens and spiritual assets of mankind; which introduces some distinctive note into the soul-life of the world; which teaches humanity a new angle of vision towards the Infinite; and by its living and, if need be, by its dying, vindicates the eternal values of life—conscience, honour, liberty."

The second chapter is entitled "The People of the Book," after the name significantly given to Israel by the great Mahomed. It deals with some of the events in the history of Israel and the influence of Jewish culture on the evolution of religious thought. The Bible and its teachings expounded by immortal writers prove very healthy reading. The incident of the Jews under the Roman Emperor Caius, related by Josepus, who offered themselves to be slain rather than see their laws transgressed, and the complete extinction by massacre of entire Jewish communities in the Rhine region in the eleventh century immortalised by Kalonymos ben Yehudah in his poem called "The First Crusade" give an insight into the force of the dogged determination of a subject race resisting the unwelcome will of their unsympathetic rulers. The martyrdom of the Jews of York in 1190, who led by their Haham destroyed themselves in a castle in order to avoid ignominious death at the hands of their persecutors stands as a monument for the undaunted and unflinching tenacity and loyalty of this race to their religious convictions. The famous words of the Haham on the occasion will bear repetition here. They show the moral backbone, the stamina that sustained the hounded people. "This day," he said, "He (God) commands us to die for His law; for that Law which we have cherished from the first hour it was given, which we have preserved pure throughout our captivity in all nations; and for which, because of the many consolations it has given us and the eternal hope it communicates, can we do less than die? Death is before our eyes; and we have only to choose an honourable and easy one."

The description given in the book of a distressing incident resulting from the Pogrom of 1905 is typical of the said plight of this unfortunate race.

The excerpts on Zionism are of particular interest especially in view of recent developments. Maxmillian Harden's pronouncement on Mr. Balfour's memorable declaration must show the extent to which that great Anti-Imperialist was misled by Mr. Balfour's diplomatic kite.

The third chapter contains innumerable tributes to Jewish learning and Jewish culture from non-Jewish sources. The reader will find Leo Tostoy's tribute very interesting. The last portion which is worth quoting here runs thus:

"The Jew is the emblem of eternity. He whom neither slaughter nor torture of thousands of years could destroy, he whom neither fire nor sword nor inquisition was able to wipe off from the face of the earth, he who was the first to produce the oracles of God, he who has been for so long the guardian of prophecy, and who transmitted it to the rest of the world: such a nation cannot be destroyed. The Jew is everlasting as is eternity itself."

Lord Macaulay's eloquent plea for the emancipation of the Jews is a glowing tribute to the abilities of this oppressed people to claim with justification their legitimate share in the Government of England, which was soon after conceded.

The memorable and much discussed letter of Mr. A. J. Balfour to Lord Rothschild being the official declaration on the establishment in Palestine of a "National Home" for the Jews—finds place in this chapter. It is doubtful whether this letter can be said to be a tribute or in any way a recognition of the merits of the Jews, but it certainly has helped to show the extent to which a whole people may be—to use common expression—"bluffed."

The Fourth chapter, "The Voice of Prayer," refers to the significance of certain Jewish prayers and forms. The Sabbath Light symbolical of the hallowed sanctity of an Israelite Home, with the mistress of the house as the all-important factor, finds several references in this chapter. Mr. Morris Joseph's reference to Passover is significant:

"The Passover affirms" says Mr. Joseph "the great truth that liberty is the inalienable right of every human being. The Feast of Israel's freedom; its celebration is Israel's homage to the great principle of human freedom."

The story of the brave Maccabees who faced overwhelming odds to defend their ancient religion from desecration and extinction, and to commemorate whose honoured and grateful memory the Feast of Lights is still zealously observed, is one of historic importance, and is not the only one where a Jewish Festive occasion is based on an important event of history. Events of history as the basis for religious forms of worship is too absorbing a subject to be dealt with in this review, but it may not be out of place to remark here that this is one means of handing down intact to posterity the national ideal as a precious heritage.

The fifth and last chapter of this work is entitled "The Voice of Wisdom" and contains some valuable counsel an precious thoughts from Jewish sources on the conduct of life. Each one of them is sound and deep in the mora it imports. Each one of them i a pearl in the precious necklace that Jewish —culture and Jewish history have to offer to humanity at large. One particularly is significant and speaks eloquently fo the spirit that has sustained this people throughout the darkest ages, when at la t the persecutors have vanished but the persecuted still thrive. It is a saying from the Talmud quoted at page 285, which says:

"Be thou the cursed, not he who curses. Be of them that are persecuted, not of them that persecute. Look at Scripture: there is not a single bird more persecuted than the dove; yet God has chosen her to be offered up on His altar. The bull is hunted by the Lion, the sheep by the wolf, the goat by the tiger, and God said, 'Bring Me a sacrifice, not from them that persecute but from them that are persecuted'".

In this we have the noble principle of Satyagrah preached as a religious mandate centuries ago.

The book affords interesting reading throughout and with the various grounds it covers from the Jewish point of view, it is sure to prove indispensable to the general reader.

DAVID S. ERULKAR.





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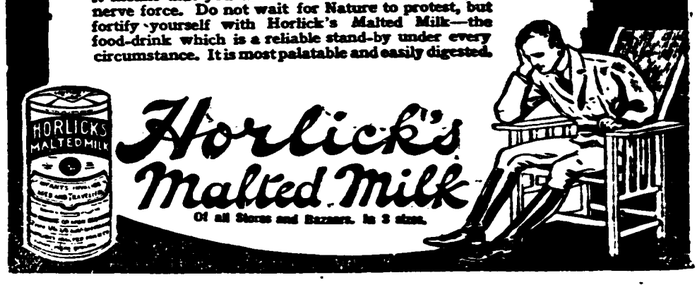
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